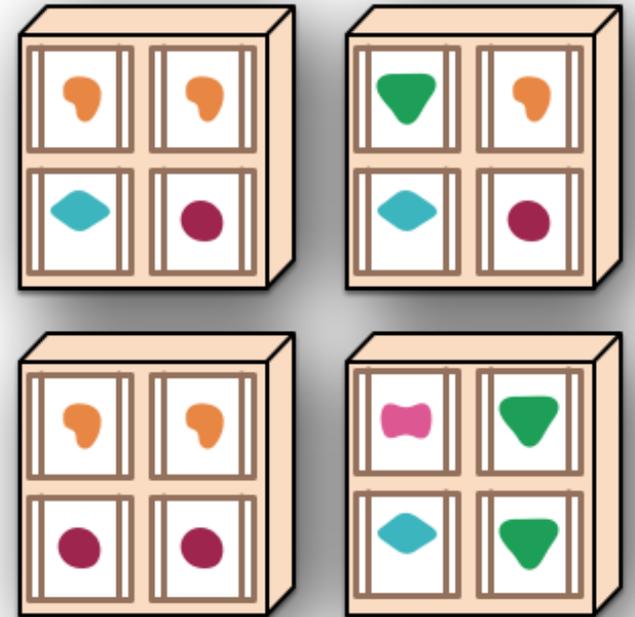


ThoughtWorks®

**NEAL FORD**

*Director / Software Architect / Meme Wrangler*



# Building Microservice Architectures

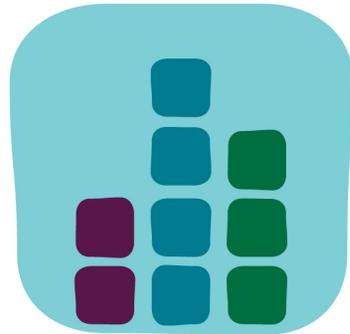


@neal4d

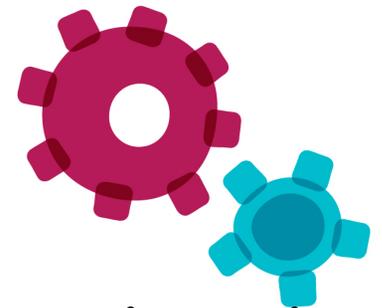


[nealford.com](http://nealford.com)

what problem



characteristics



engineering

# AGENDA

# Service-oriented Architecture

business services

BS

BS

BS

BS

BS

BS

abstract enterprise-level coarse-grained services  
owned and defined by business users

no implementation - only name, input, and output  
data represented as wsdl, bpel, xml, etc.

ExecuteTrade

PlaceOrder

ProcessClaim

# Service-oriented Architecture

concrete enterprise-level coarse-grained services  
owned by shared services teams

custom or vendor implementations that are one-to-one or one-to-many relationship with business services

enterprise services

ES

ES

ES

ES

ES

ES

CreateCustomer

CalcQuote

ValidateTrade

# Service-oriented Architecture

concrete application-level fine-grained services  
owned by application teams

bound to a specific application context

AddDriver

UpdateAddress

CalcSalesTax

application services

AS

# Service-oriented Architecture

concrete enterprise-level fine-grained services owned by infrastructure or shared services teams

implements non-business functionality to support both enterprise and business services

WriteAudit

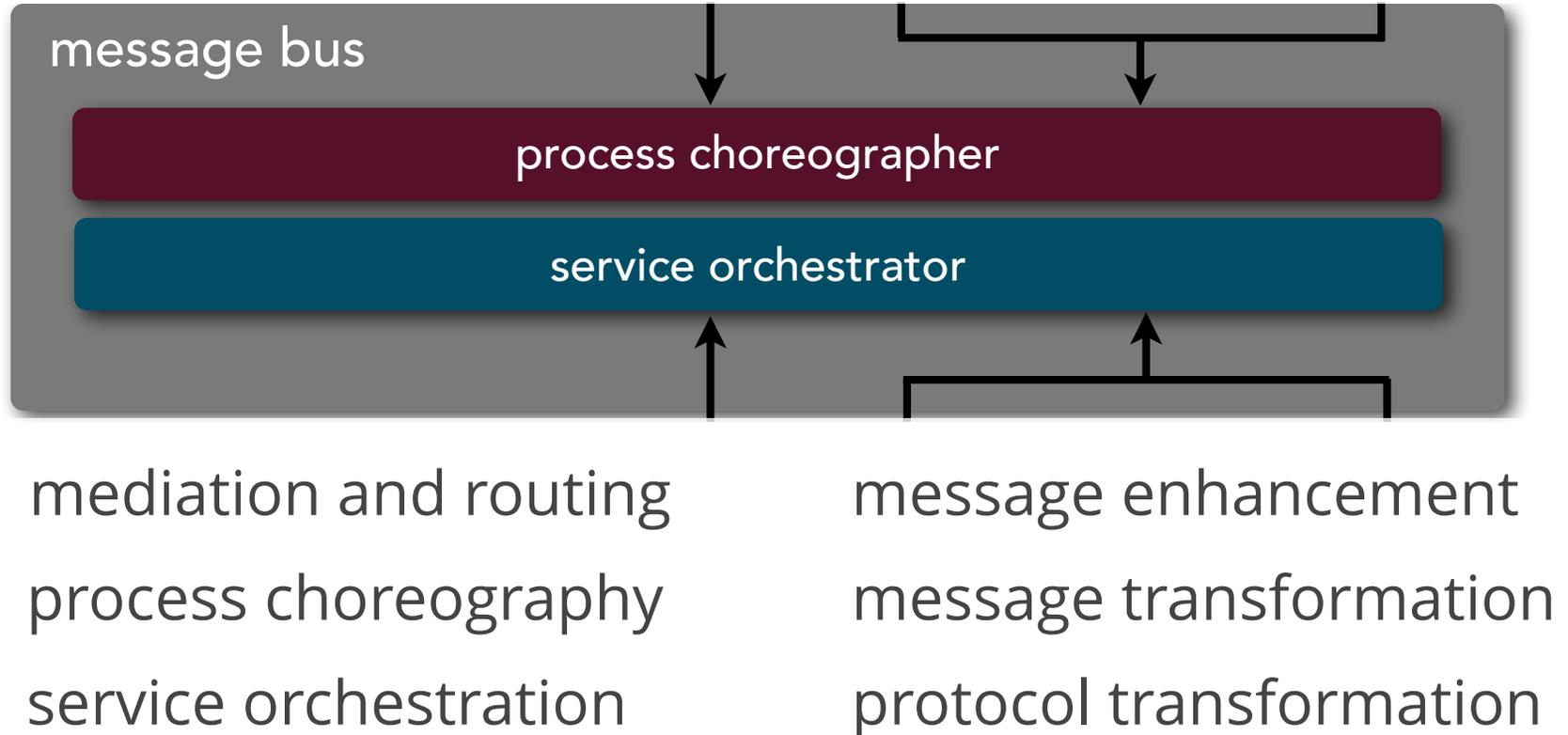
CheckUserAccess

LogError

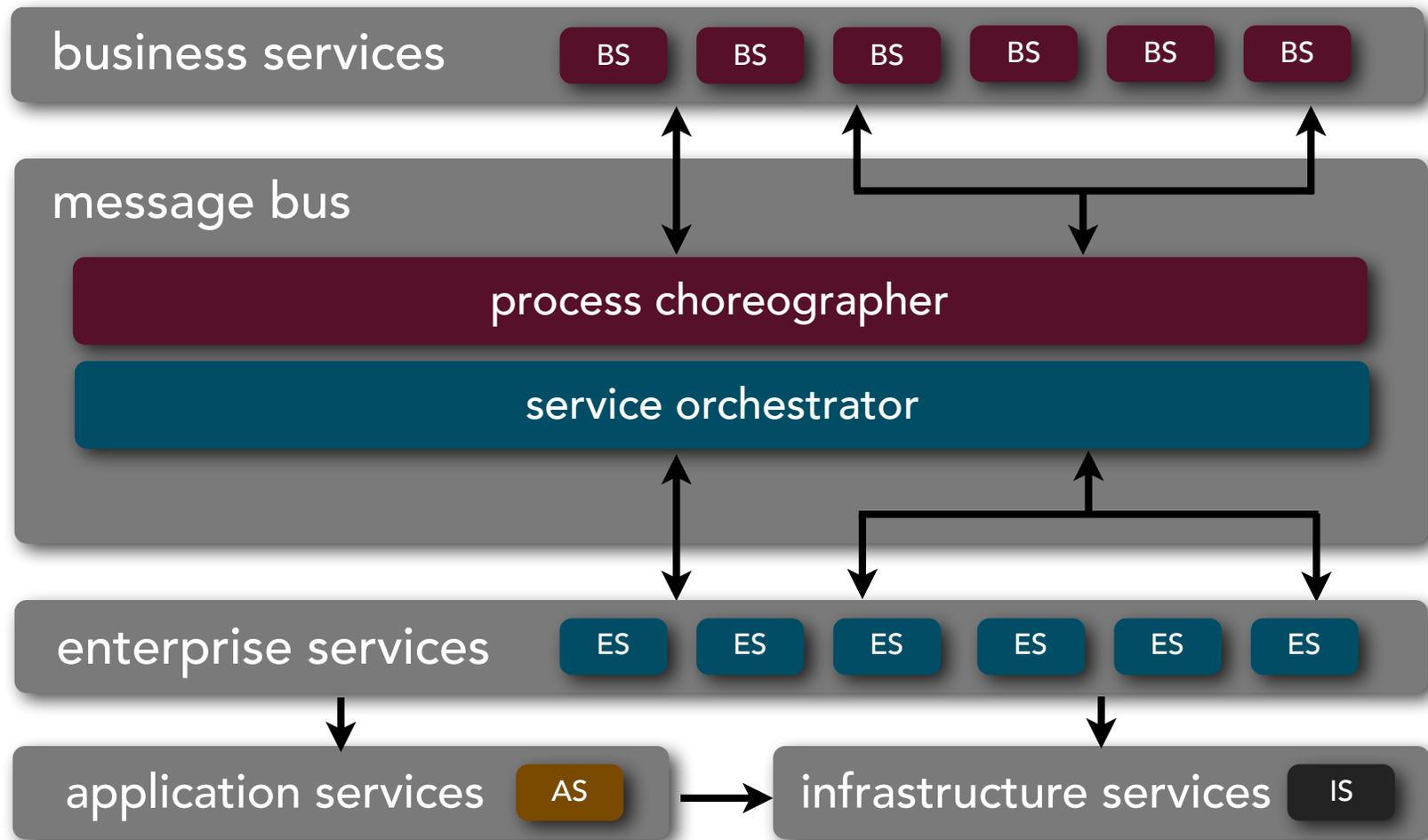
infrastructure services

IS

# Service-oriented Architecture



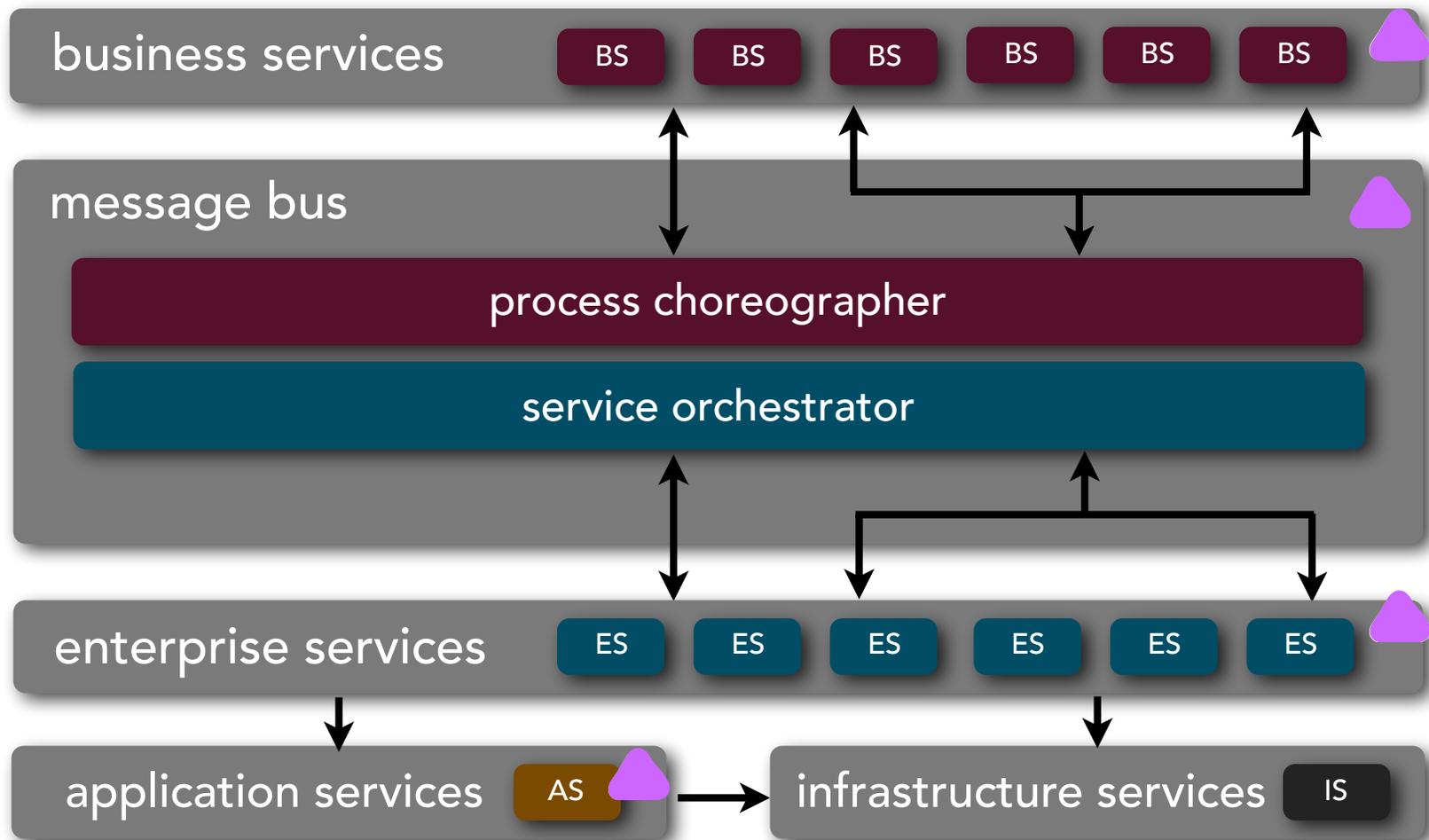
# Service-oriented Architecture



✦ maximize reuse

✦ maximize canonicity

# Service-oriented Architecture



- ✘ incremental change
- ✘ operationally complex



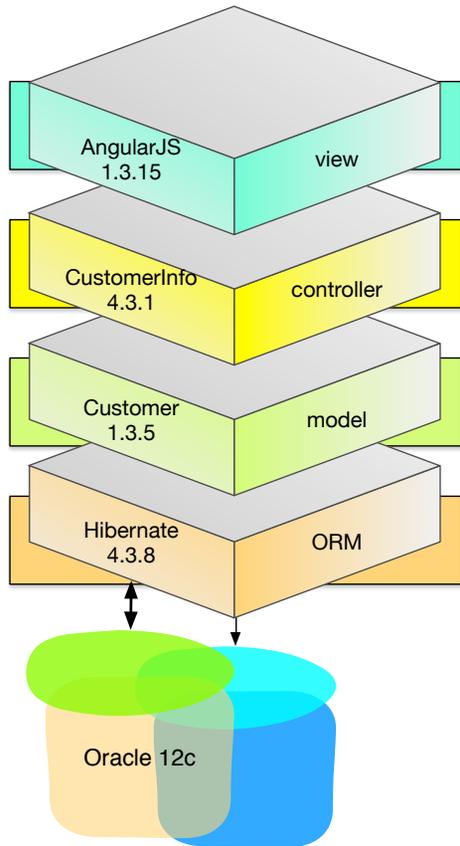
Yesterday's best  
practice is tomorrow's  
anti-pattern.

We inadvertently build  
architectures to solve  
outdated problems.

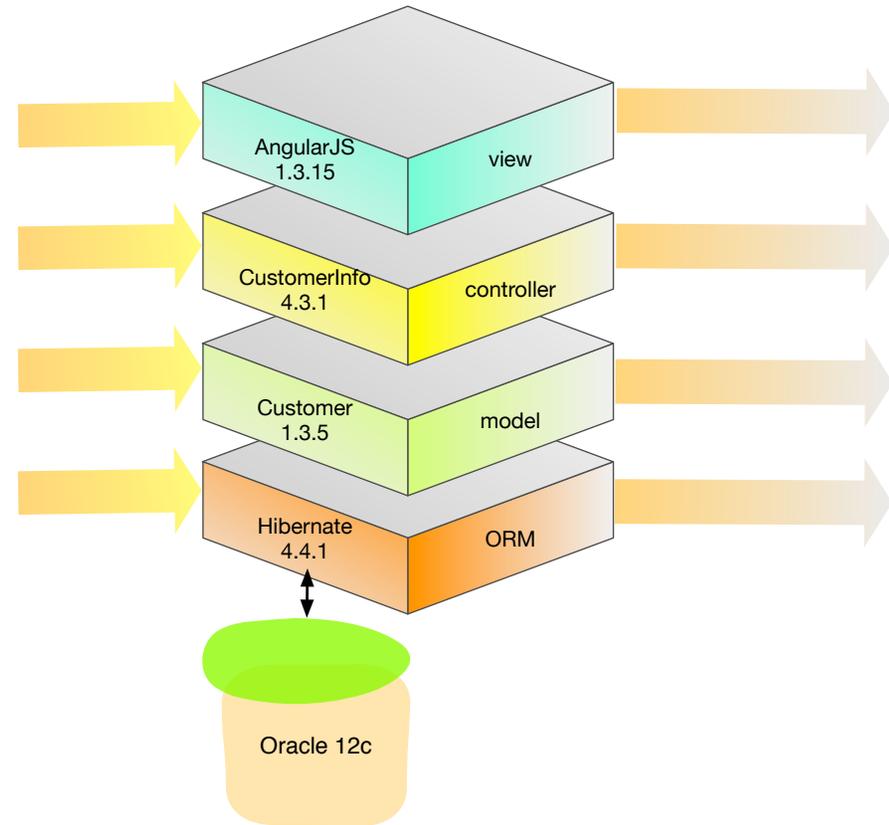
Architecture is abstract  
until operationalized.

[nealford.com/memeagora/2015/03/30/architecture\\_is\\_abstract\\_until\\_operationalized.html](http://nealford.com/memeagora/2015/03/30/architecture_is_abstract_until_operationalized.html)

# Architecture is abstract until operationalized.



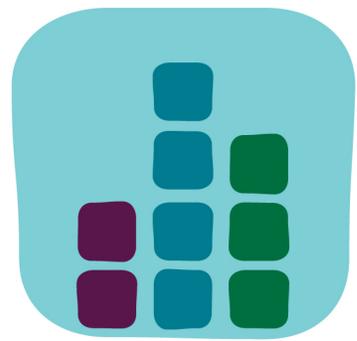
2D



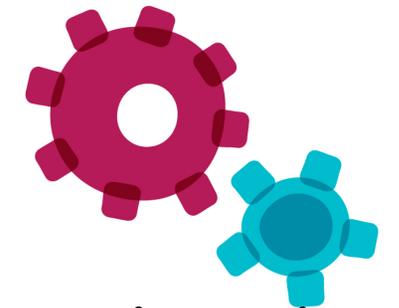
3D

4D

what problem



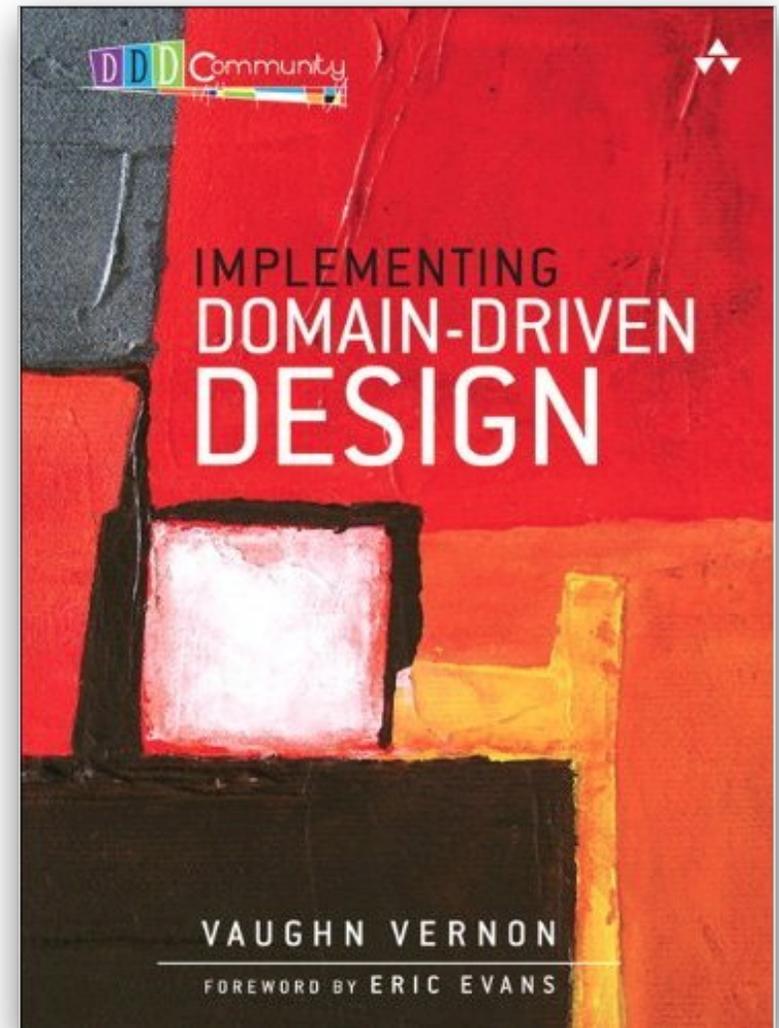
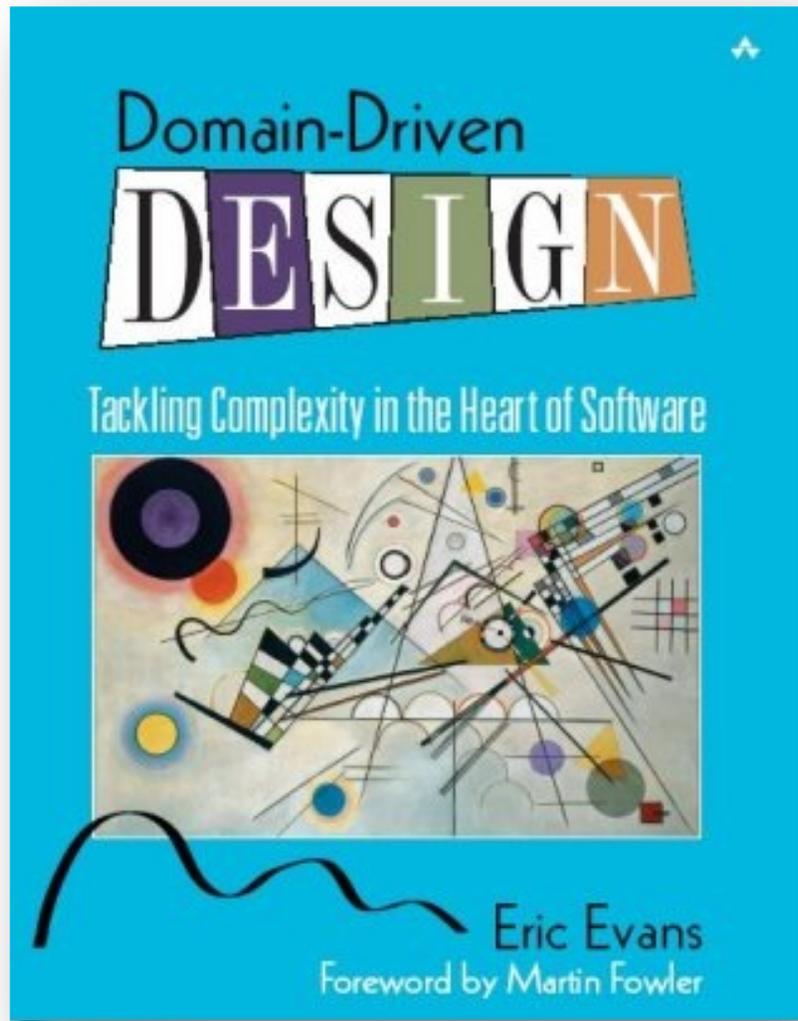
characteristics

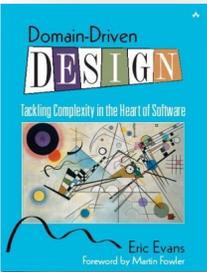


engineering

# AGENDA

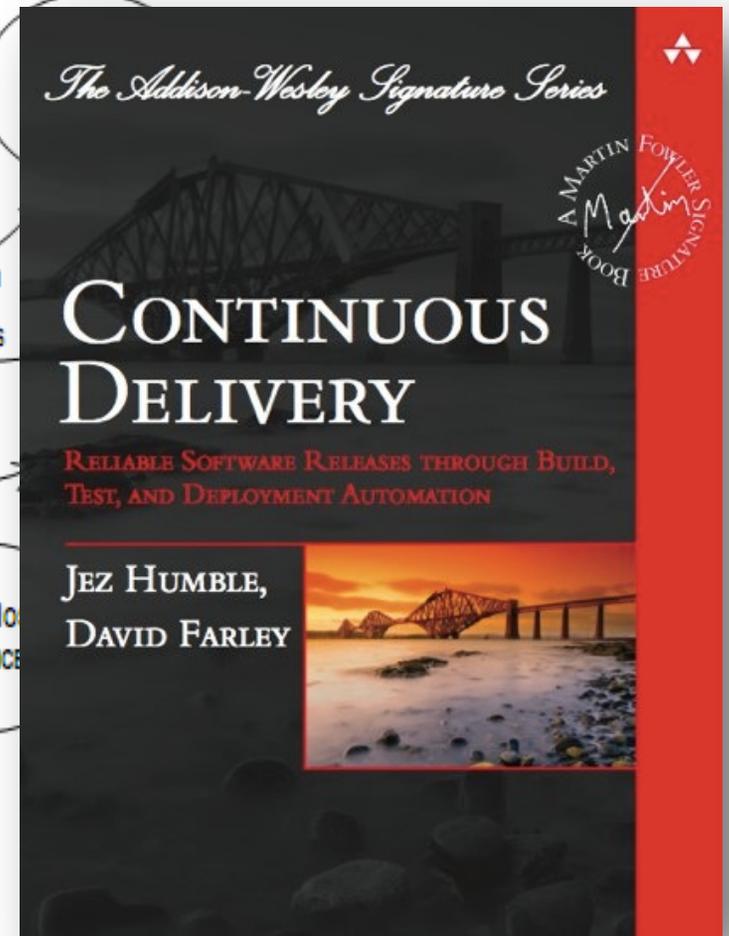
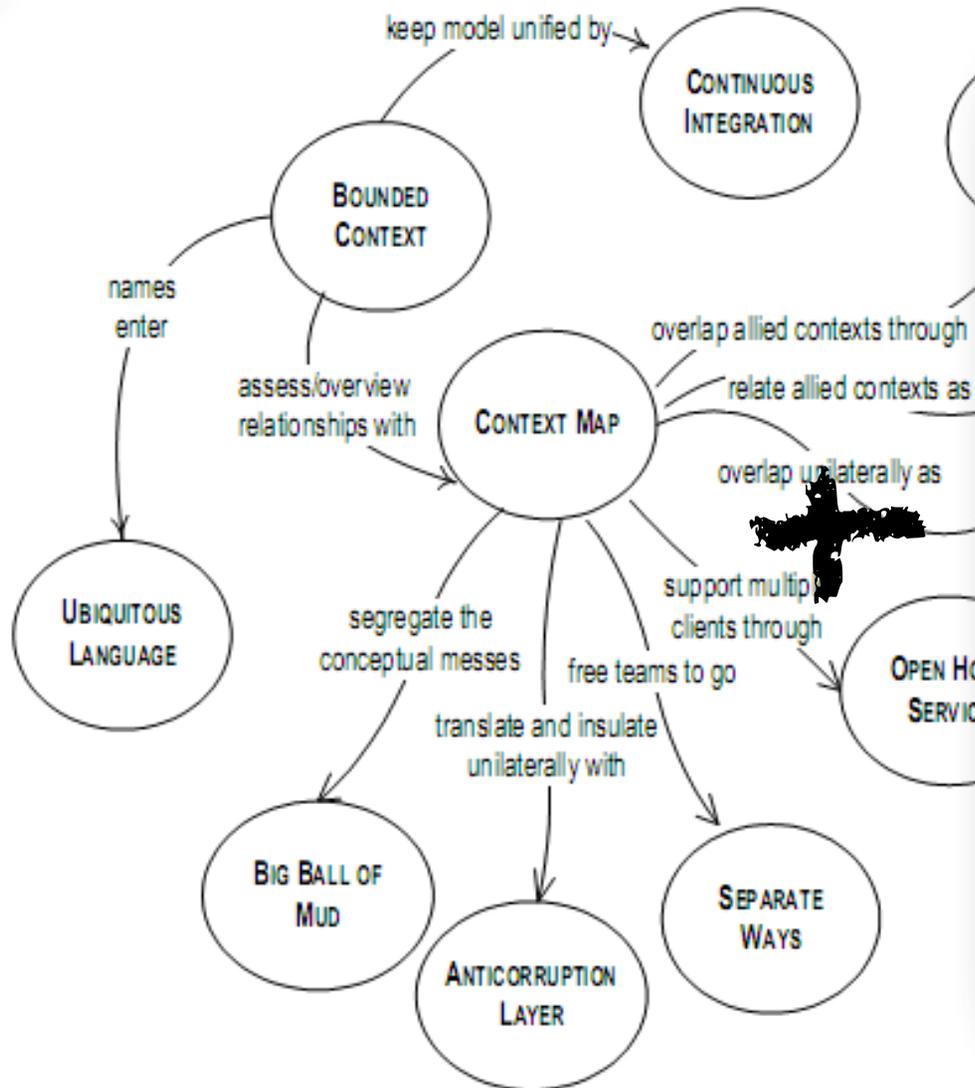
# Domain Driven Design





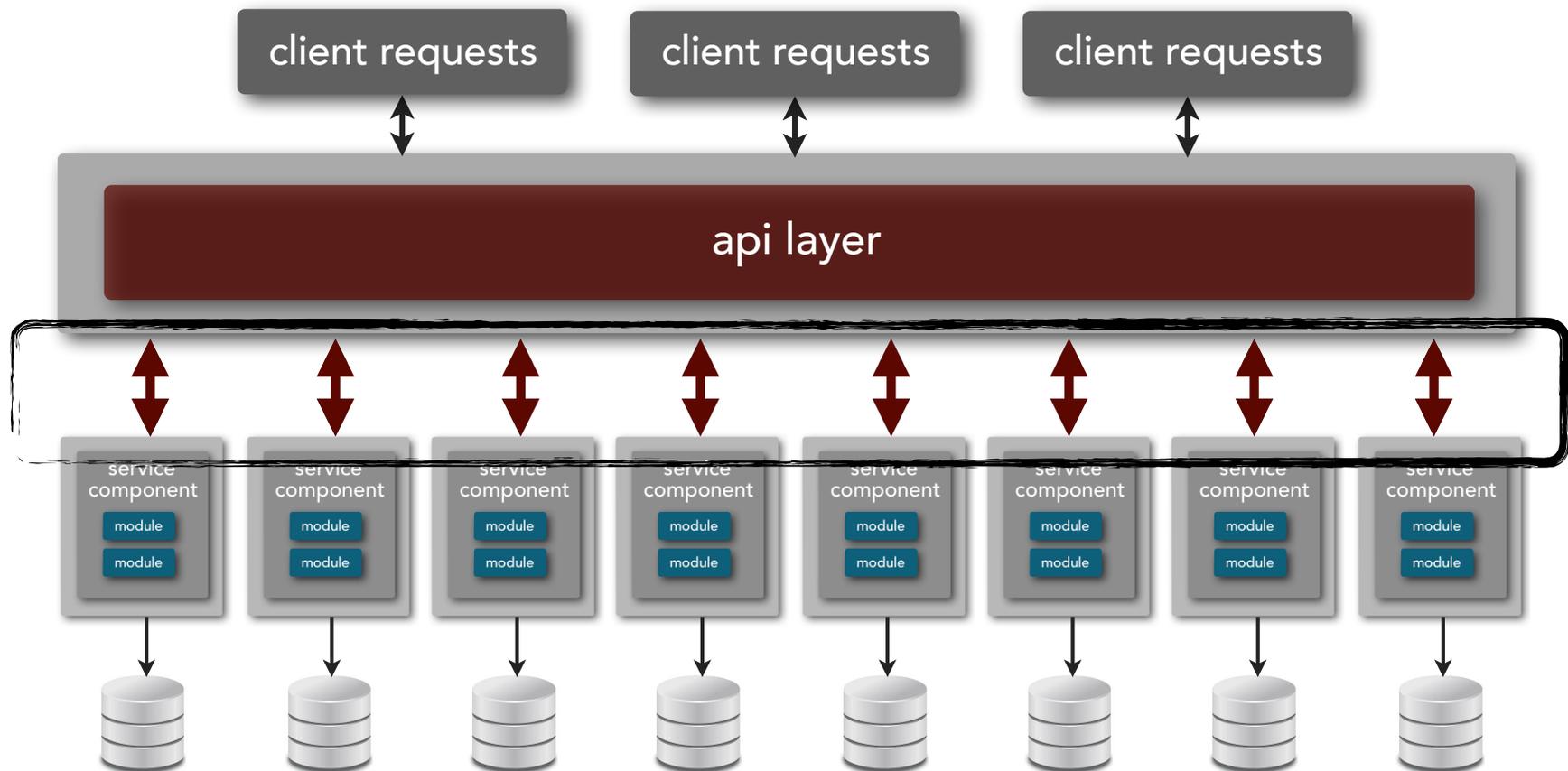
# Bounded Context

## Maintaining Model Integrity



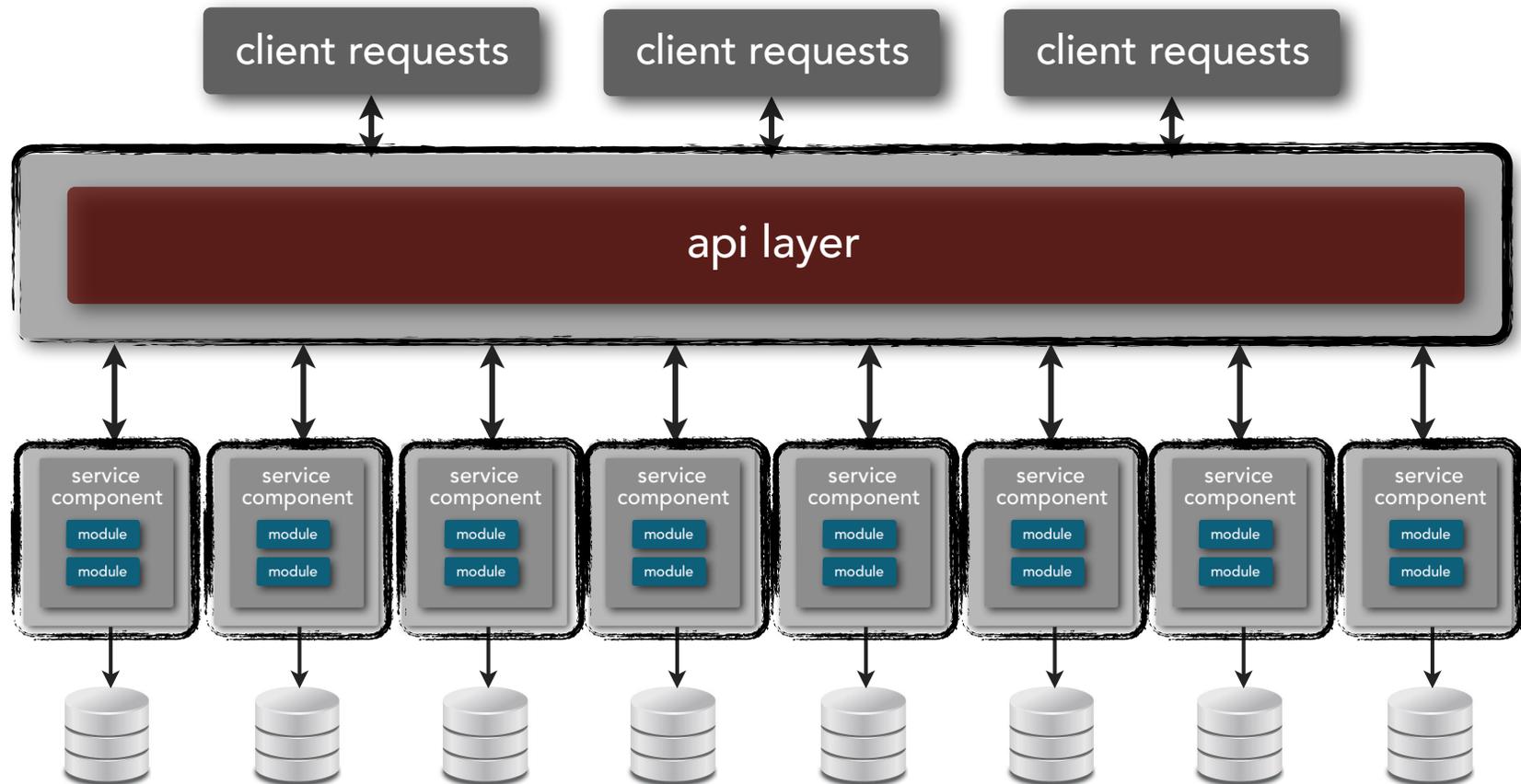
# Microservices Architecture

distributed architecture



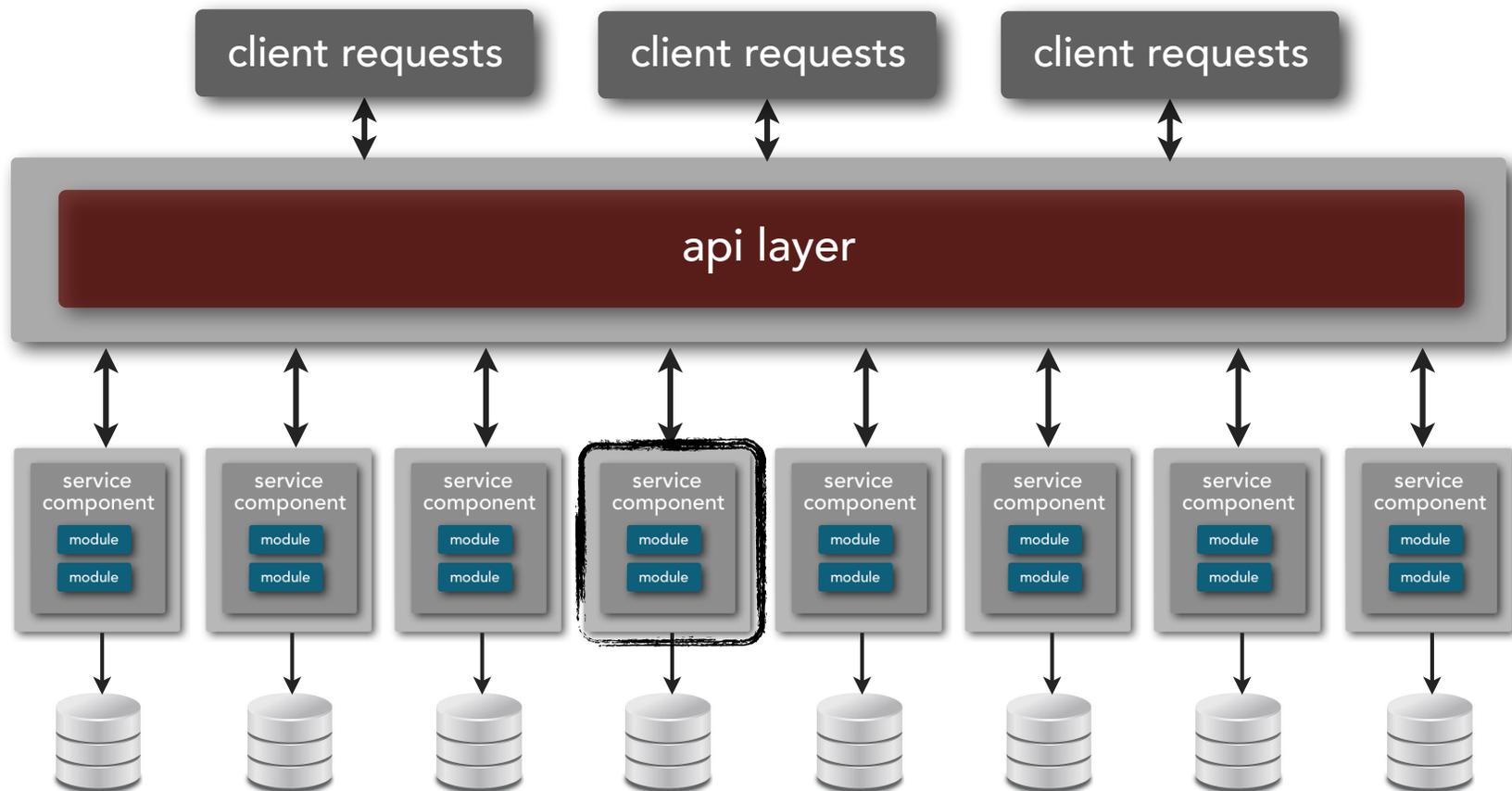
# Microservices Architecture

separately deployed components



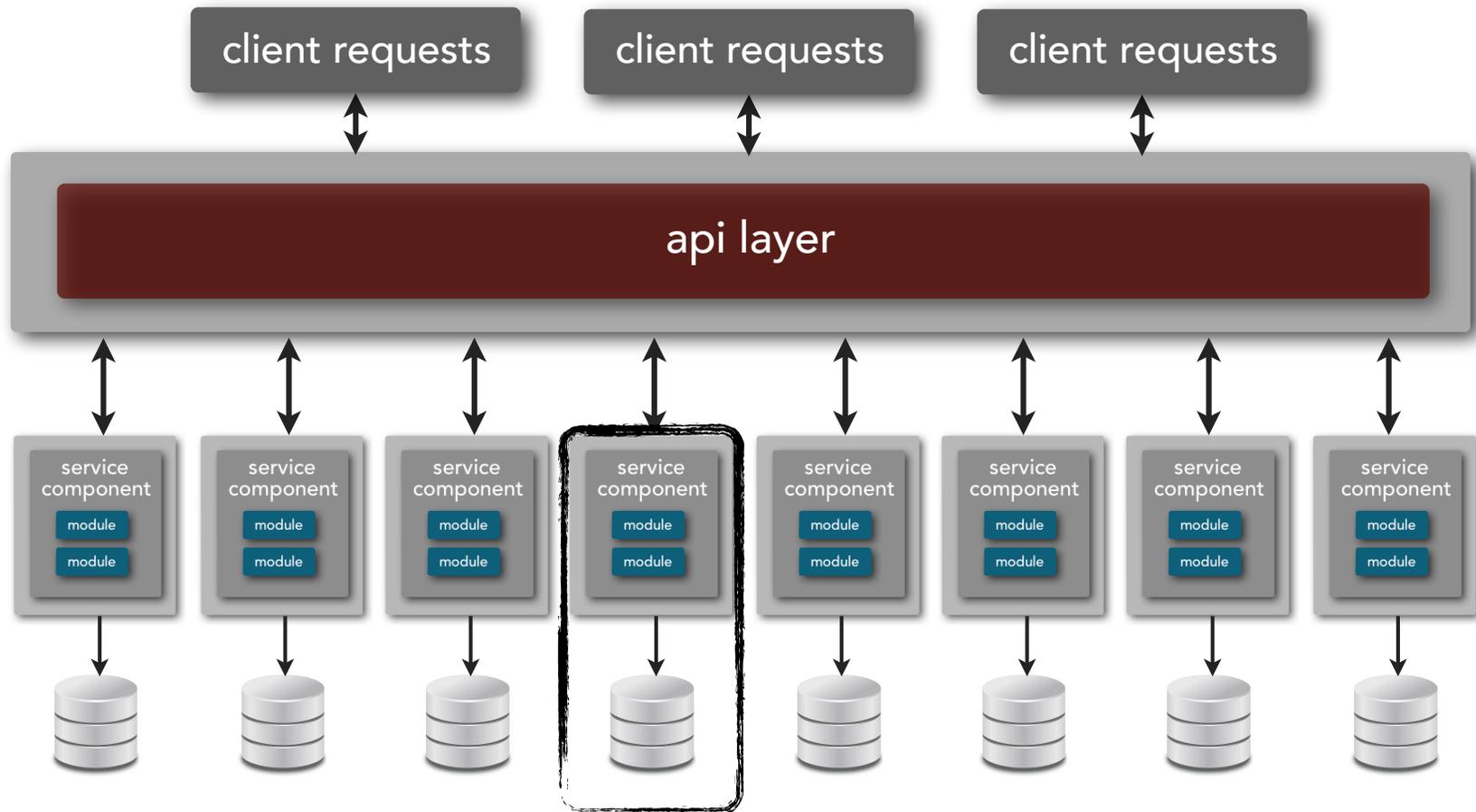
# Microservices Architecture

service component



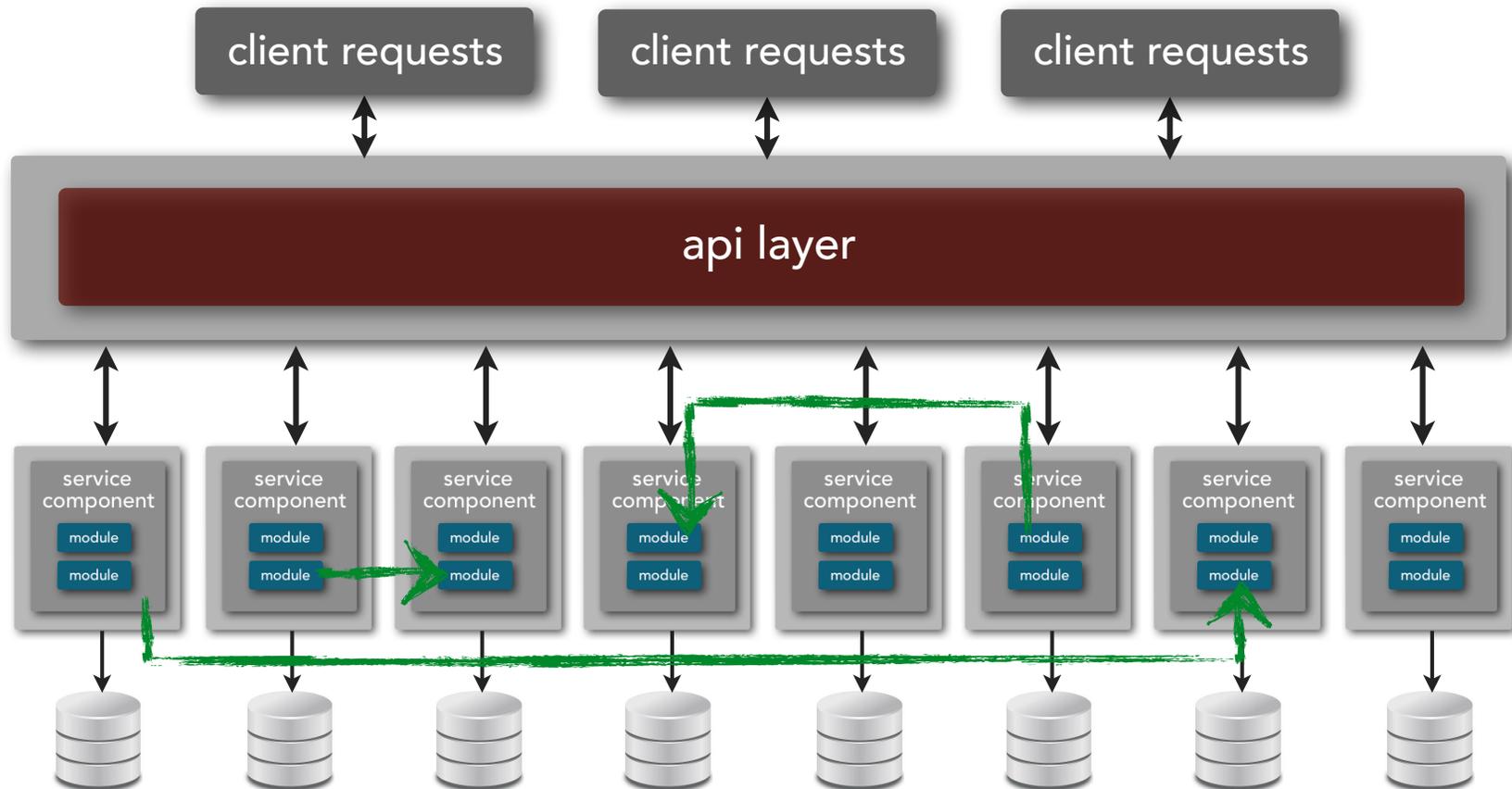
# Microservices Architecture

bounded context

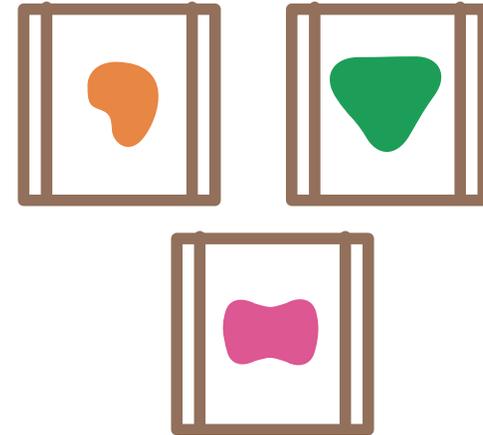


# Microservices Architecture

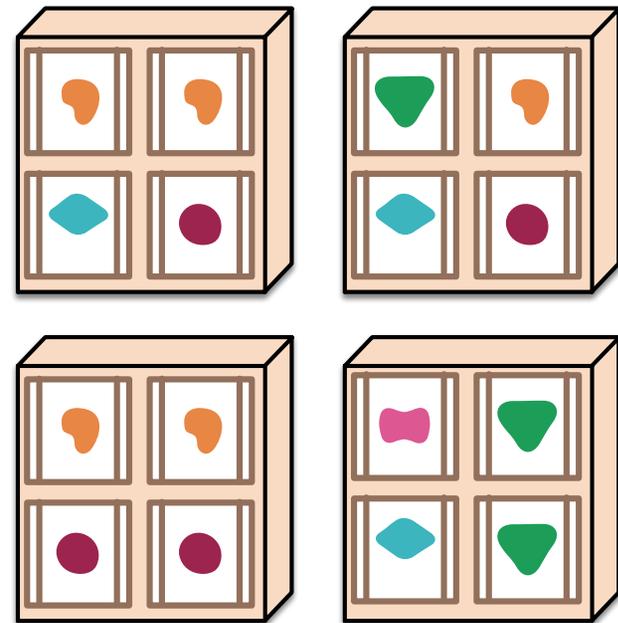
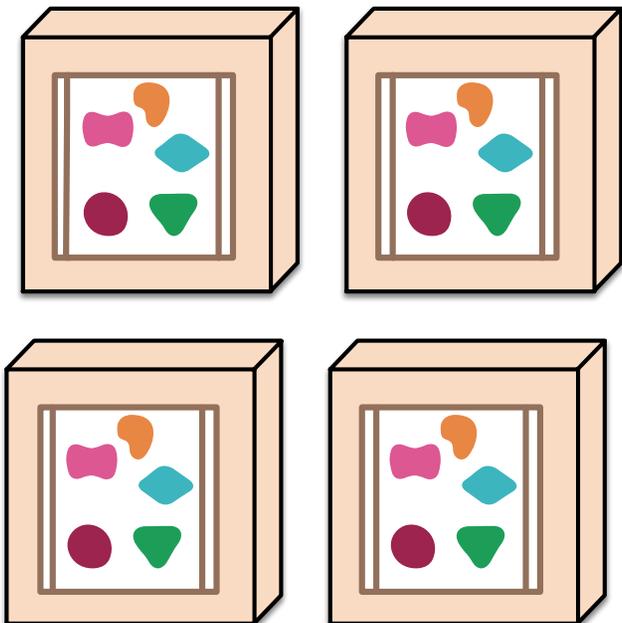
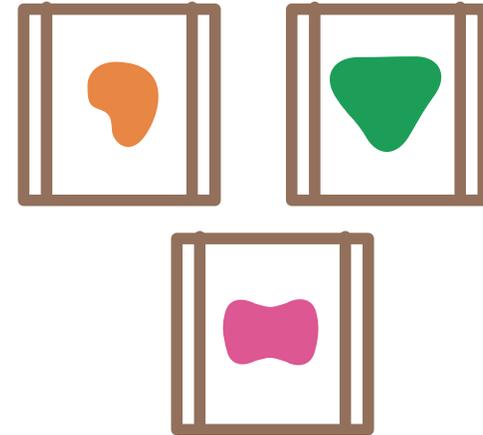
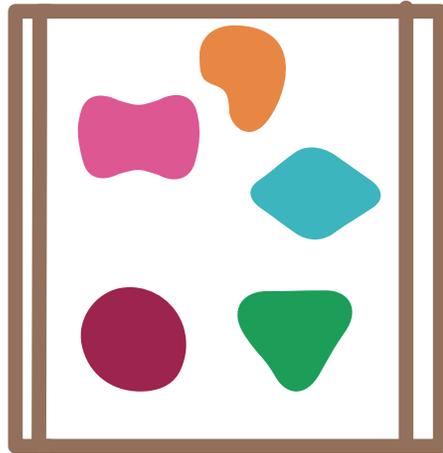
service orchestration



# Monoliths vs. Microservices

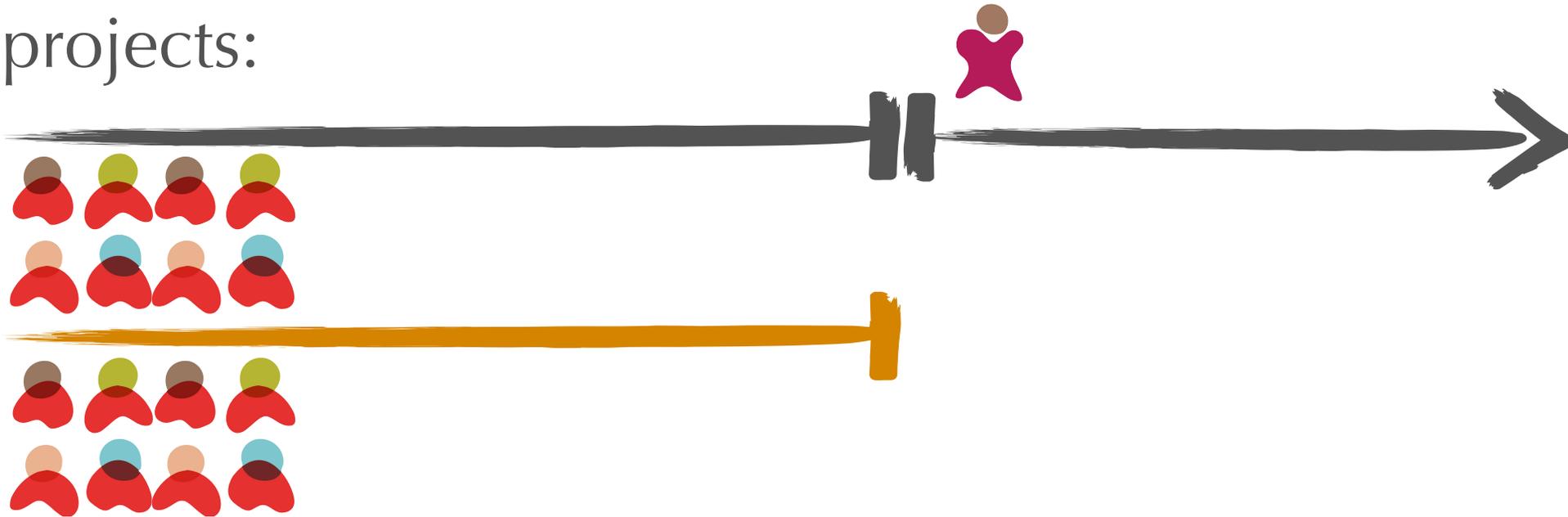


# Monoliths vs. Microservices



# Products, not Projects

projects:



products:



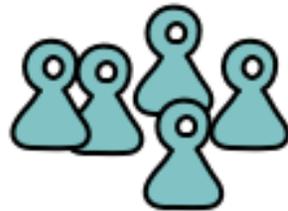
amazon.com's "You build it, you run it"

# Conway's Law

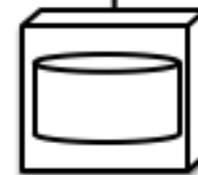
*“organizations which design systems ... are constrained to produce designs which are copies of the communication structures of these organizations”*

*—Melvin Conway*

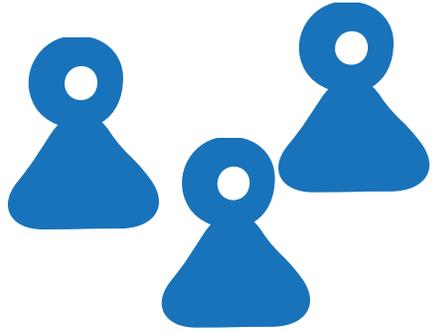
DBAs



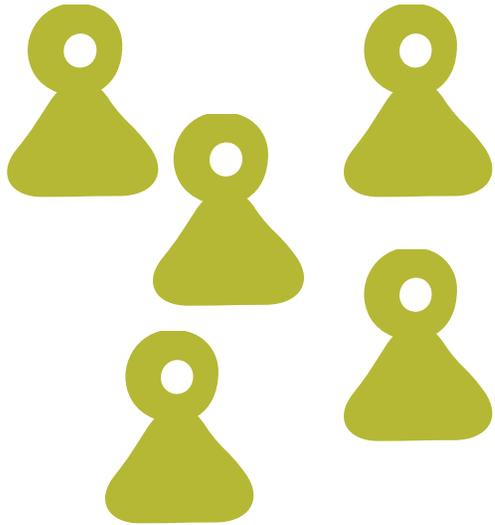
Siloed functional teams...



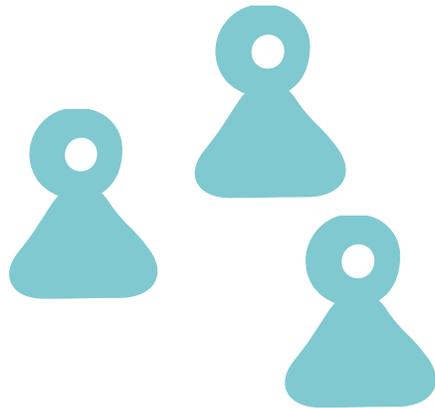
... lead to siloed application architectures.  
Because Conway's Law



**user interface**



**server-side**



**DBA**

# Orders



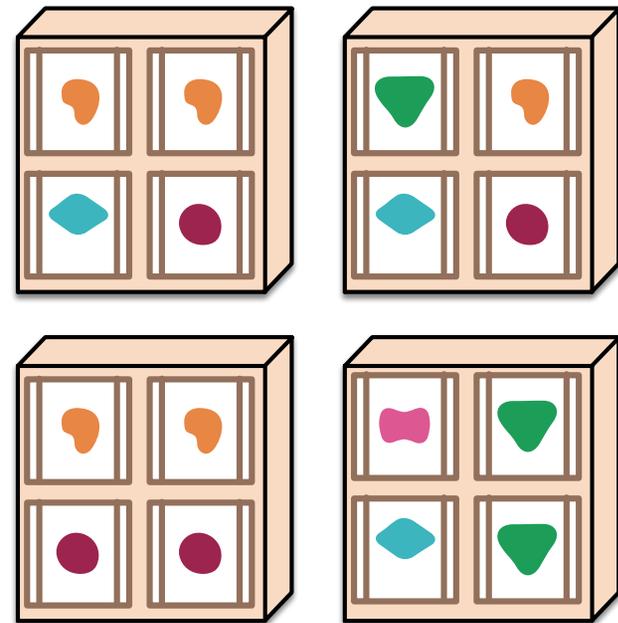
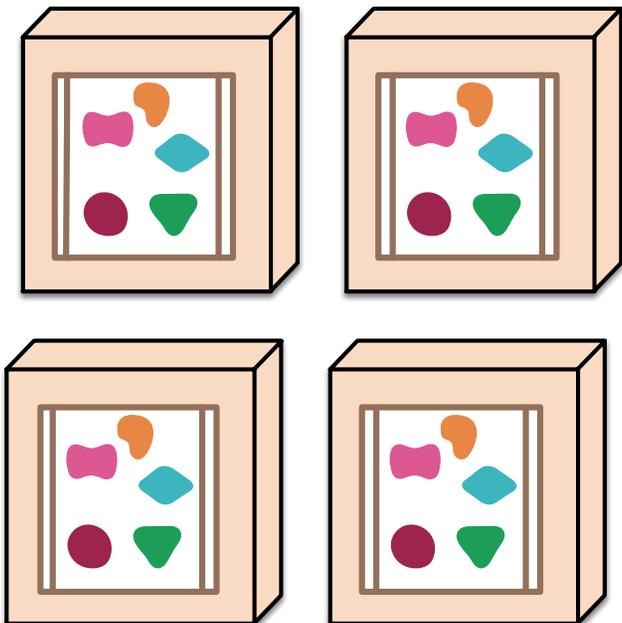
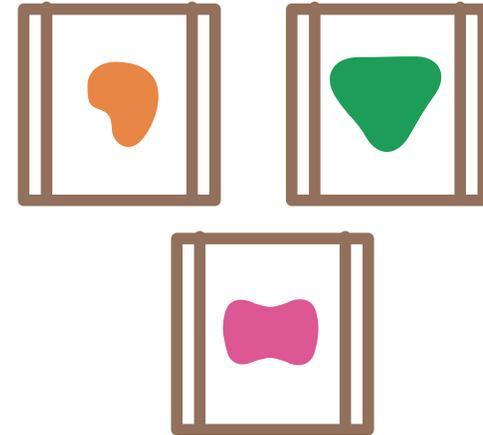
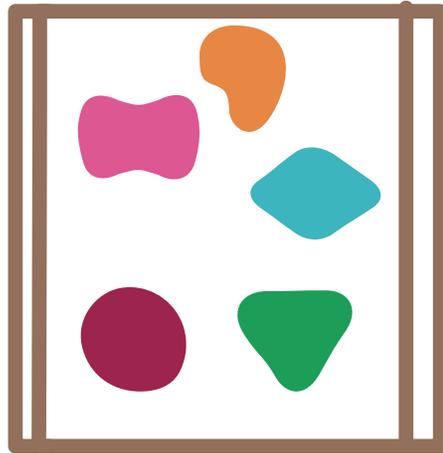
# Shipping



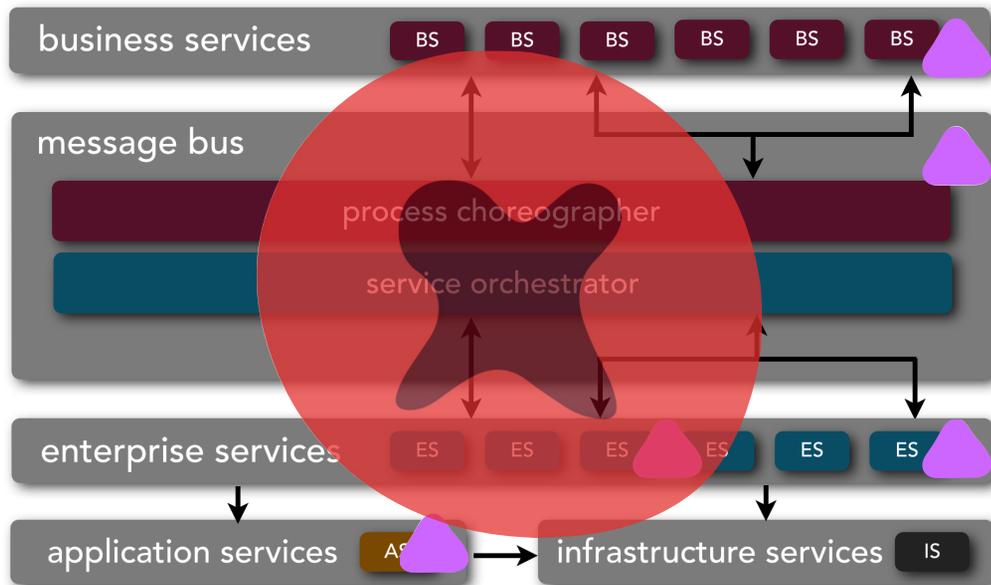
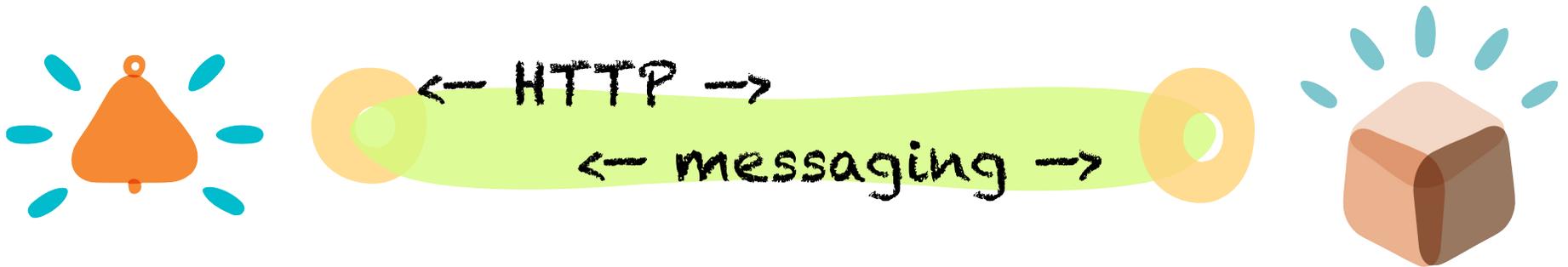
# Catalog



# Monoliths vs. Microservices

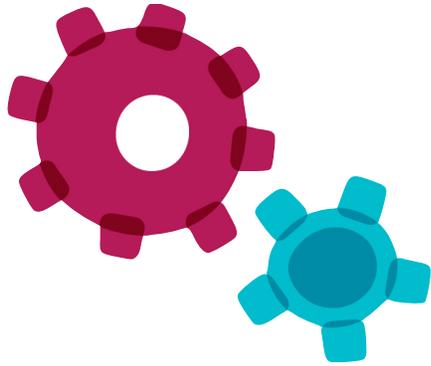


# Smart Endpoints, Dumb Pipes



# Standardize on integration, not platform

embrace polyglot solutions where sensible



too few languages/platforms



too many languages/platforms



*Have one, two or maybe three ways of integrating, not 20.*



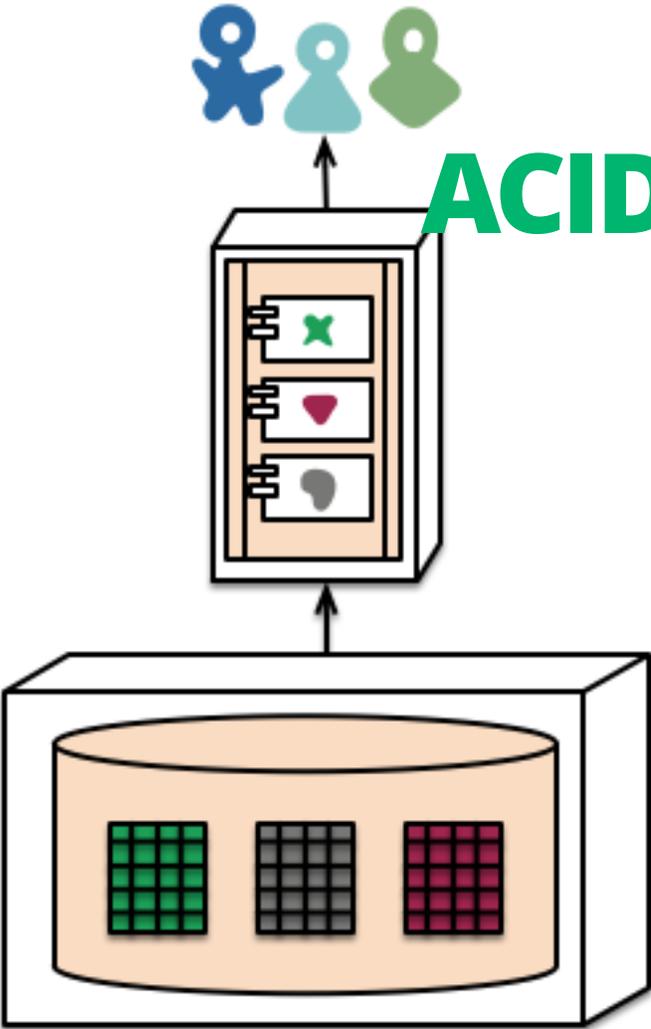
*Standardize in the gaps between services - be flexible about what happens inside the boxes*



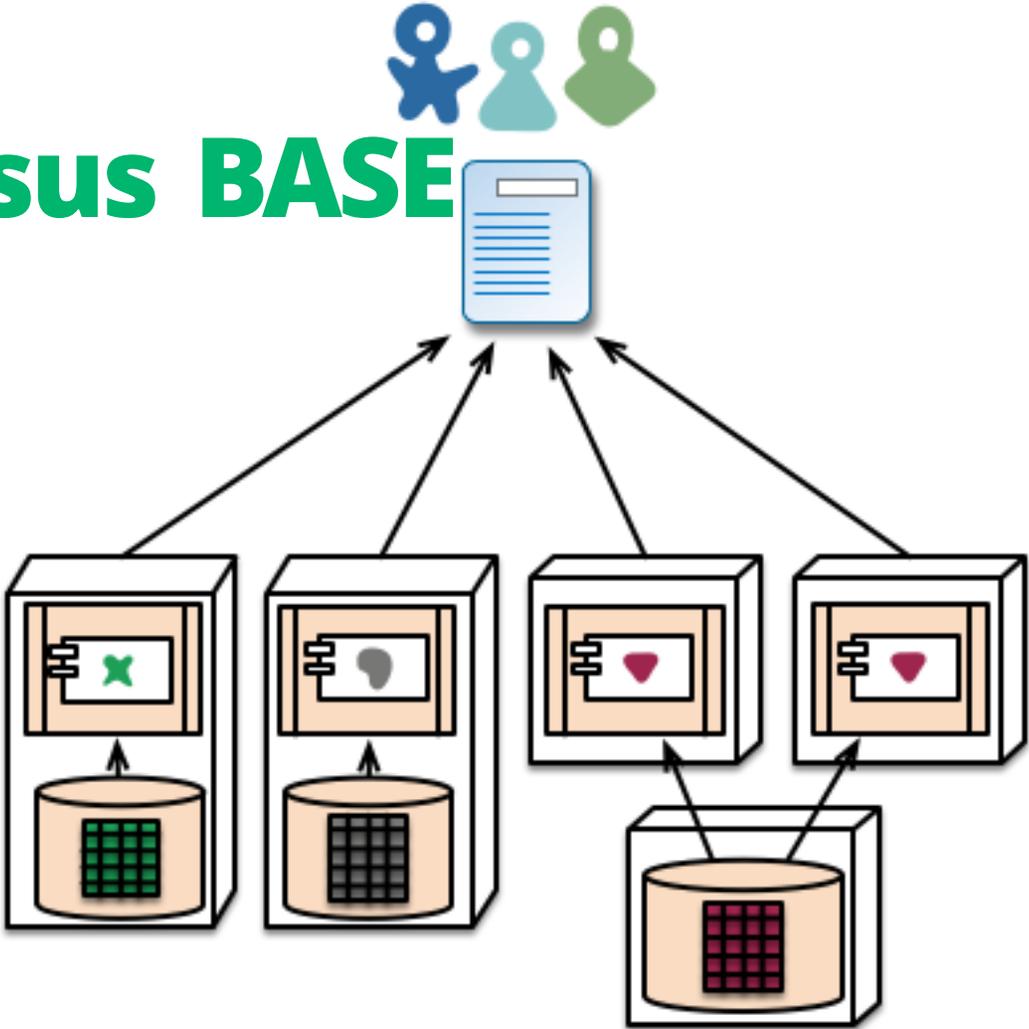
*Pick some sensible conventions, and stick with them.*

# Decentralized Data Management

ACID versus BASE

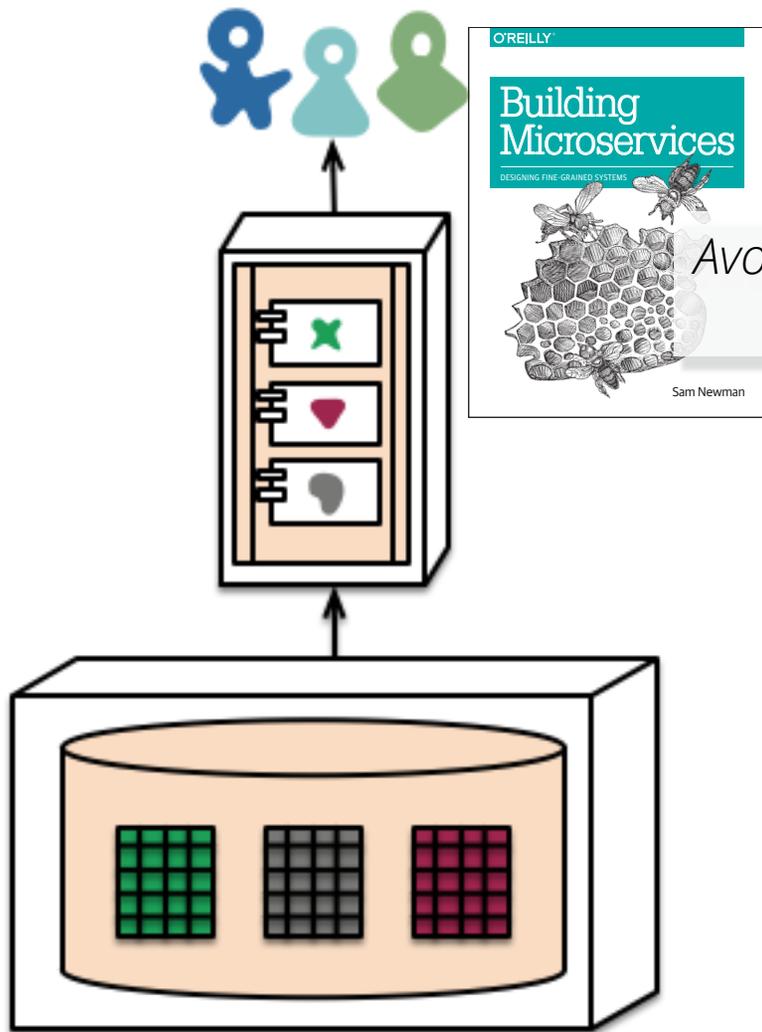


monolith - single database

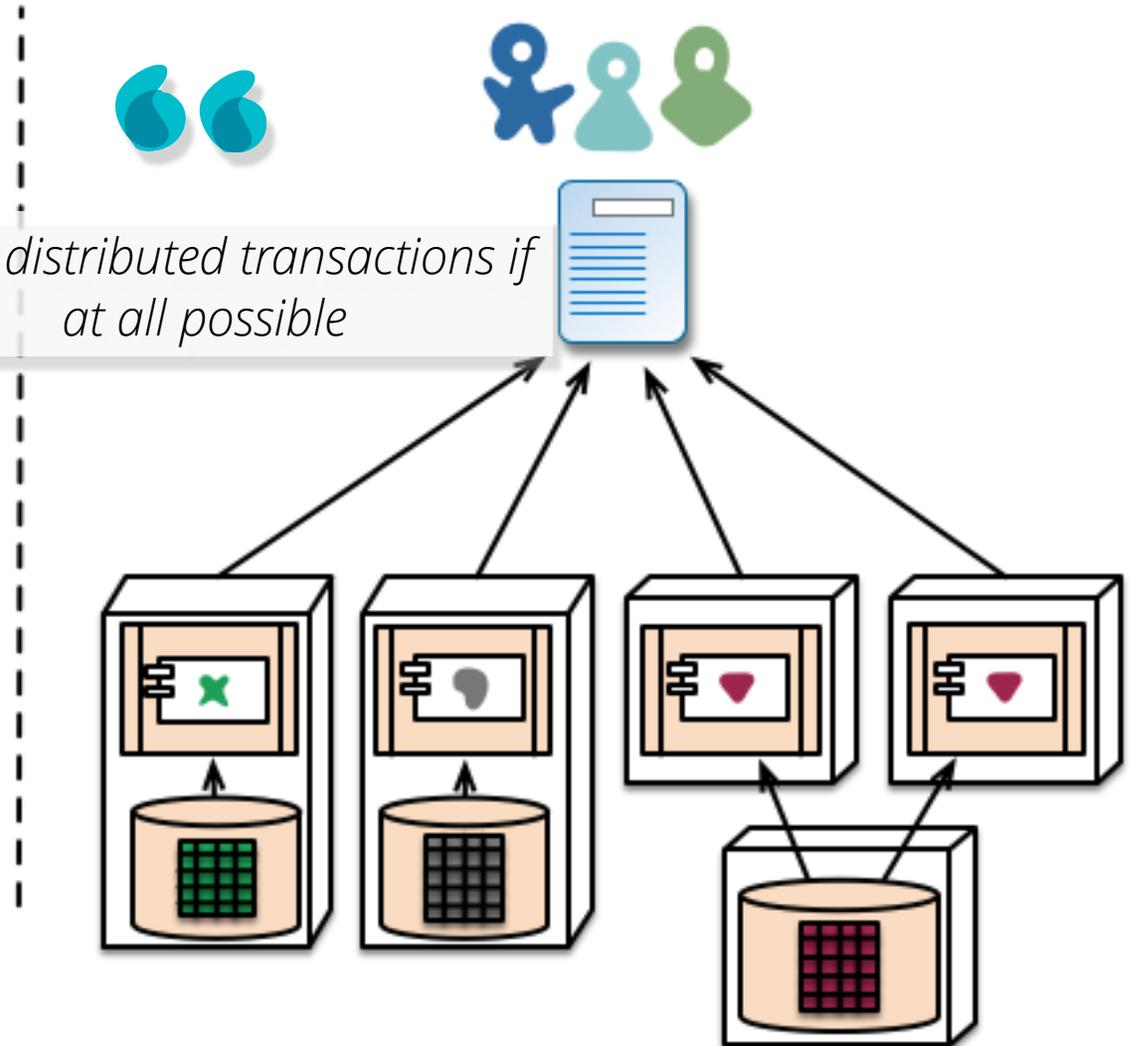


microservices - application databases

# Decentralized Data Management



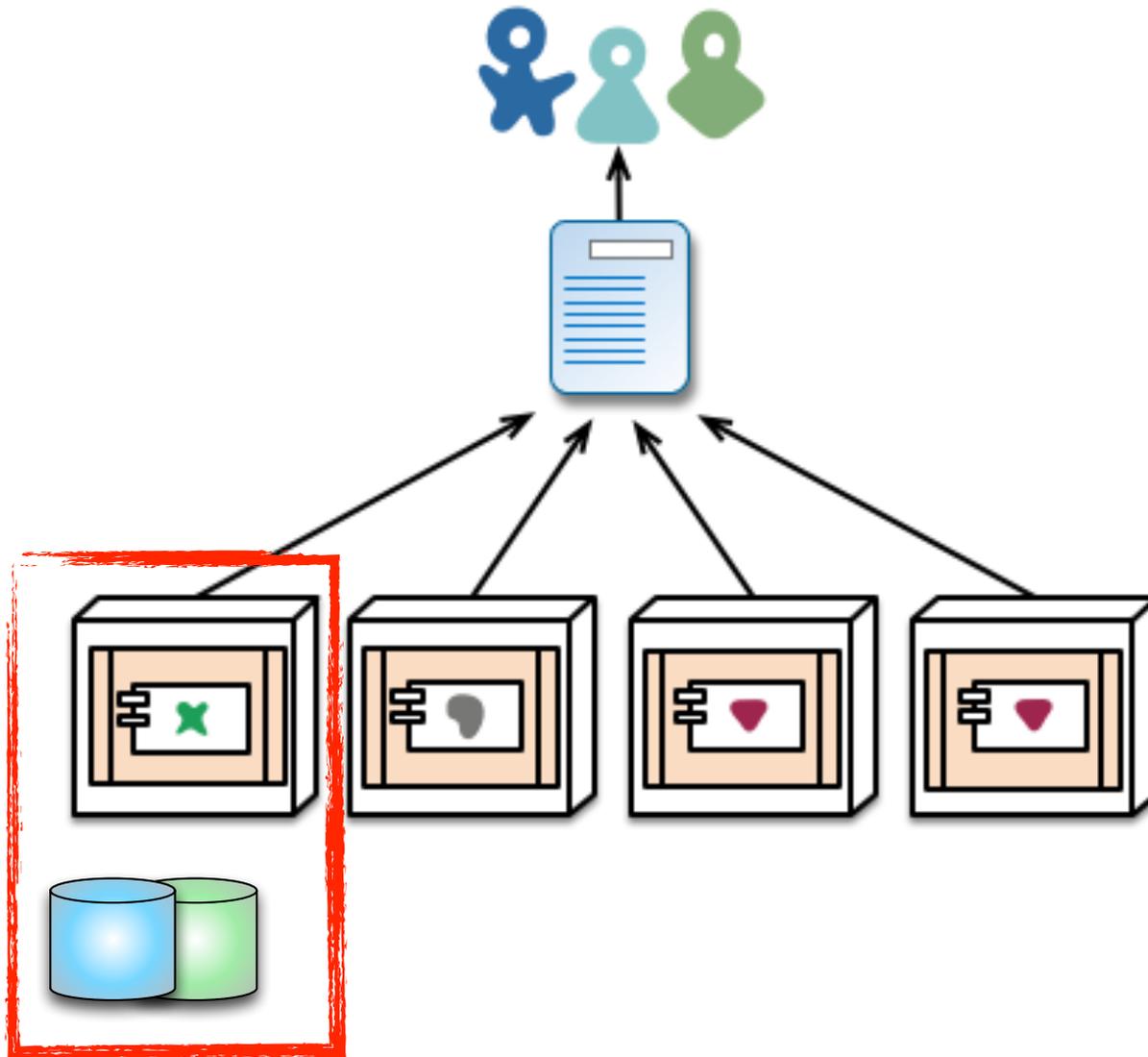
monolith - single database



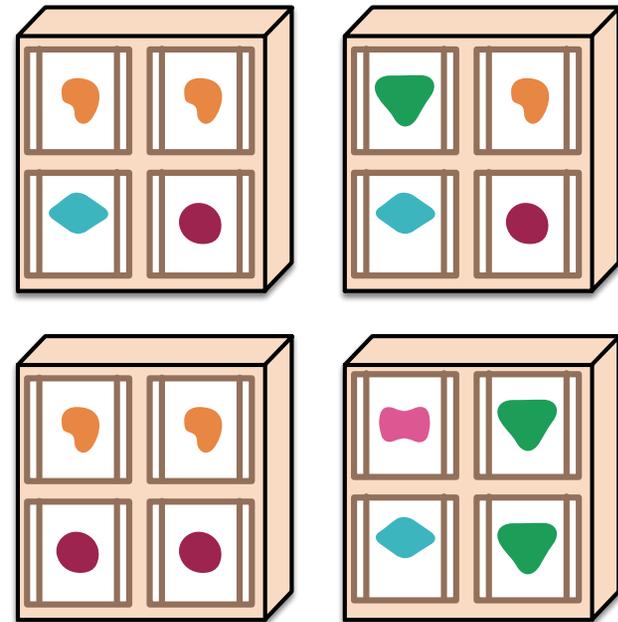
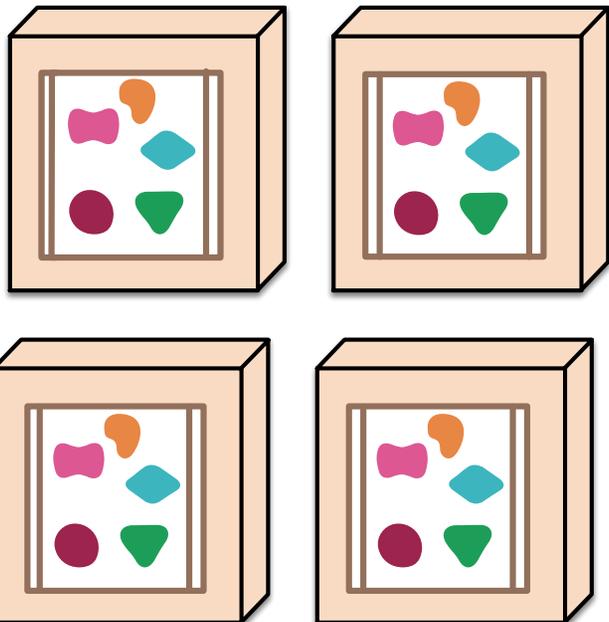
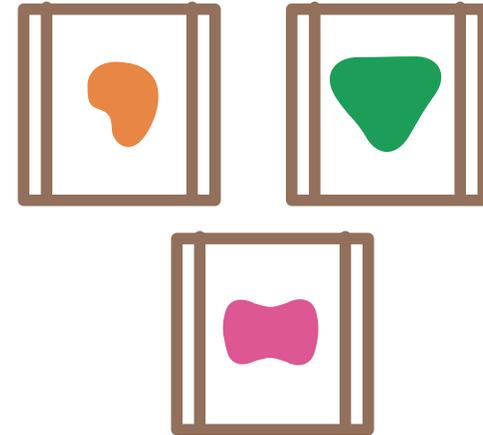
microservices - application databases

*Avoid distributed transactions if at all possible*

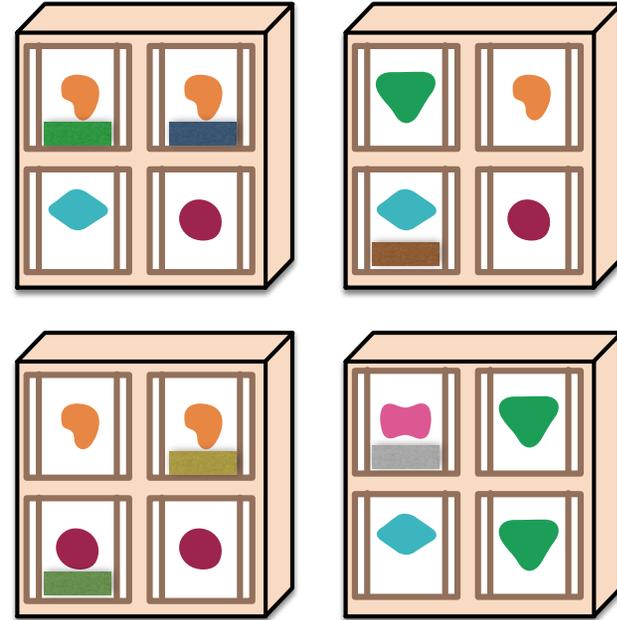
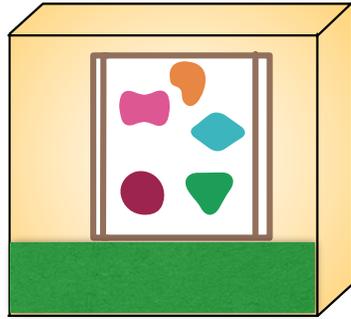
# Decentralized Governance



# Decentralized Governance



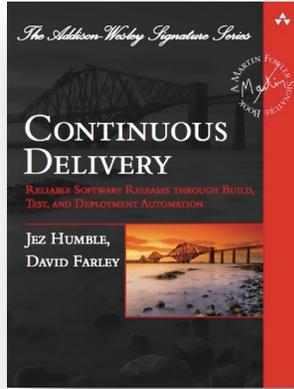
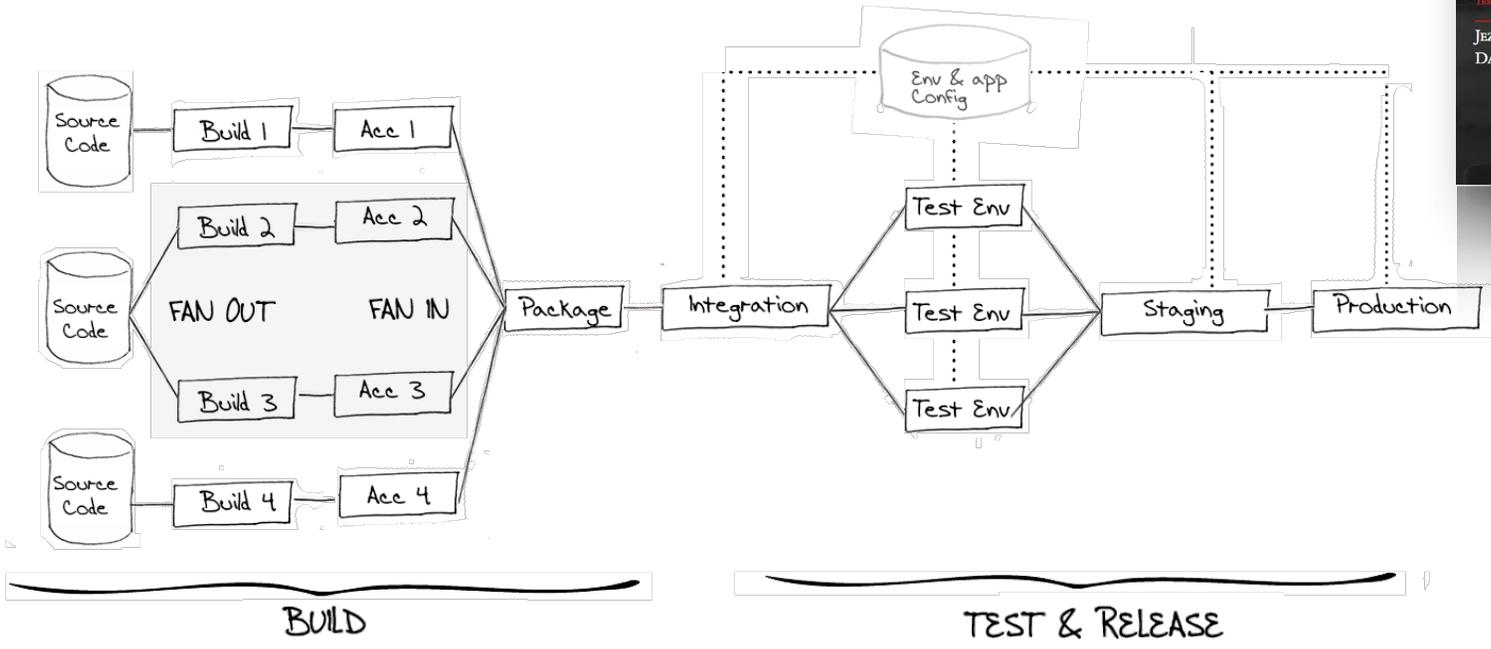
# Decentralized Governance



Enterprise architects suffer from less pressure to make the correct choice(s) in microservice architectures.



# Infrastructure Automation



# Small, Single Responsibility

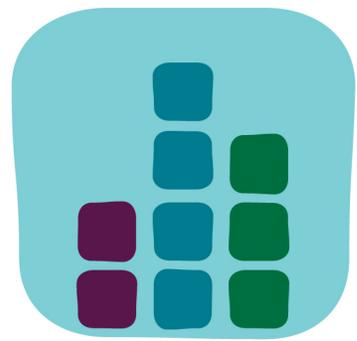
small enough to fit in your head

rewrite over maintain

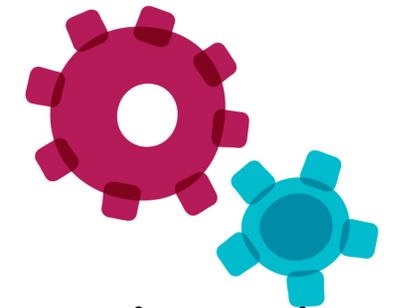
(10—1000 LOC)-ish / service

*single responsibility*

what problem



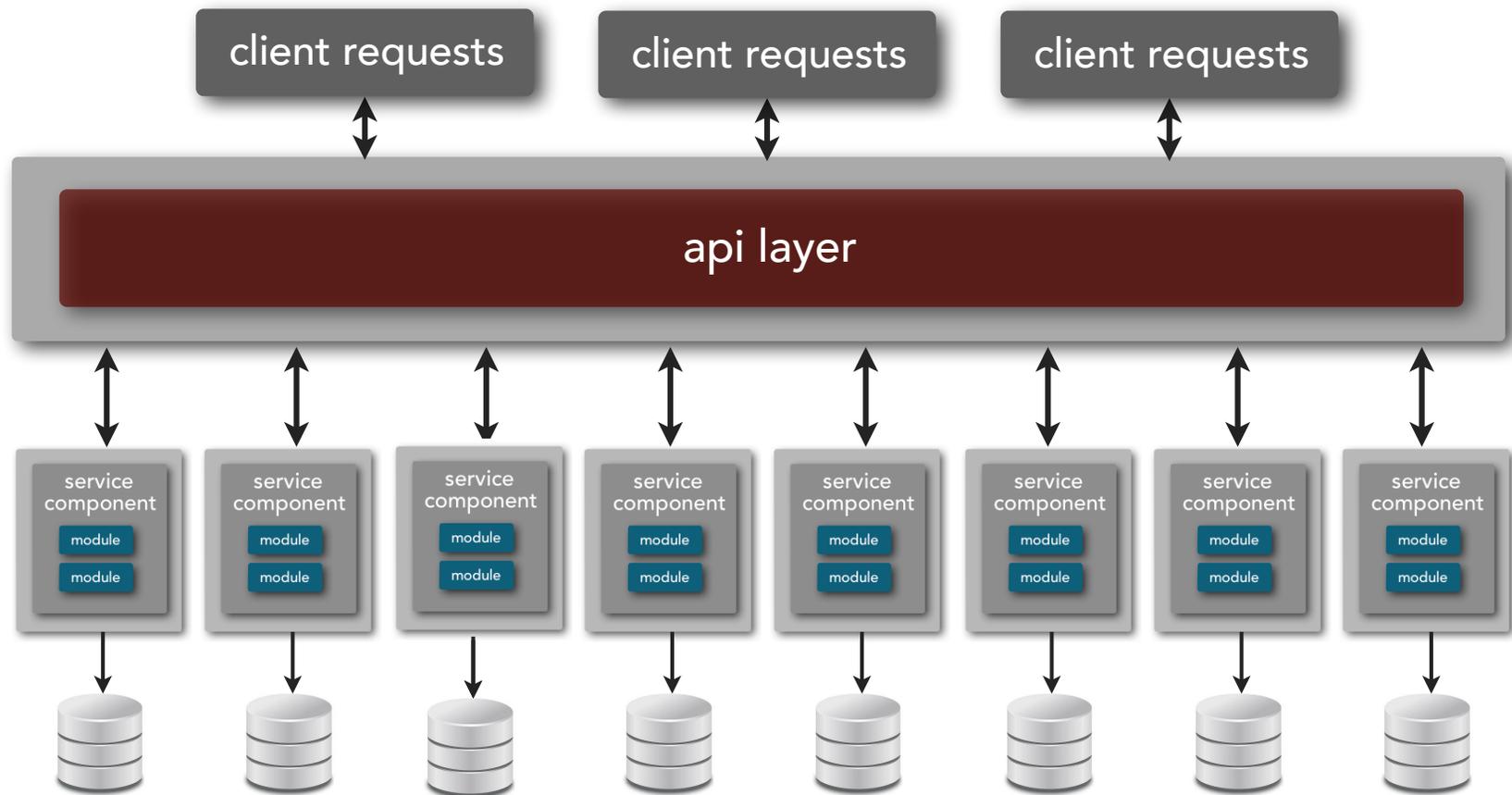
characteristics



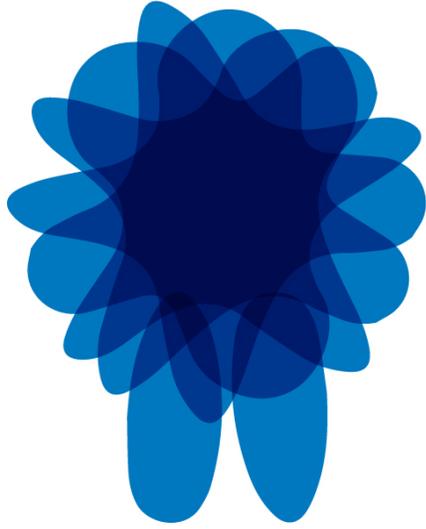
engineering

# AGENDA

# Microservice



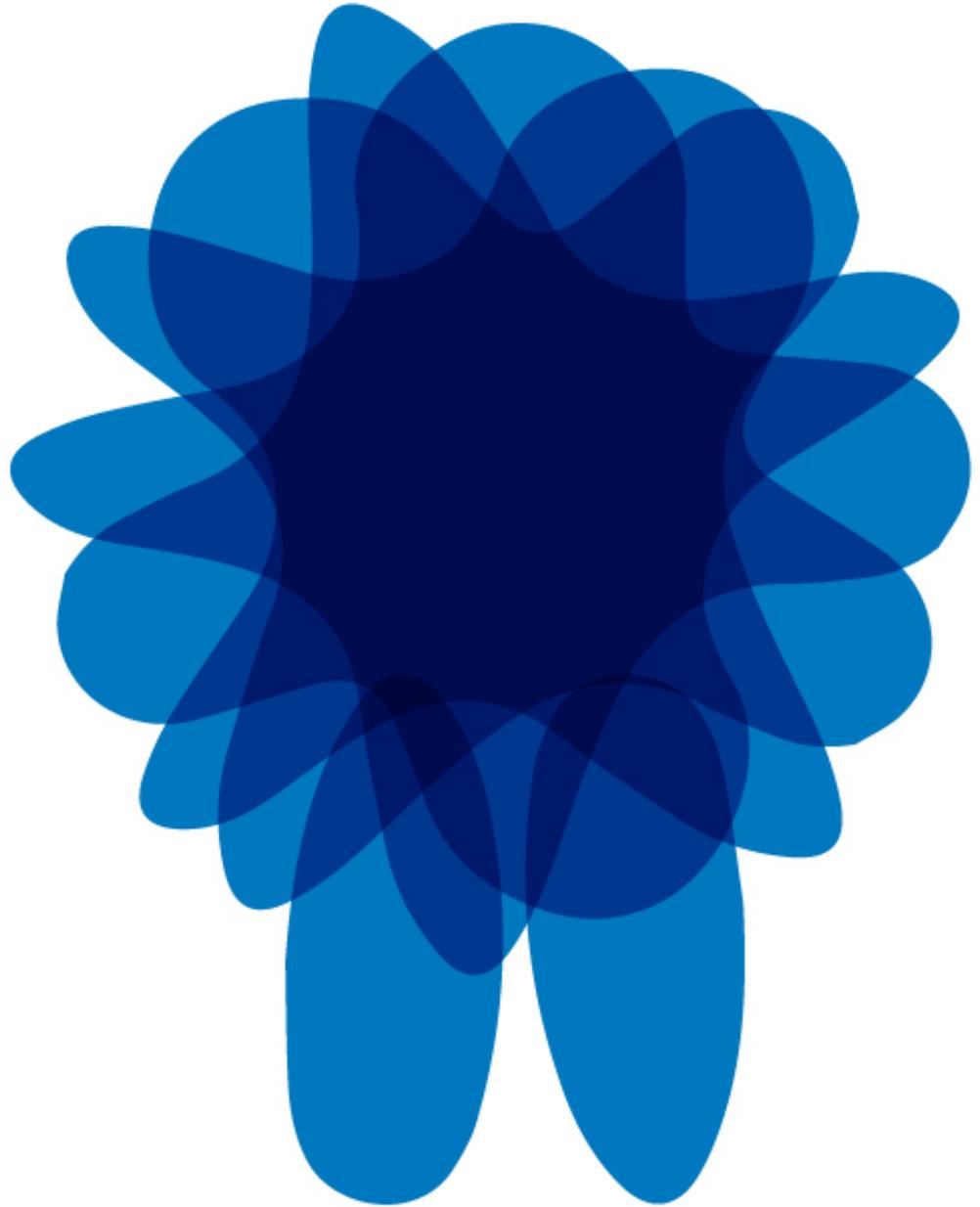
maximize easy evolution



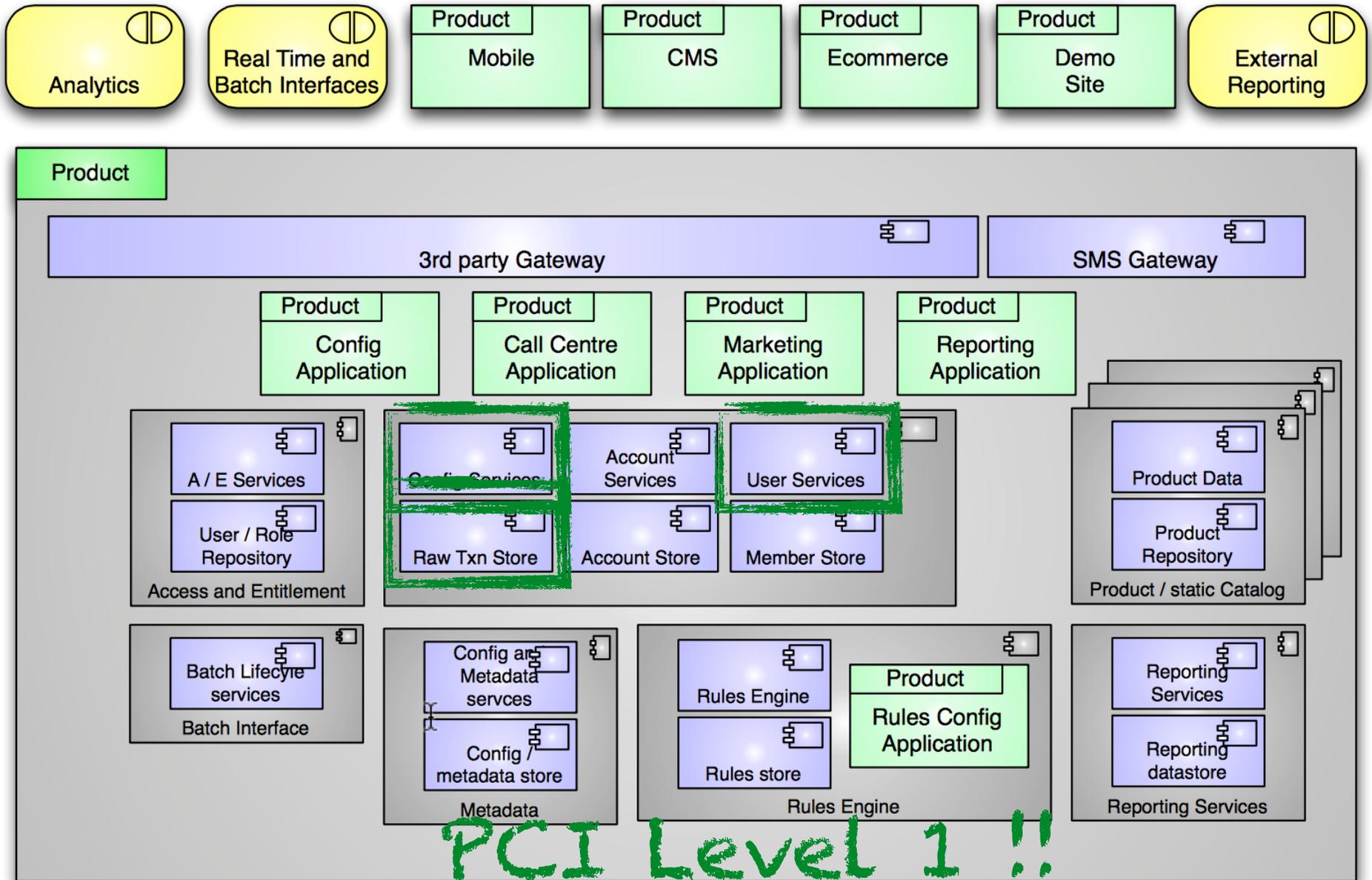
# SUPPORTE Δ

*Microservice* is the first architectural style developed post-Continuous Delivery.

# Benefits



# Microservice Implementation

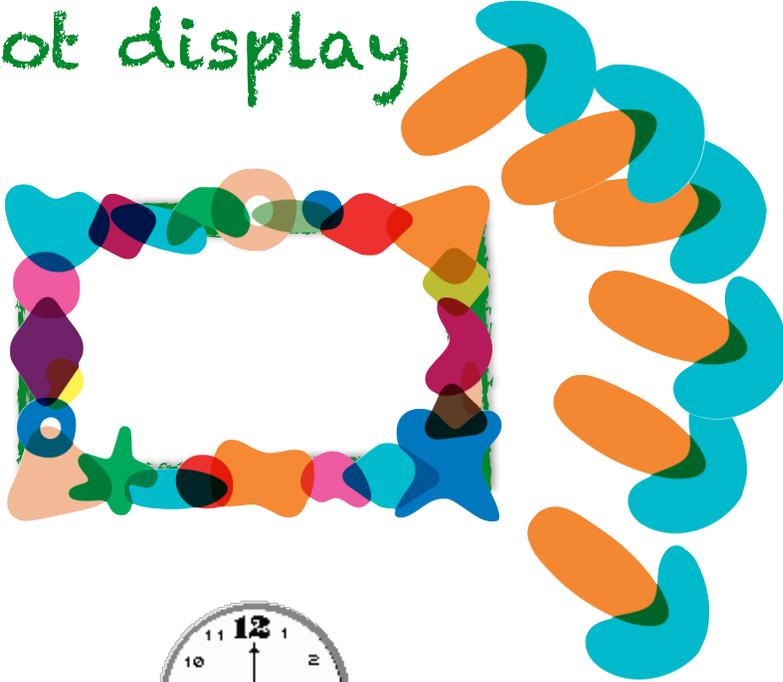
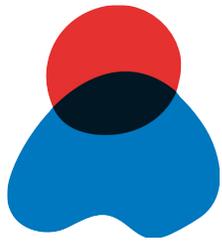


<http://2012.33degree.org/pdf/JamesLewisMicroServices.pdf>

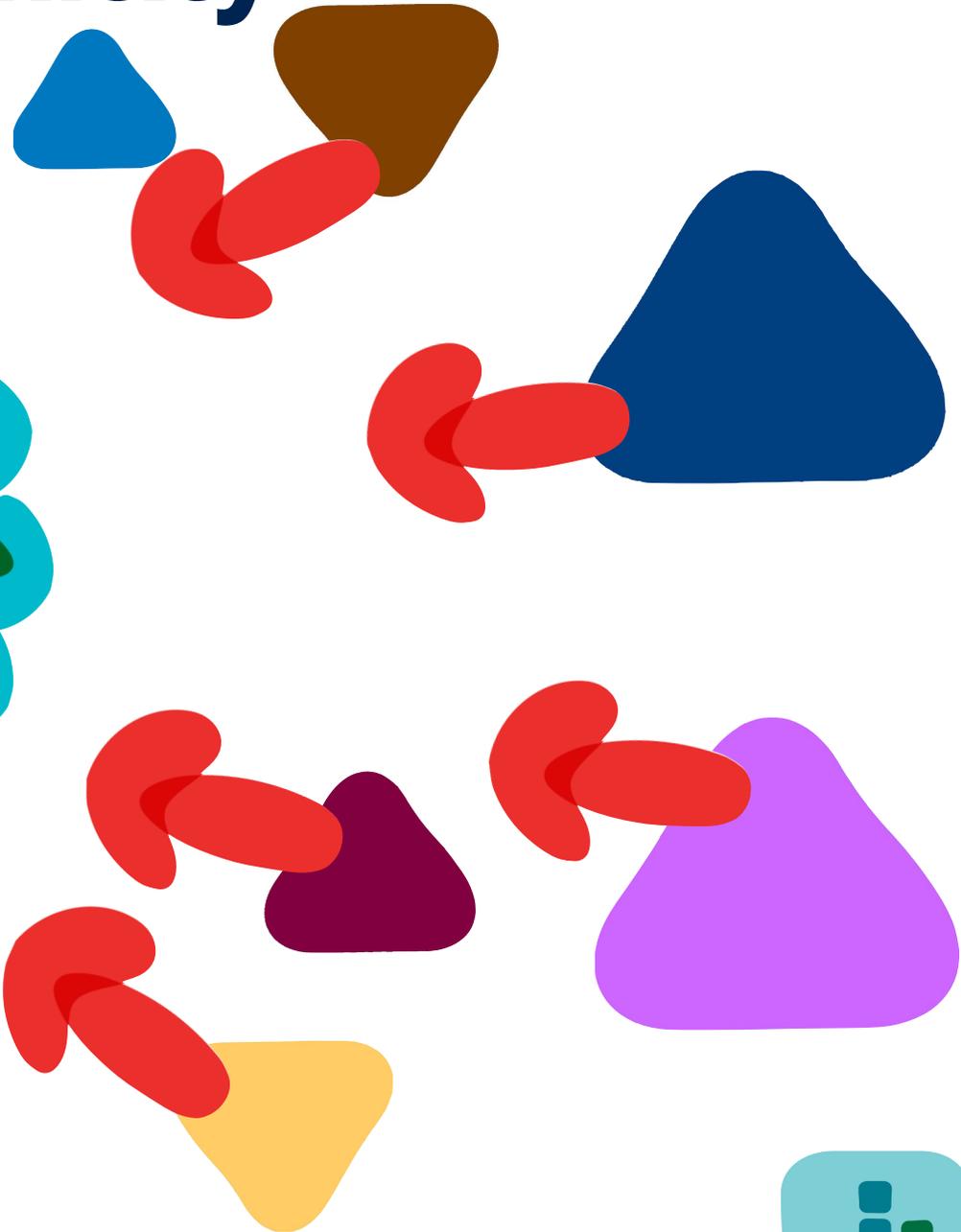
<http://www.infoq.com/presentations/Micro-Services>

# Asynchronicity

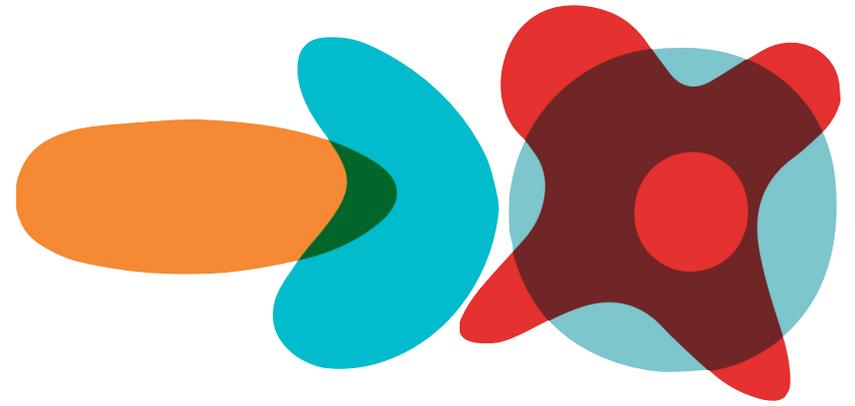
return optimized for  
ranking/aggregation,  
not display



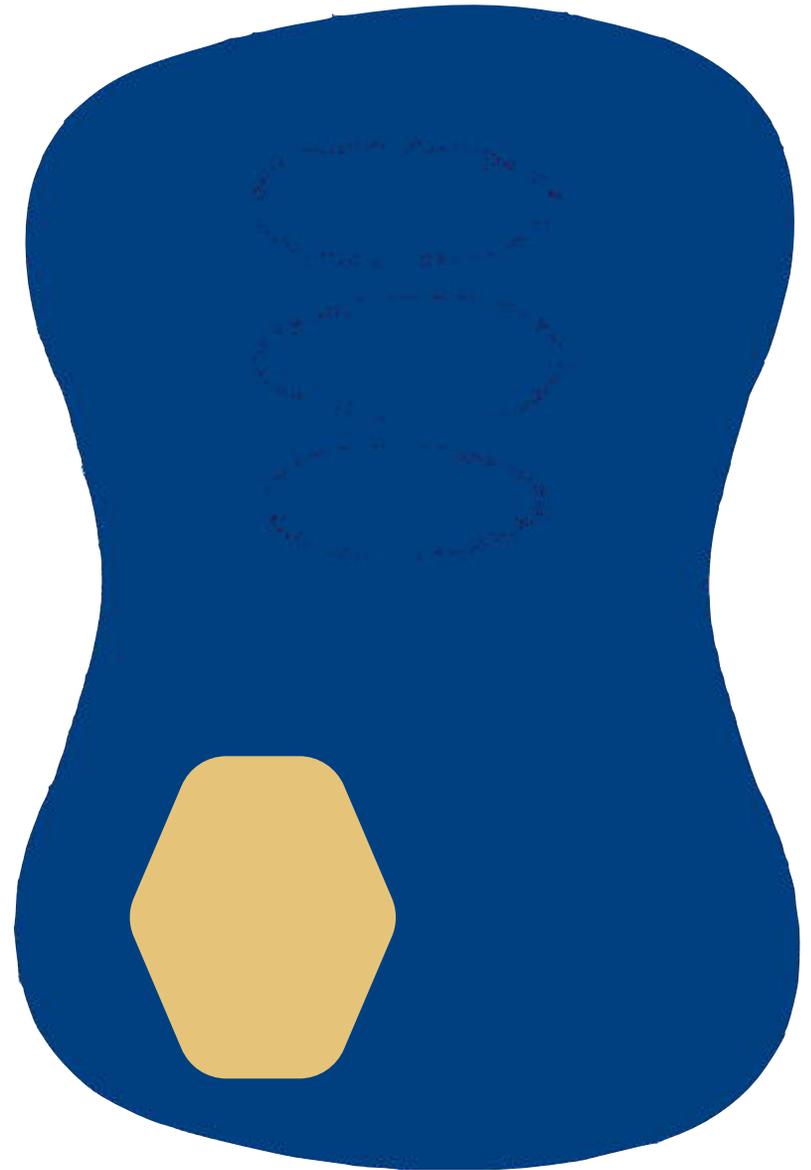
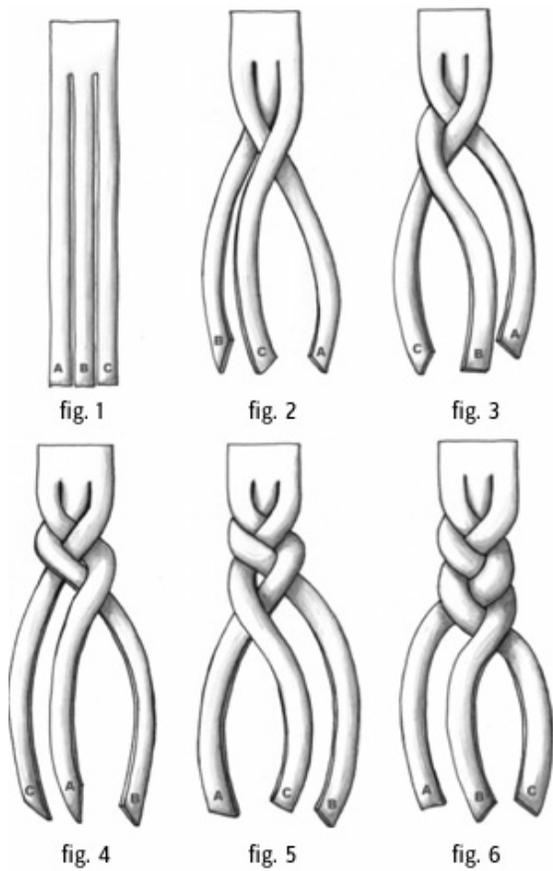
Prefer timely partial  
over slow complete



# Integration & Disintegration



# Complected Deployments



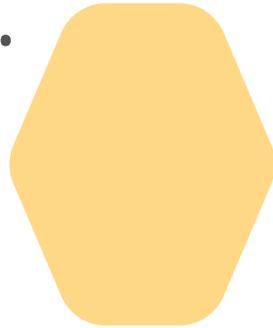
production

**complect**, *transitive verb*:

intertwine, embrace, especially  
to plait together

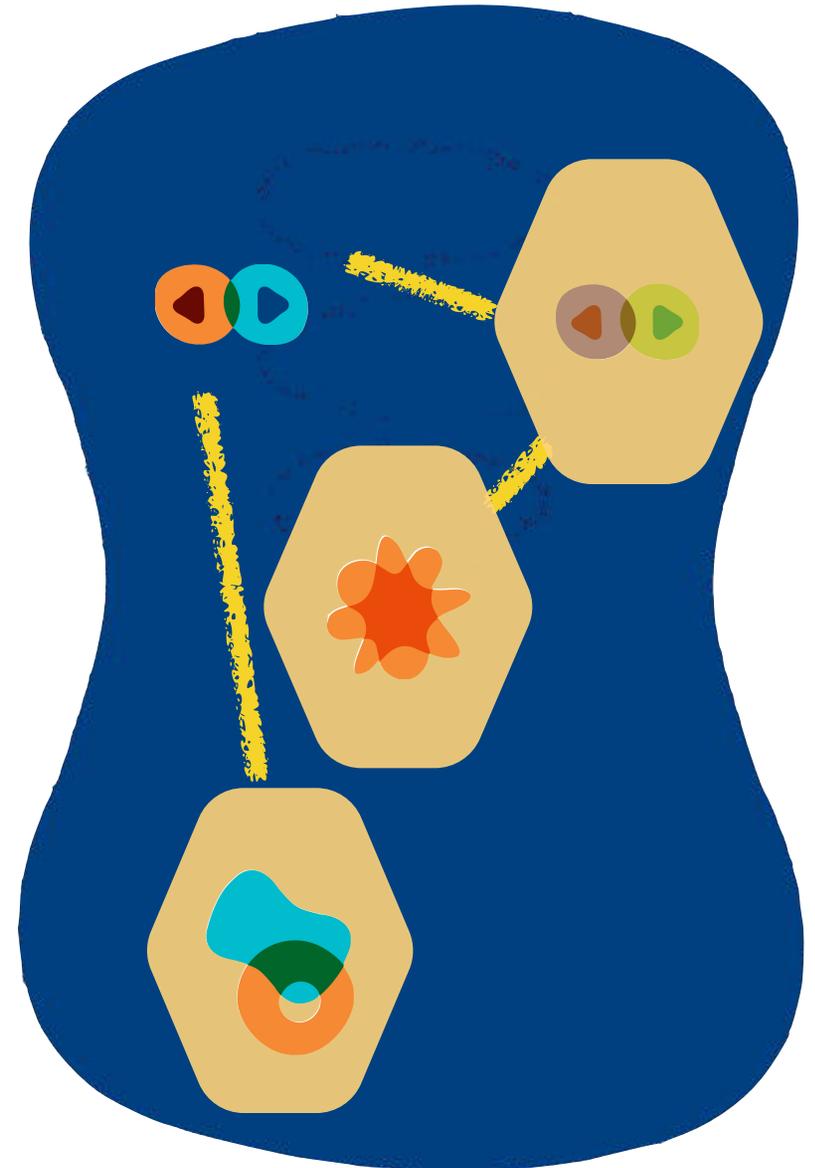
# Evolutionary Architecture

Components are  
*deployed.*



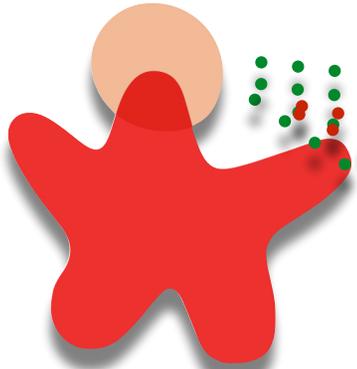
Features are *released.*

Applications consist  
of *routing.*

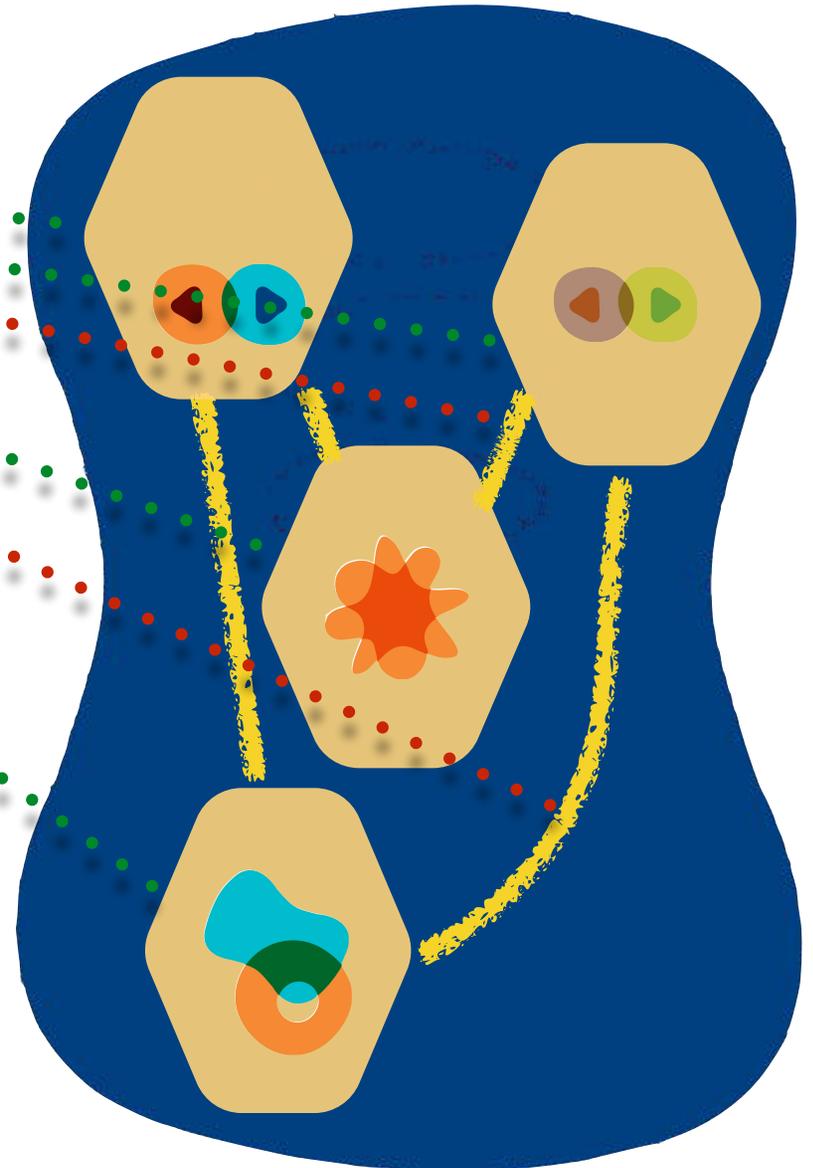


production

# Evolutionary Architecture

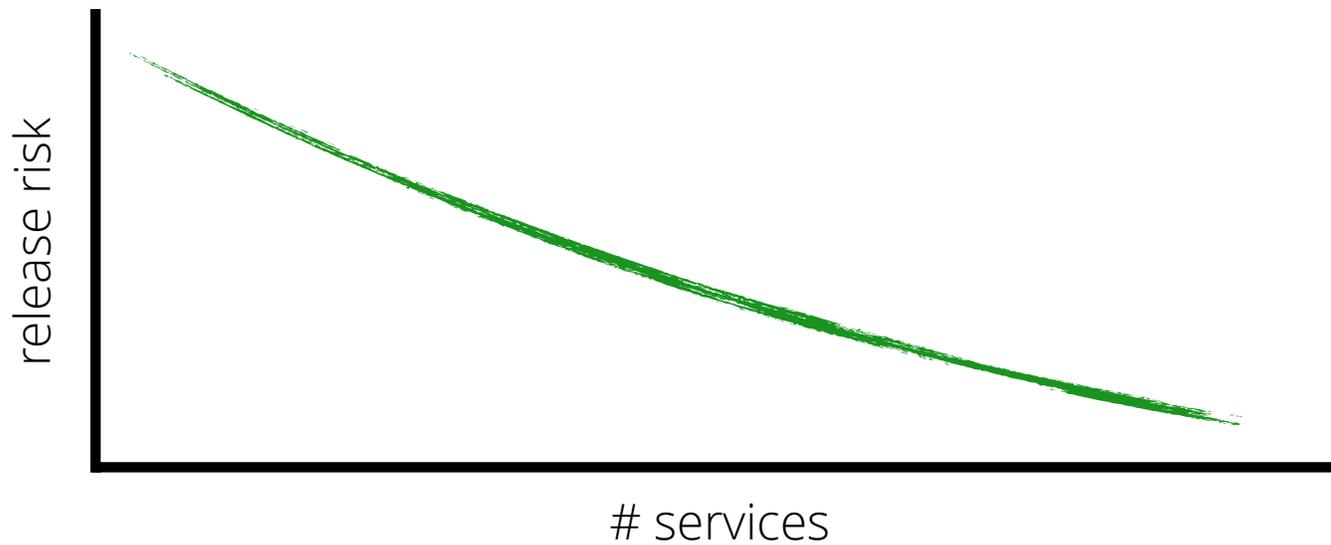
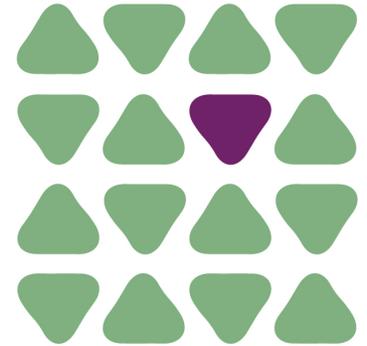
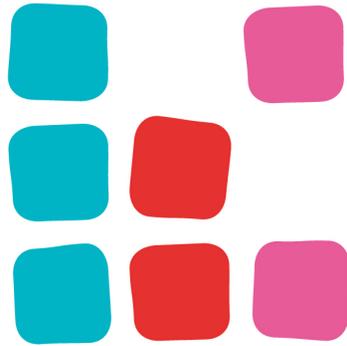


Dis-integrate  
services that  
monitoring shows  
are no longer used

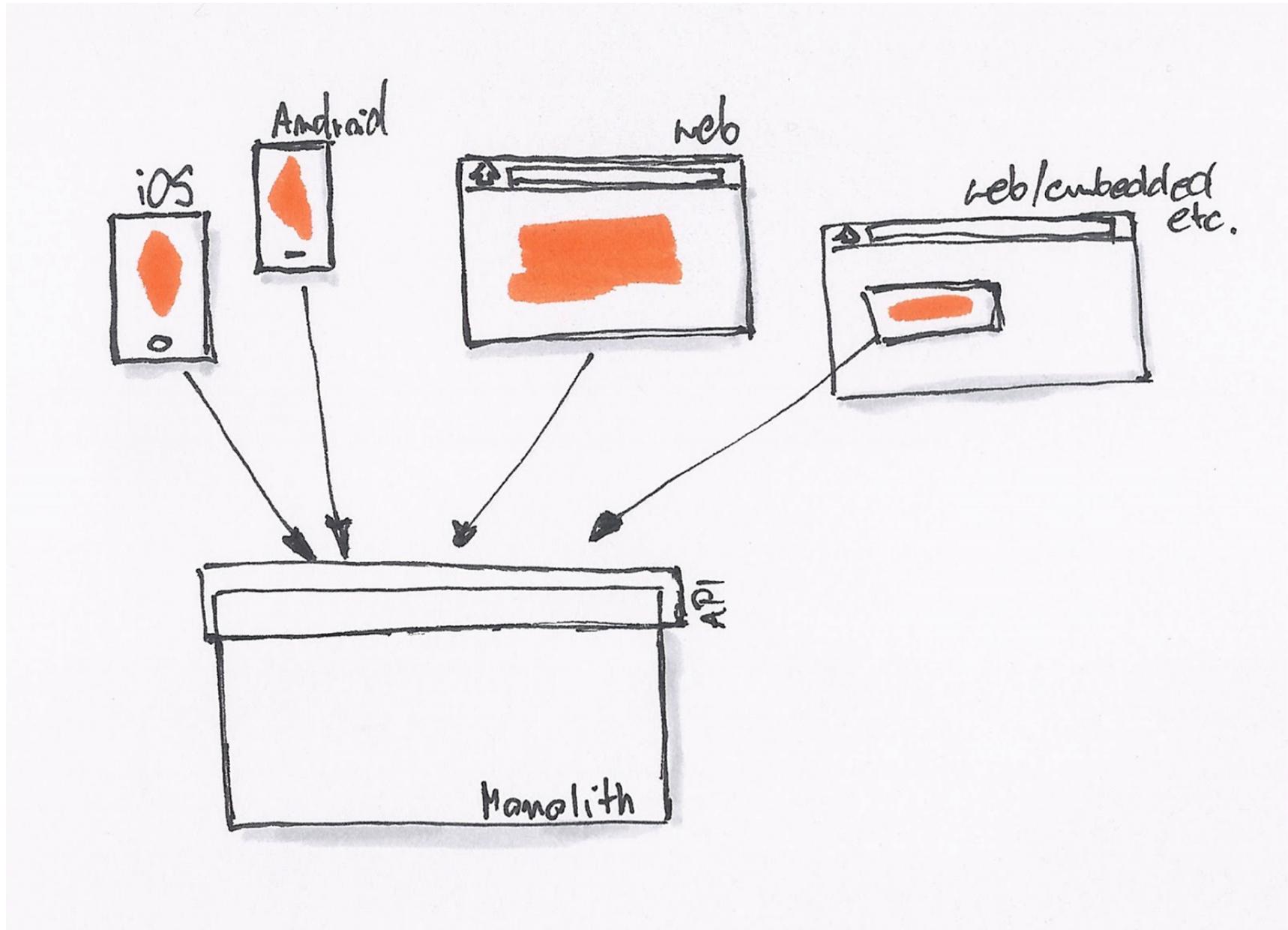


production

# How Big?

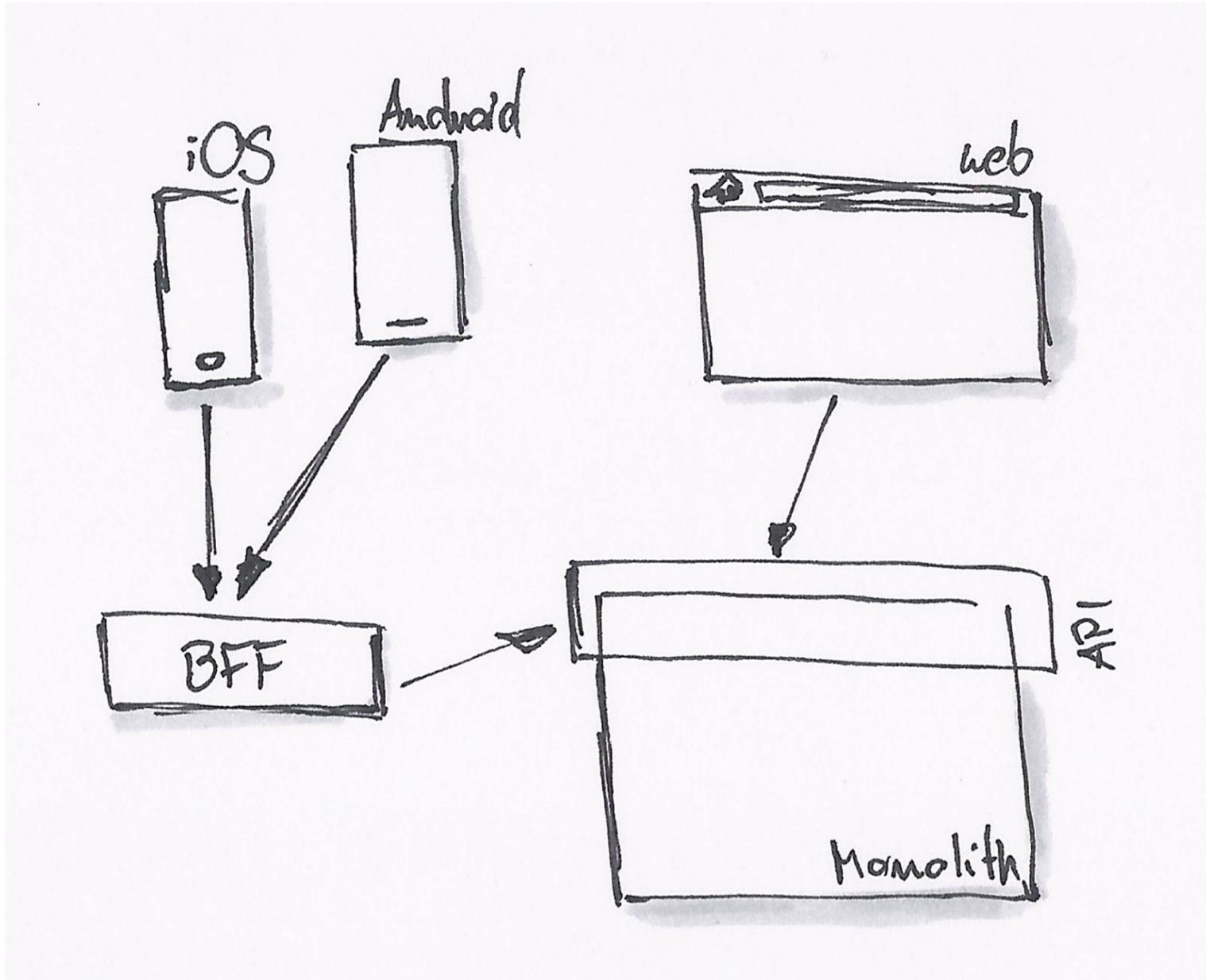


# Backends for Frontends

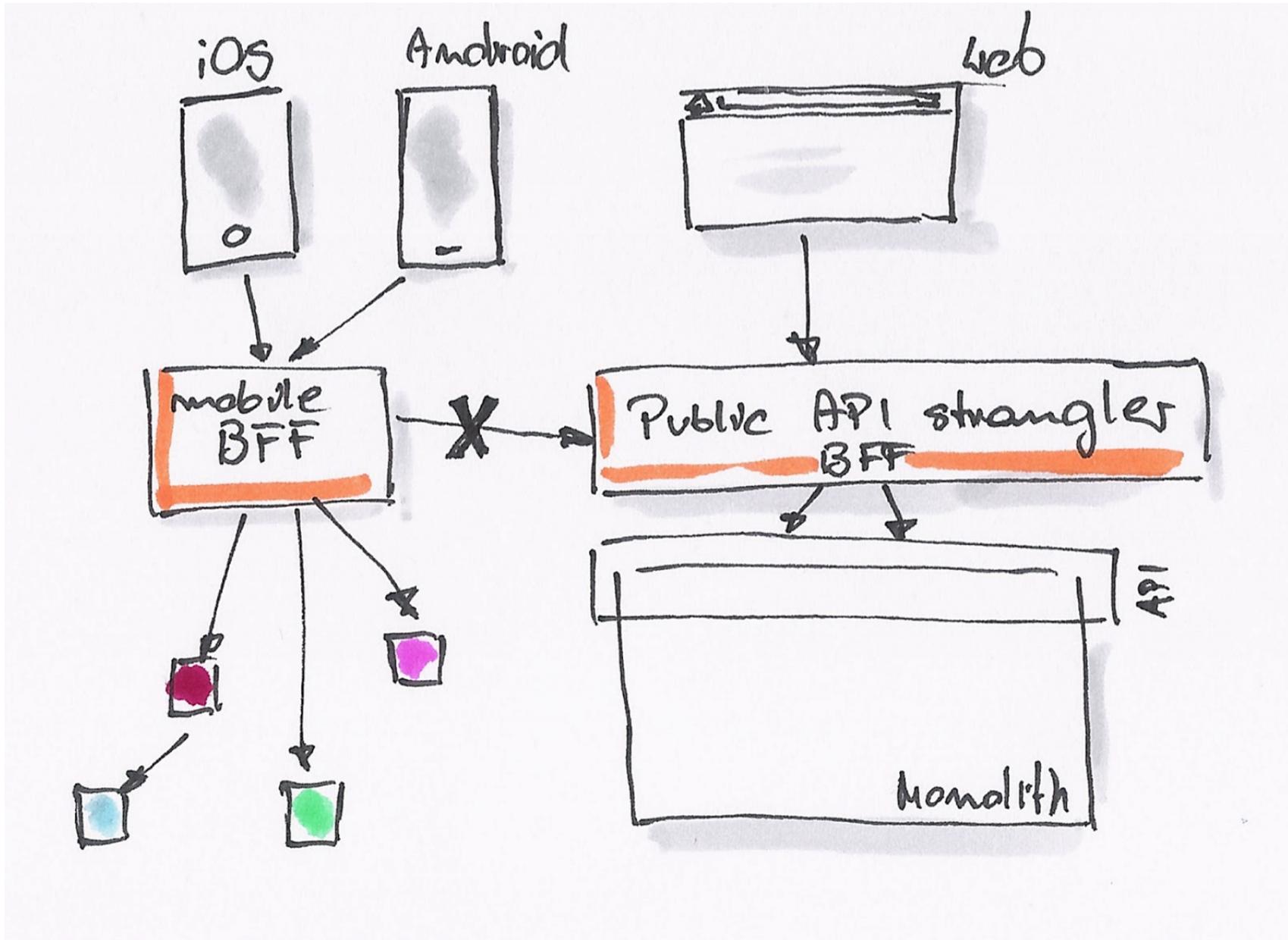


<https://www.thoughtworks.com/insights/blog/bff-soundcloud>

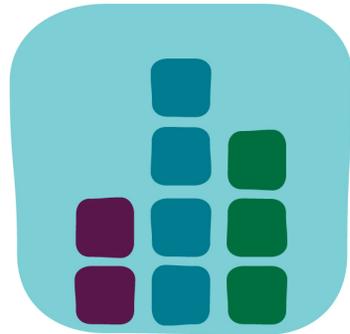
# Backends for Frontends



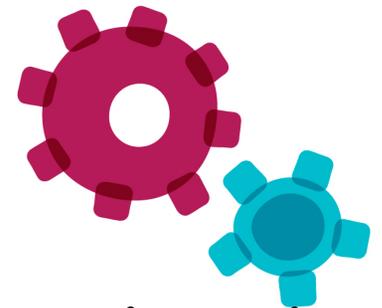
# BFF as Migration Path



what problem



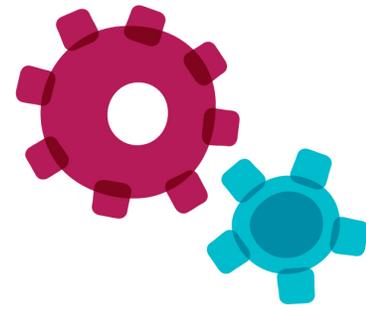
characteristics



engineering

# AGENDA

# Design For Failure

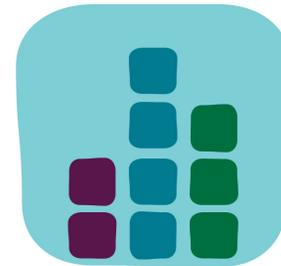


clients must respond gracefully to provider failure

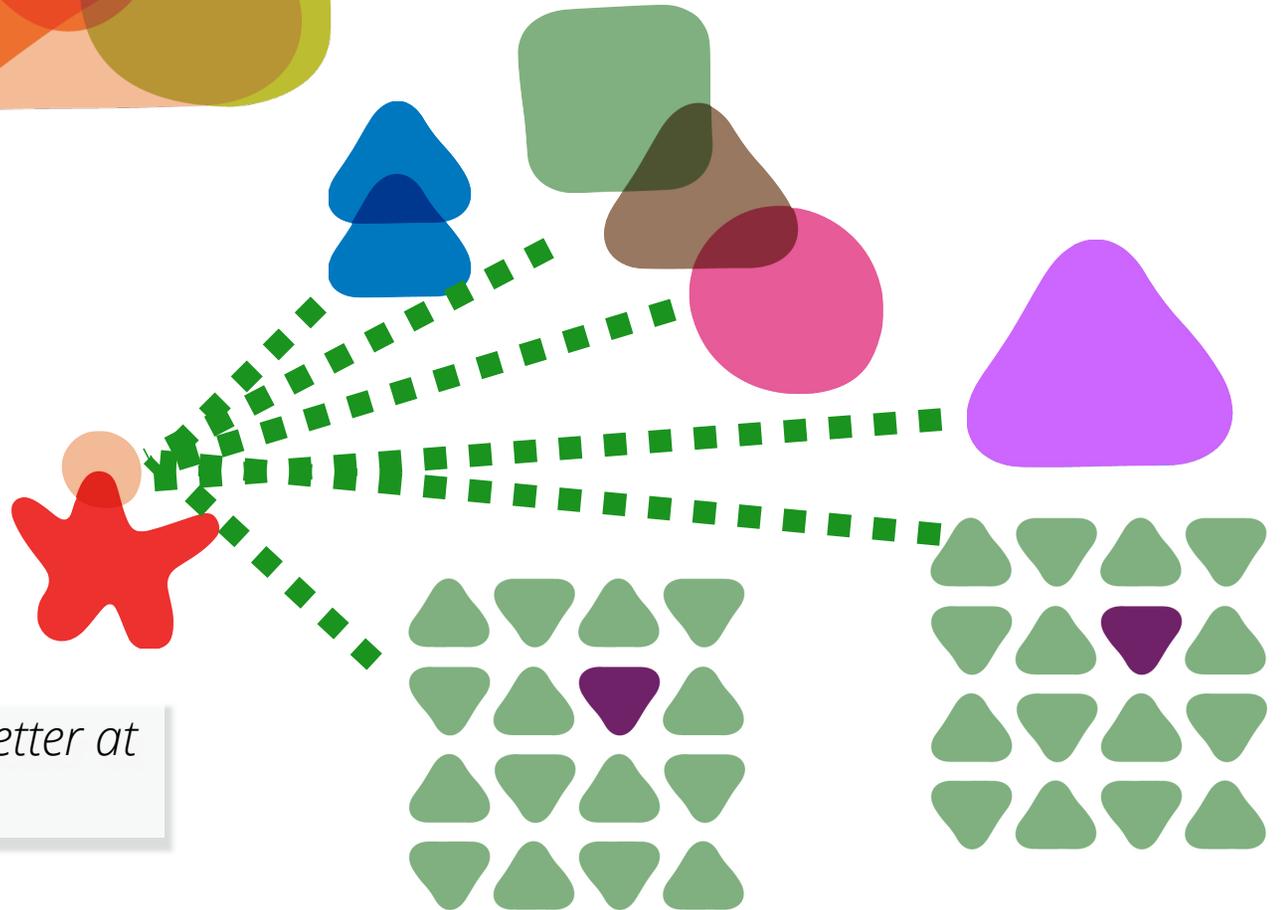
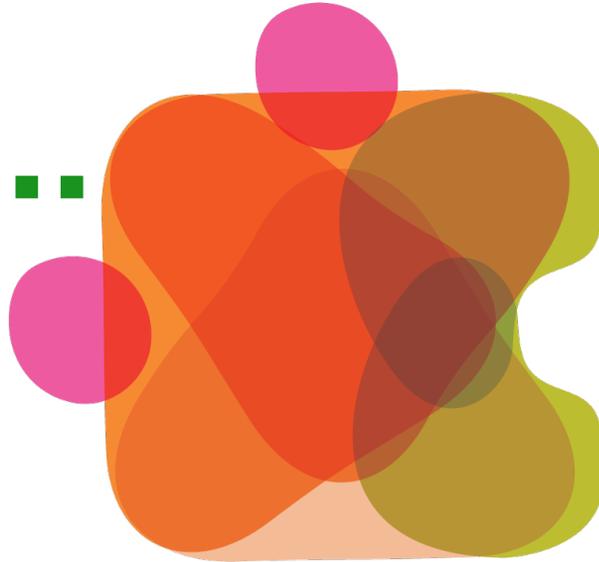
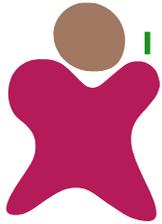
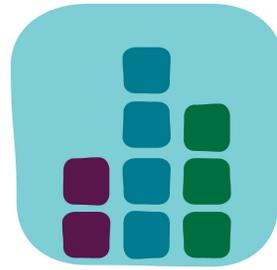


aggressive monitoring:

- business relevant
- architectural
- semantic



# Monitoring



*You have to get **much** better at monitoring.*





# logstash

logstash is a tool for managing events and  
and store them for later use (like, for search  
with a web interface for searching and drilli

It is fully free and fully open source. The lice  
much free to use it however you want in wh

# Kibana

Make sense of a mountain of logs Now in Ruby!

Get Started »

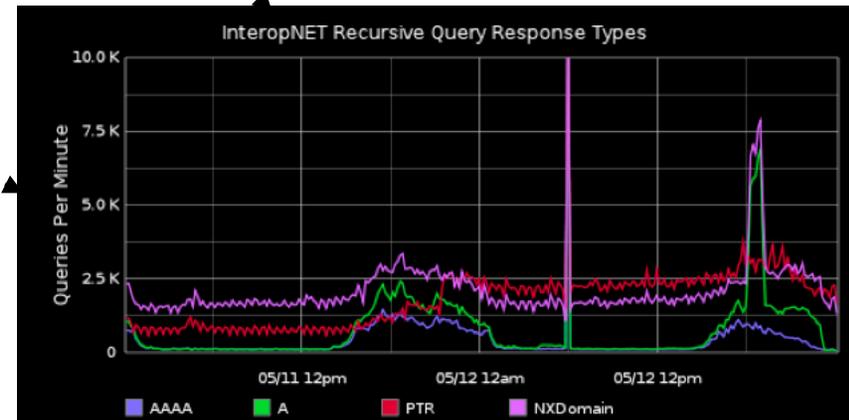
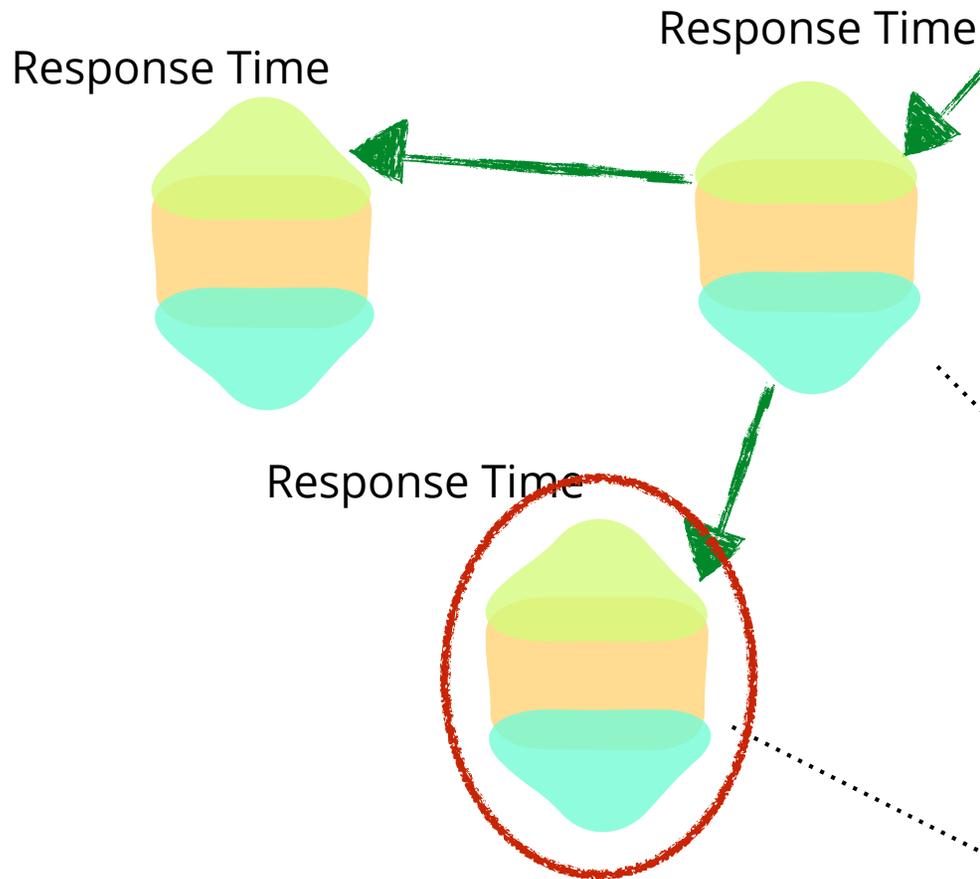
GitHub project Logstash Elasticsearch

Star 1,198

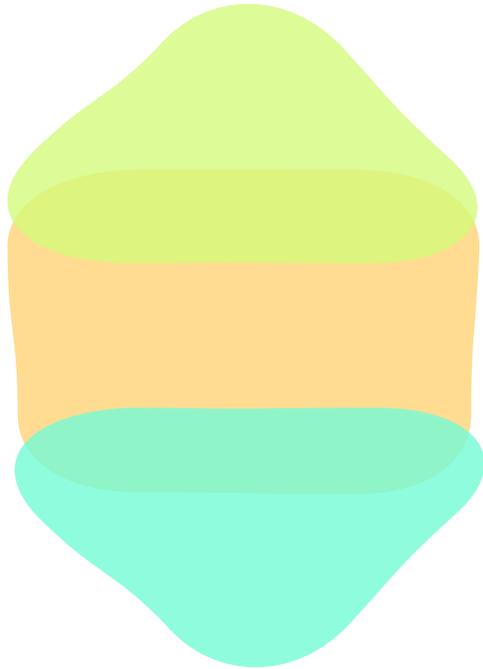
Fork 287

**Every event** under one roof

# Aggregating Monitors



# Aggregating Monitors



**numberOfApplicationErrors**

57

**numberOfServedRequestsWithResponse200**

136711

**numberOfServedRequestsWithResponse304**

27782

**numberOfServedRequestsWithResponse404**

303

**numberOfServedRequestsWithResponse500**

141

**totalNumberOfServedRequests**

172383



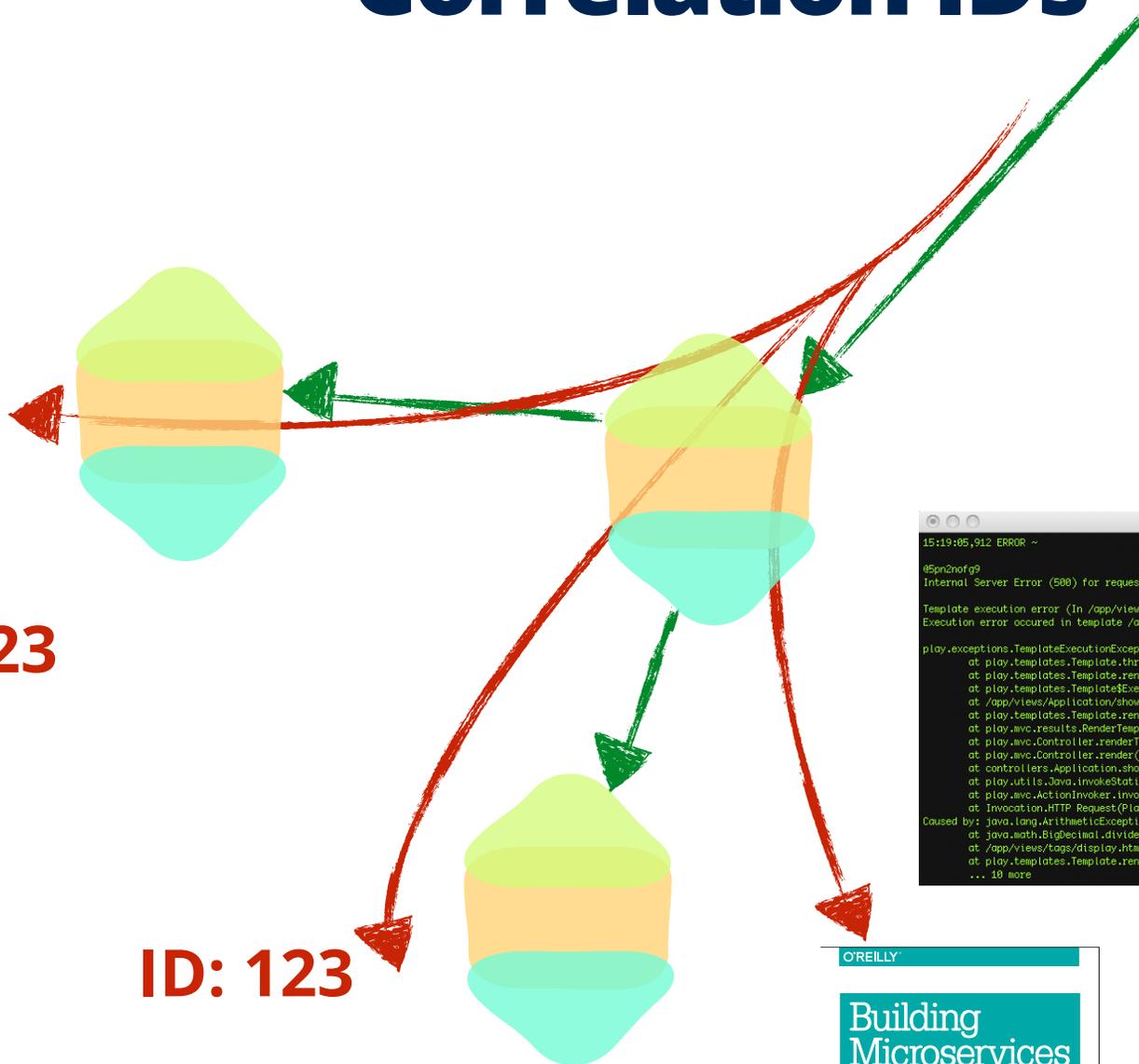
*Capture metrics, and logs, for each node, and aggregate them to get a rolled up picture.*





# Correlation IDs

ID: 123



ID: 123

ID: 123

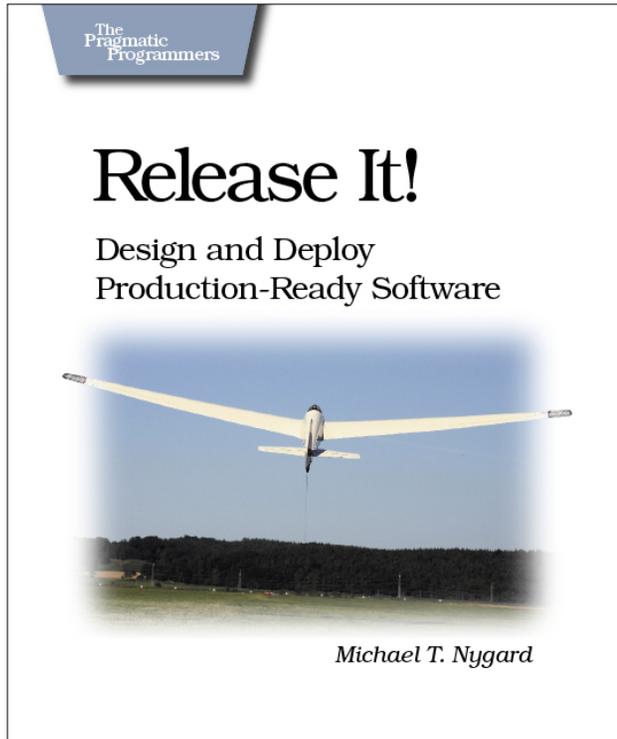
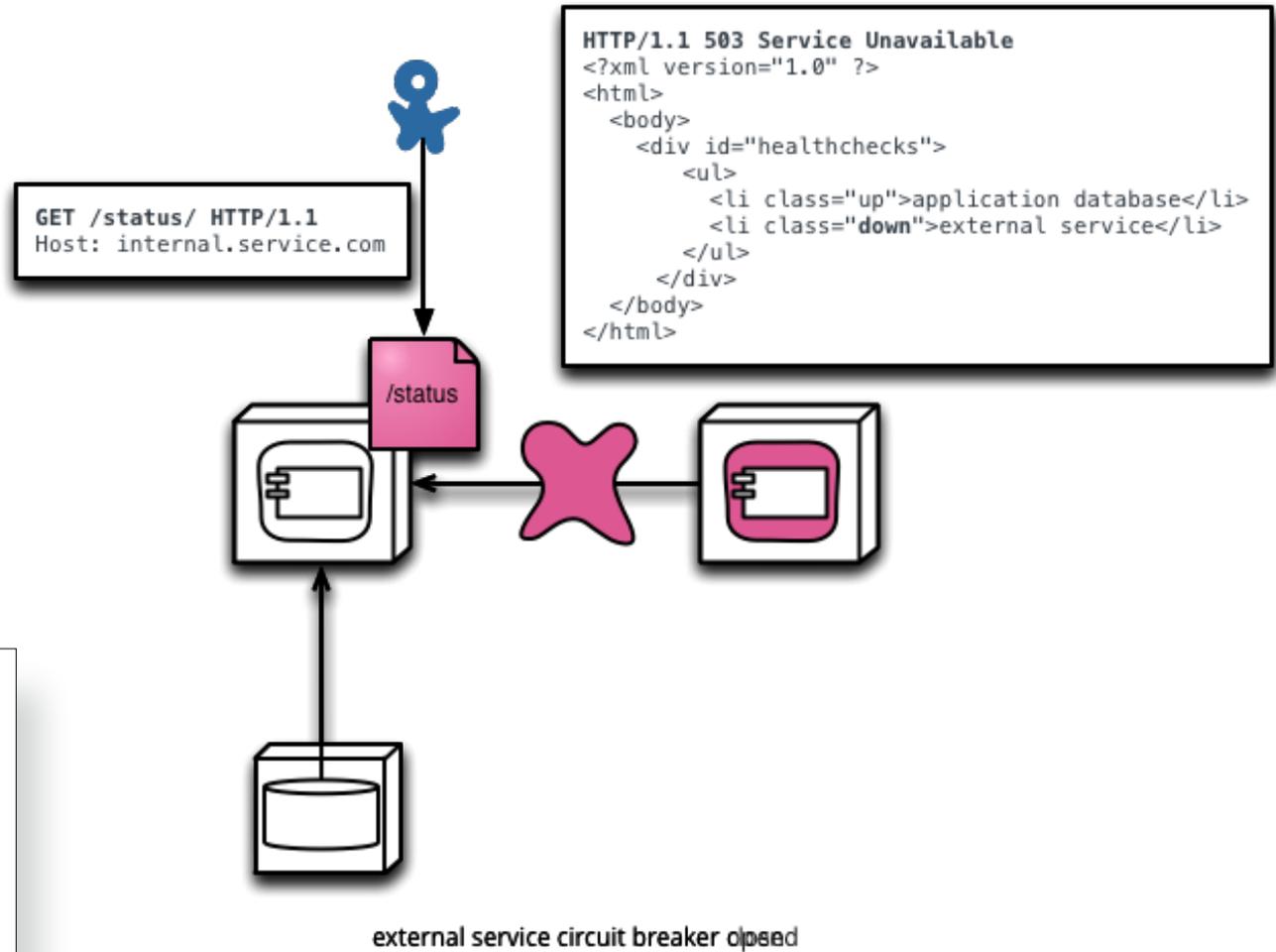
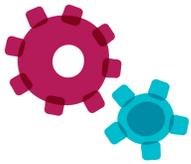
```
Terminal — java — 130x26
15:19:05,912 ERROR ~
@5pn2nofg9
Internal Server Error (500) for request GET /posts/1
Template execution error (in /app/views/tags/display.html around line 18)
Execution error occurred in template /app/views/tags/display.html. Exception raised was ArithmeticException: / by zero.

play.exceptions.TemplateExecutionException: / by zero
    at play.templates.Template.throwException(Template.java:262)
    at play.templates.Template.render(Template.java:227)
    at play.templates.Template$ExecutableTemplate.invokeTag(Template.java:359)
    at /app/views/Application/show.html.(line:121)
    at play.templates.Template.render(Template.java:287)
    at play.mvc.results.RenderTemplate.<init>(RenderTemplate.java:22)
    at play.mvc.Controller.renderTemplate(Controller.java:367)
    at play.mvc.Controller.render(Controller.java:393)
    at controllers.Application.show(Application.java:26)
    at play.utils.Java.invokeStatic(Java.java:129)
    at play.mvc.ActionInvoker.invoke(ActionInvoker.java:124)
    at Invocation.HTTP_Request(Play!)
Caused by: java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero
    at java.math.BigDecimal.divide(BigDecimal.java:1327)
    at /app/views/tags/display.html.(line:18)
    at play.templates.Template.render(Template.java:287)
    ... 10 more
```



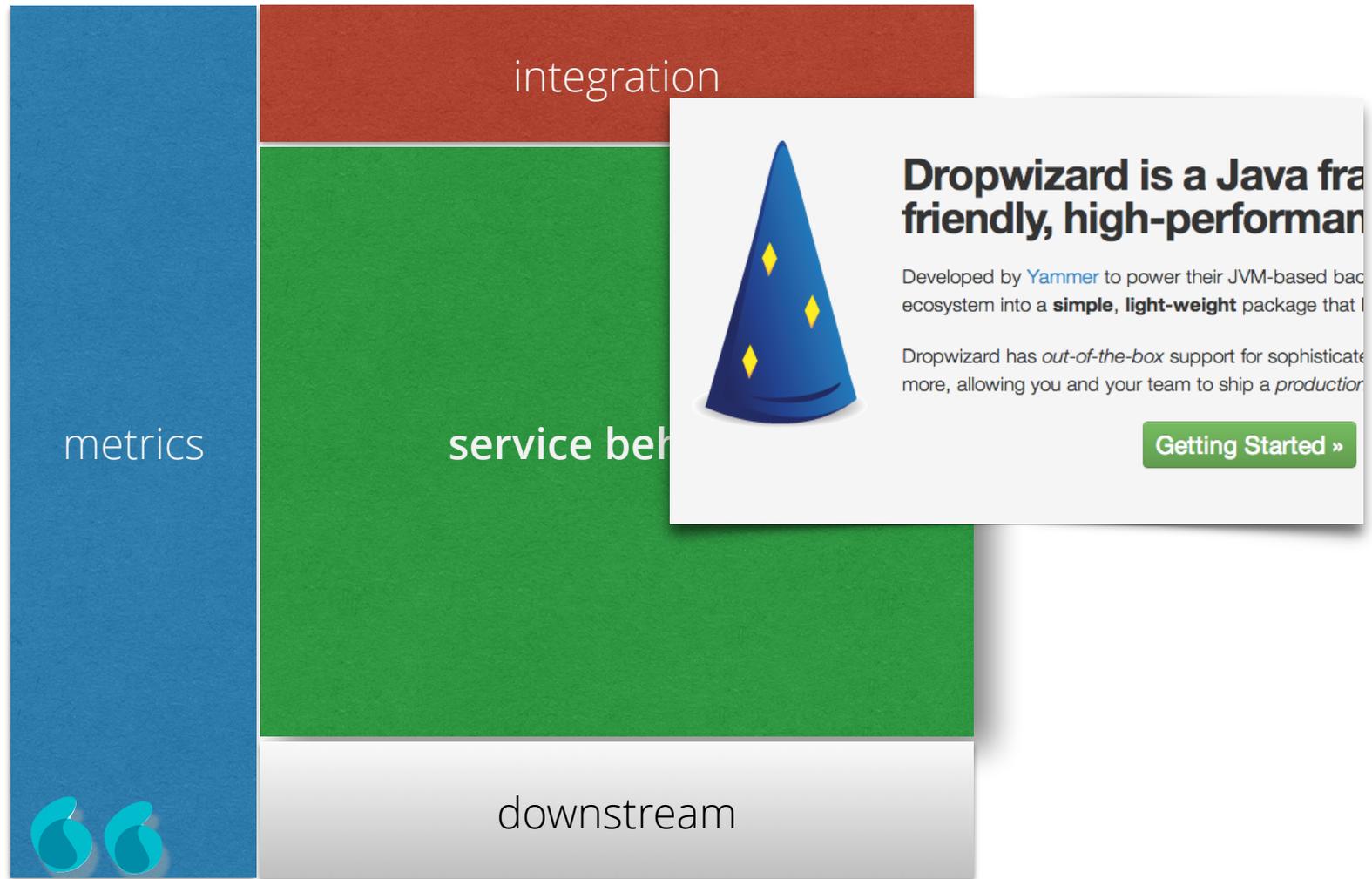
Use correlation IDs to track down nasty bugs

Sam Newman



Use timeouts, circuit breakers and bulk-heads to avoid cascading failure.

# Engineering Consistency

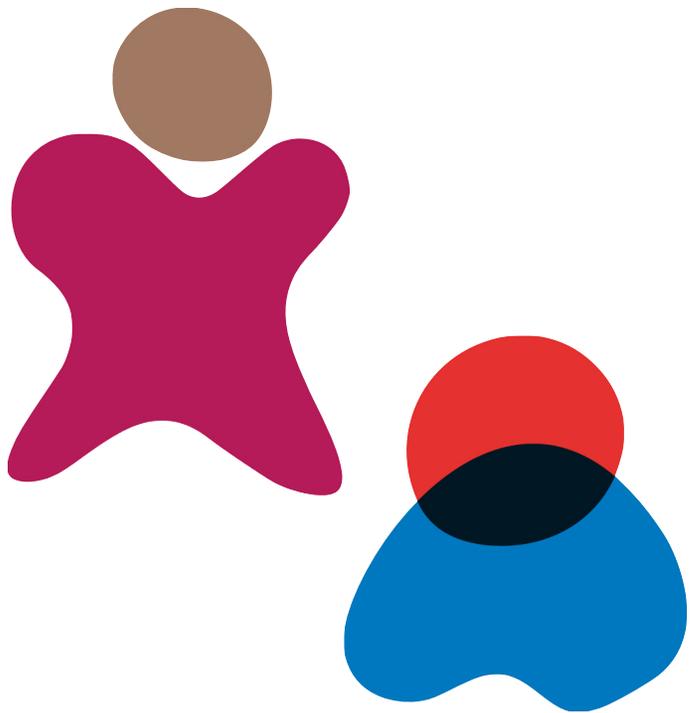


*Consider Service Templates to make it easy to do the right thing!*

# Orchestration



Orchestration describes the automated arrangement, coordination, and management of complex computer systems, middleware, and services.



choreography

vs.

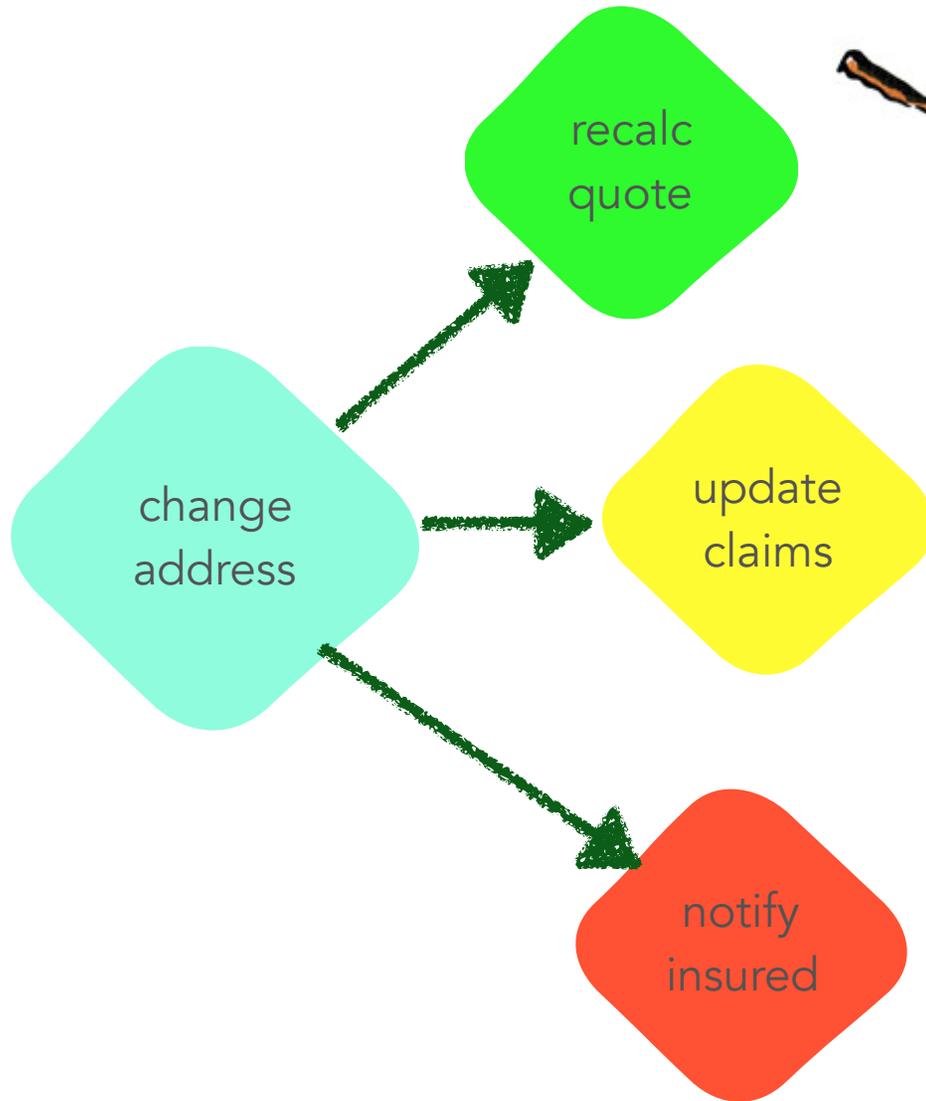
orchestration



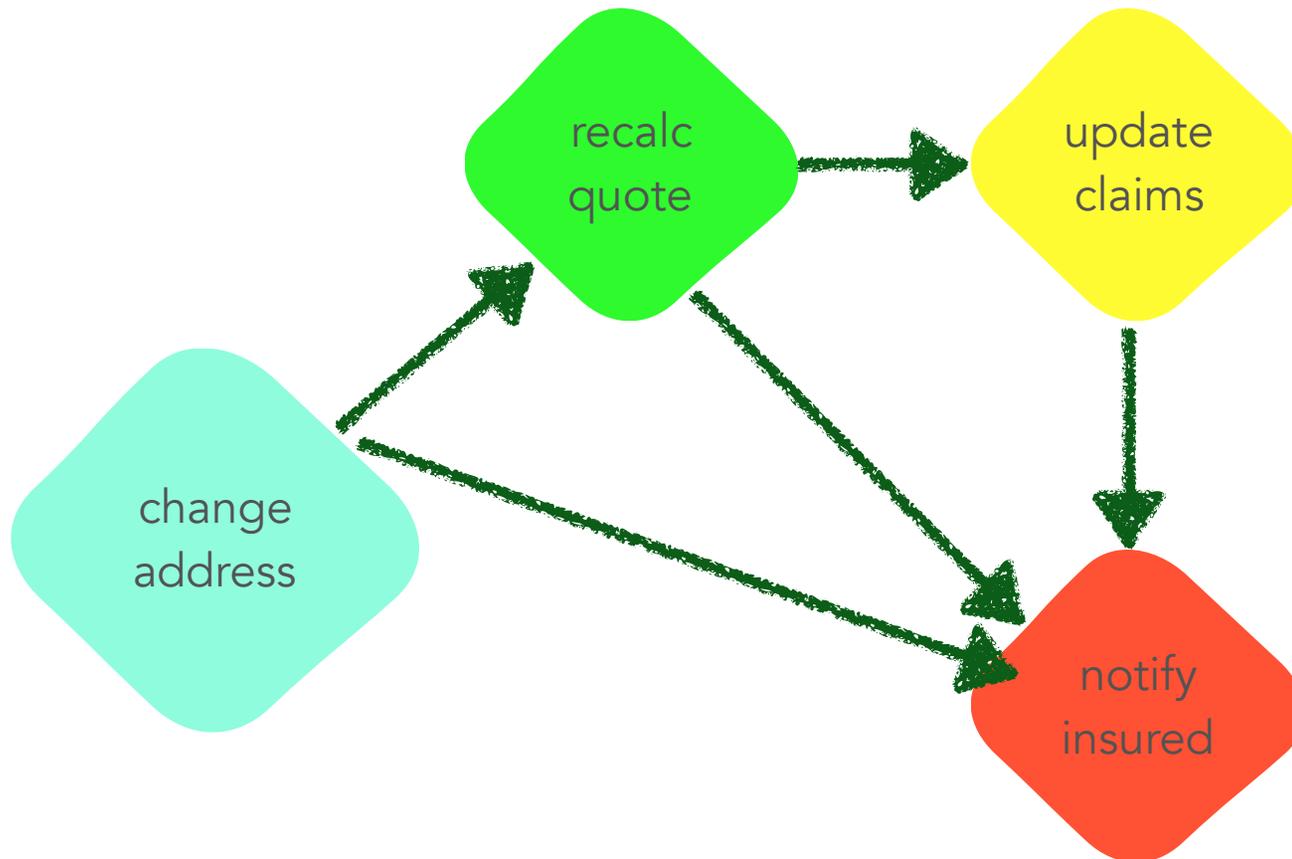
in

microservices

# Orchestration

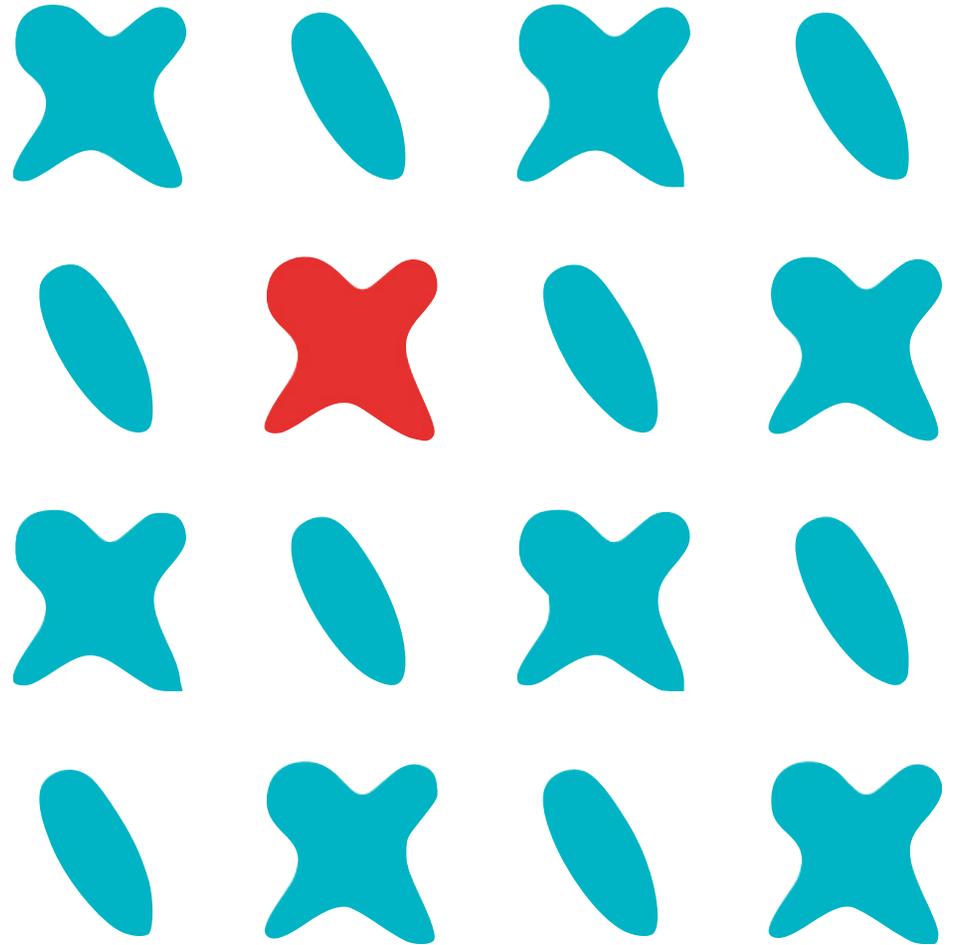
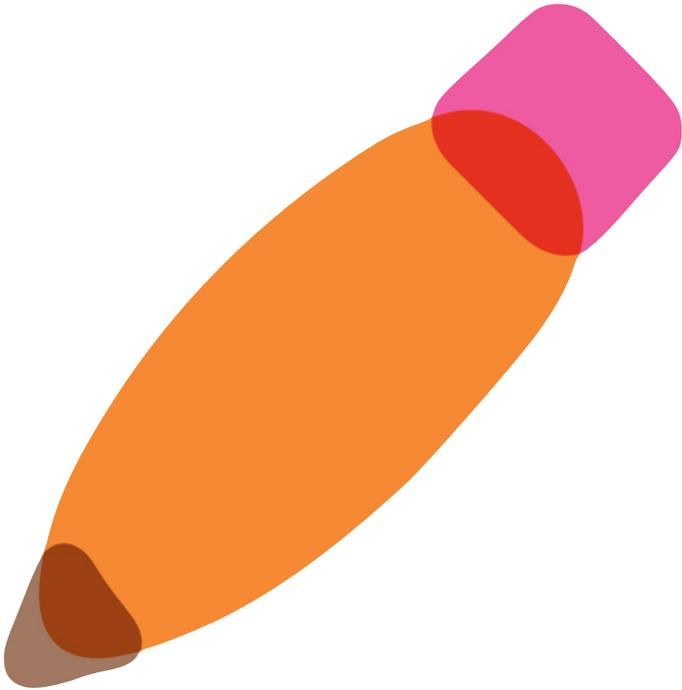


# Choreography



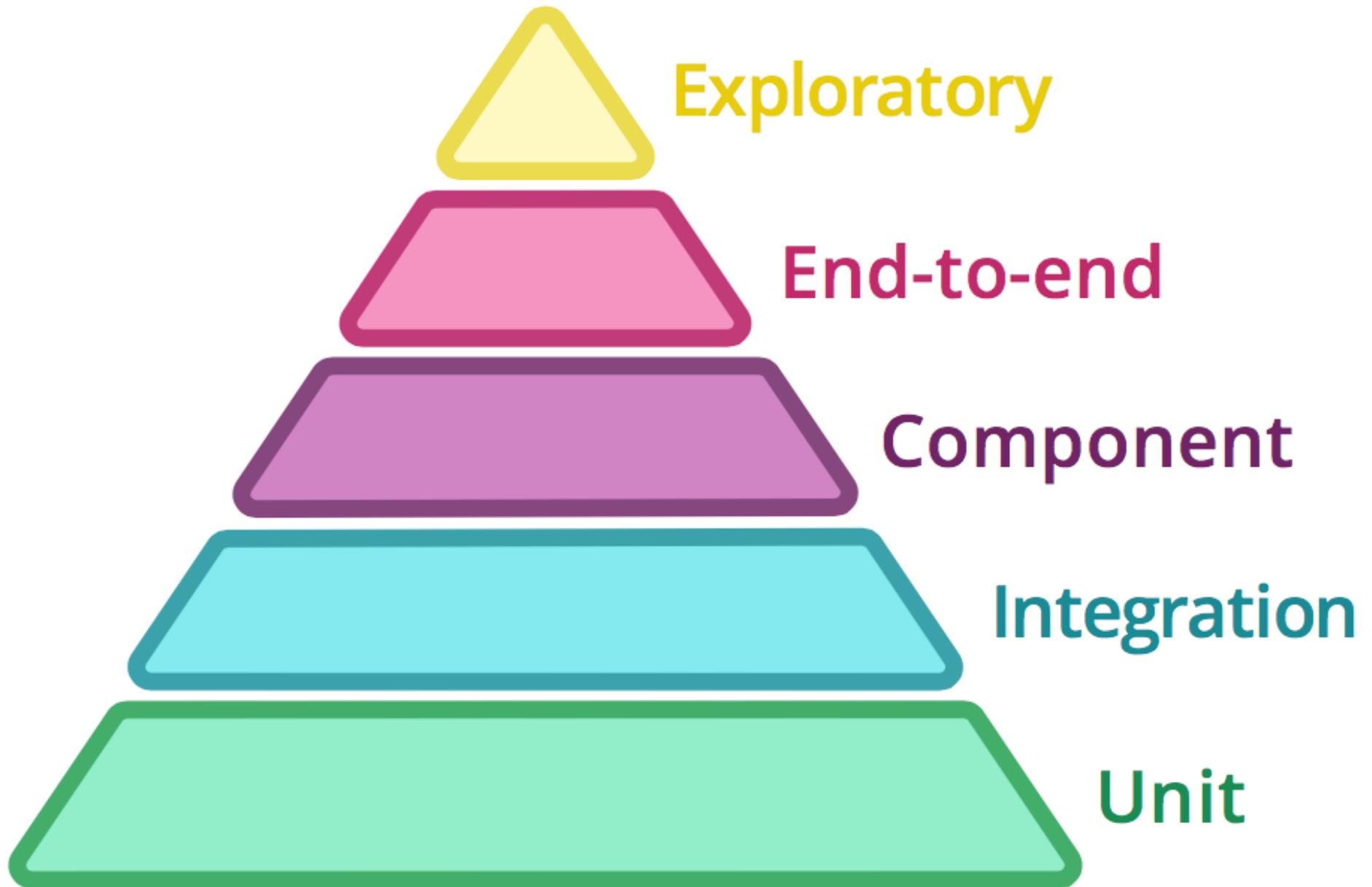
mediator versus broker topology

# Testing Microservices

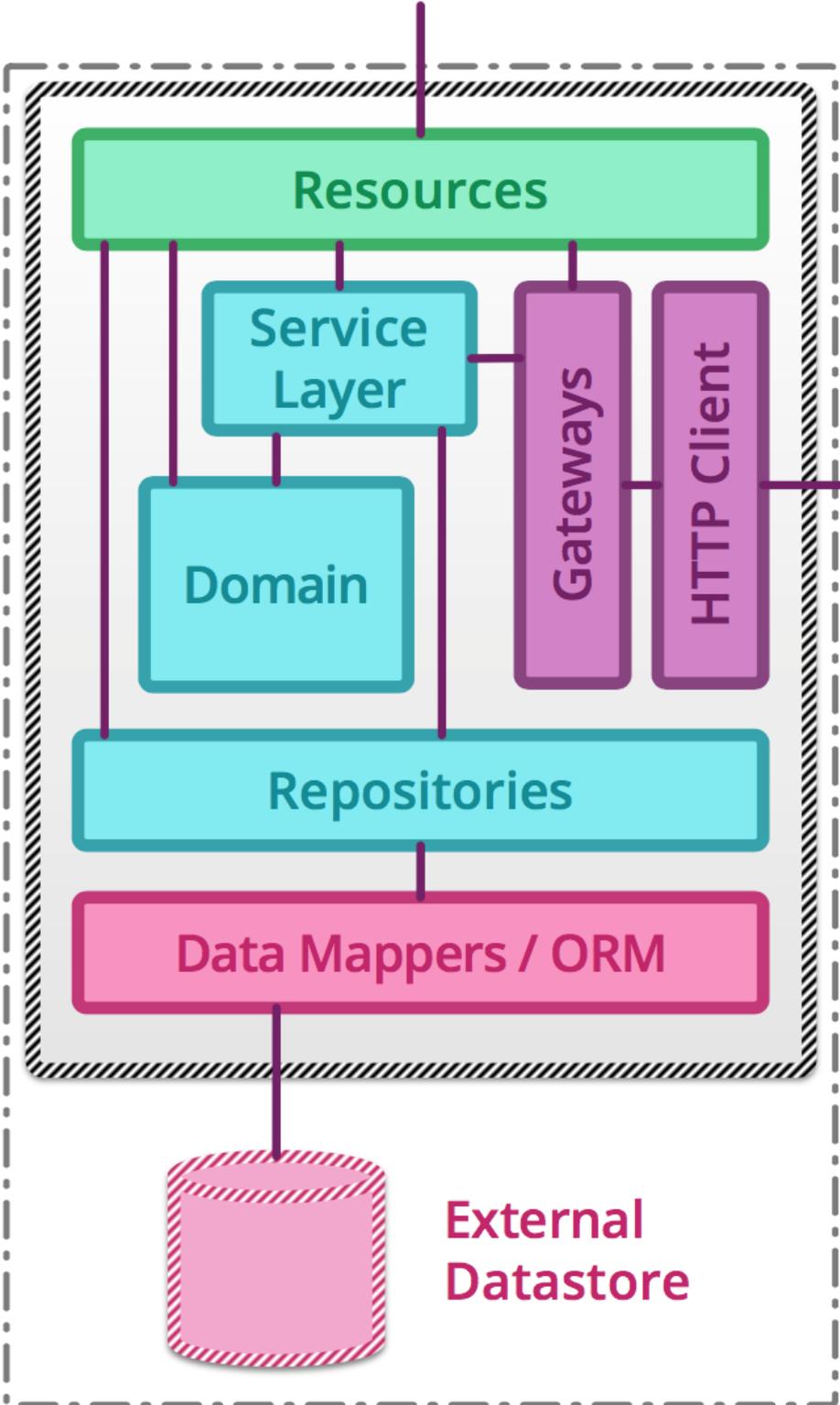


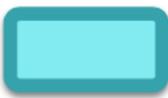
<http://martinfowler.com/articles/microservice-testing/>

# Test Pyramid for Microservices

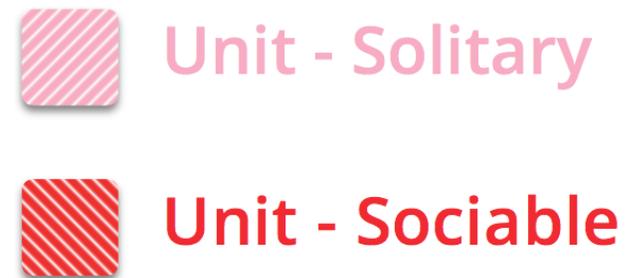
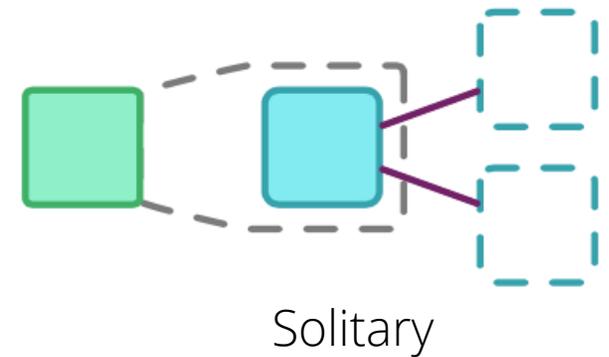
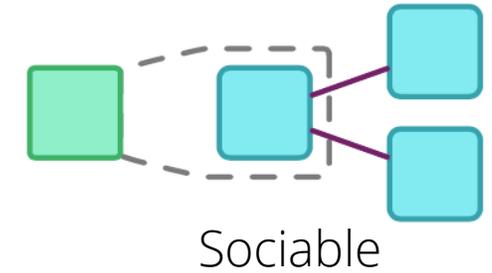
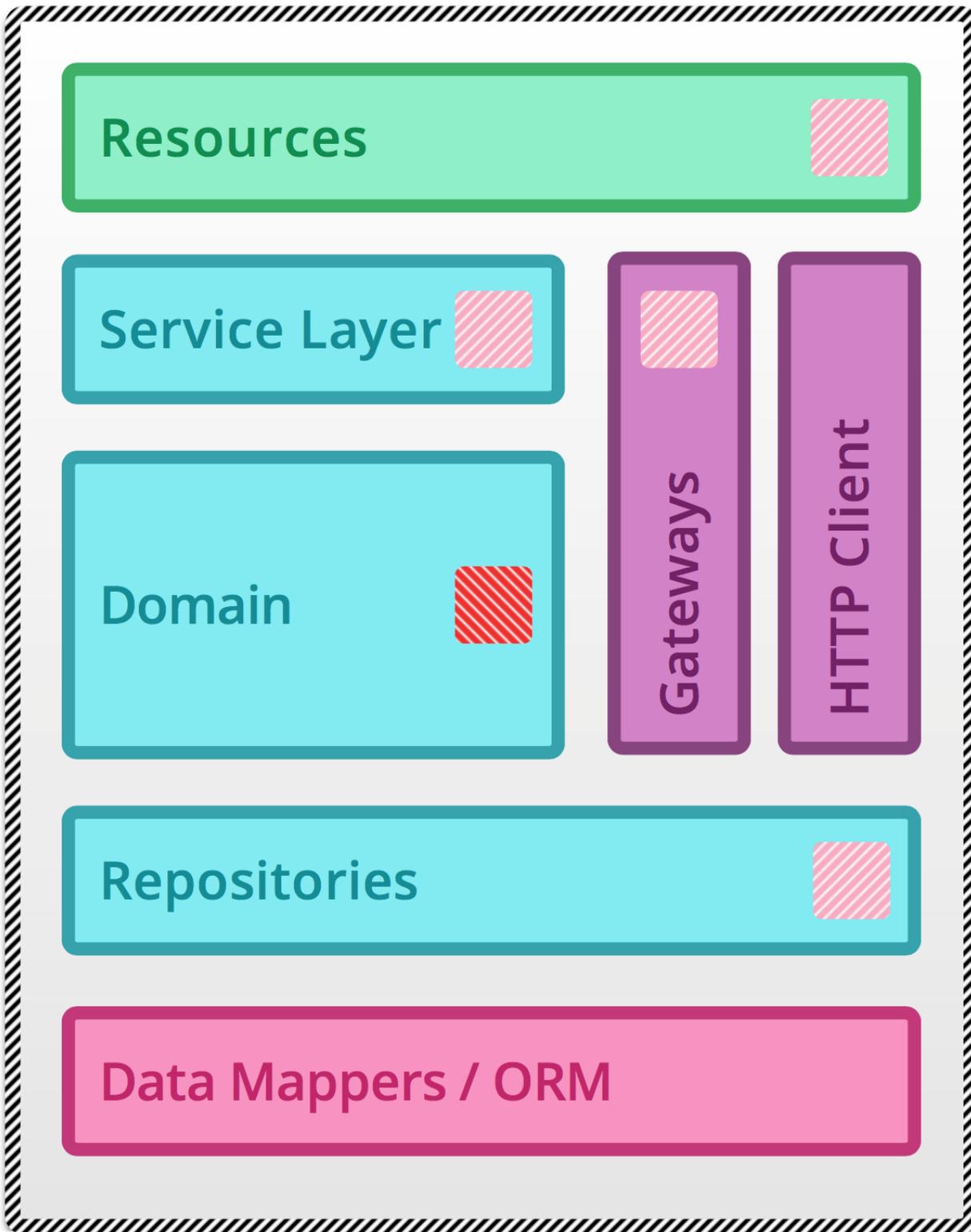


# Inside the Box

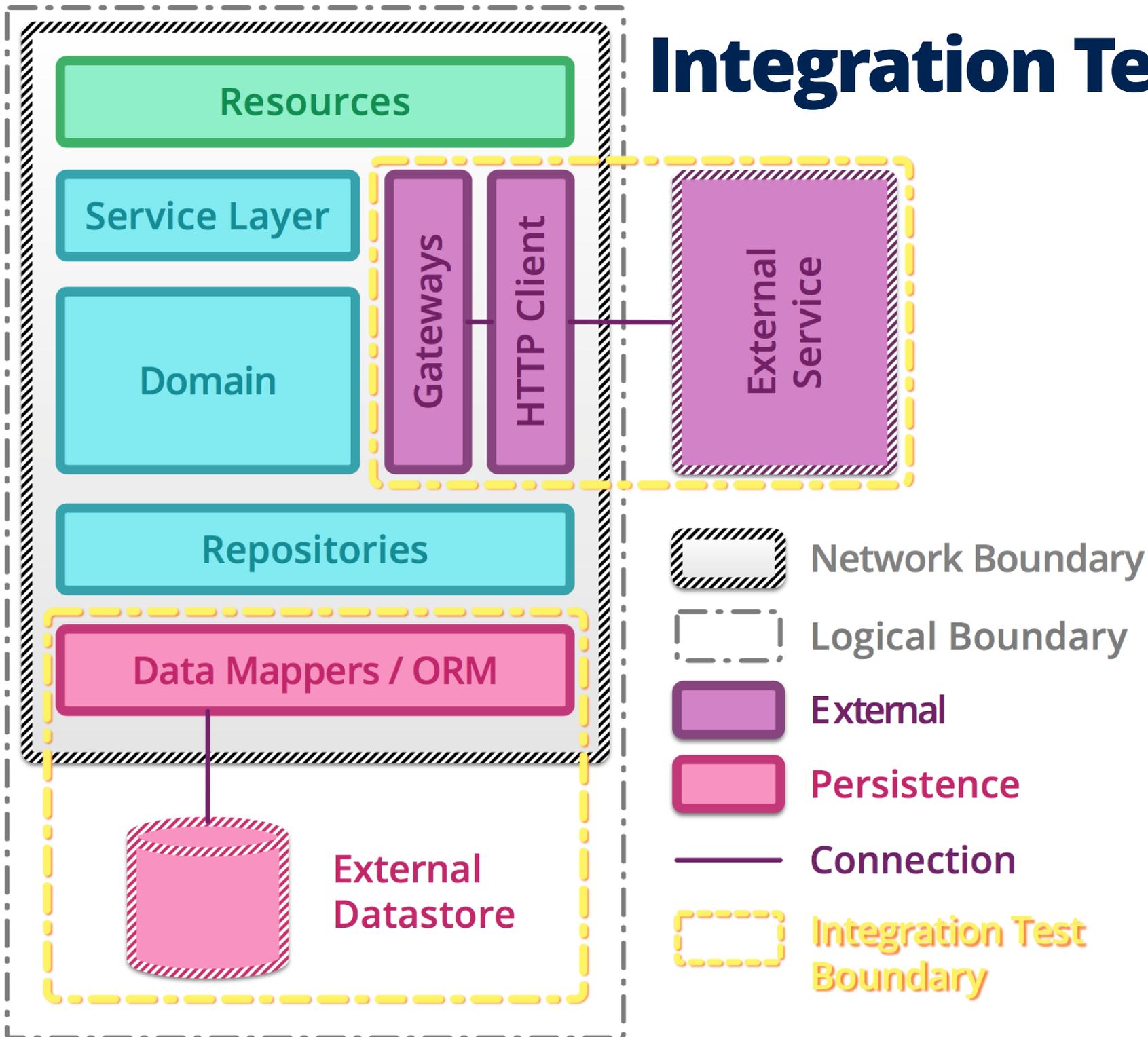


-  Network Boundary
-  Logical Boundary
-  Protocol
-  Domain
-  External
-  Persistence
-  Connection

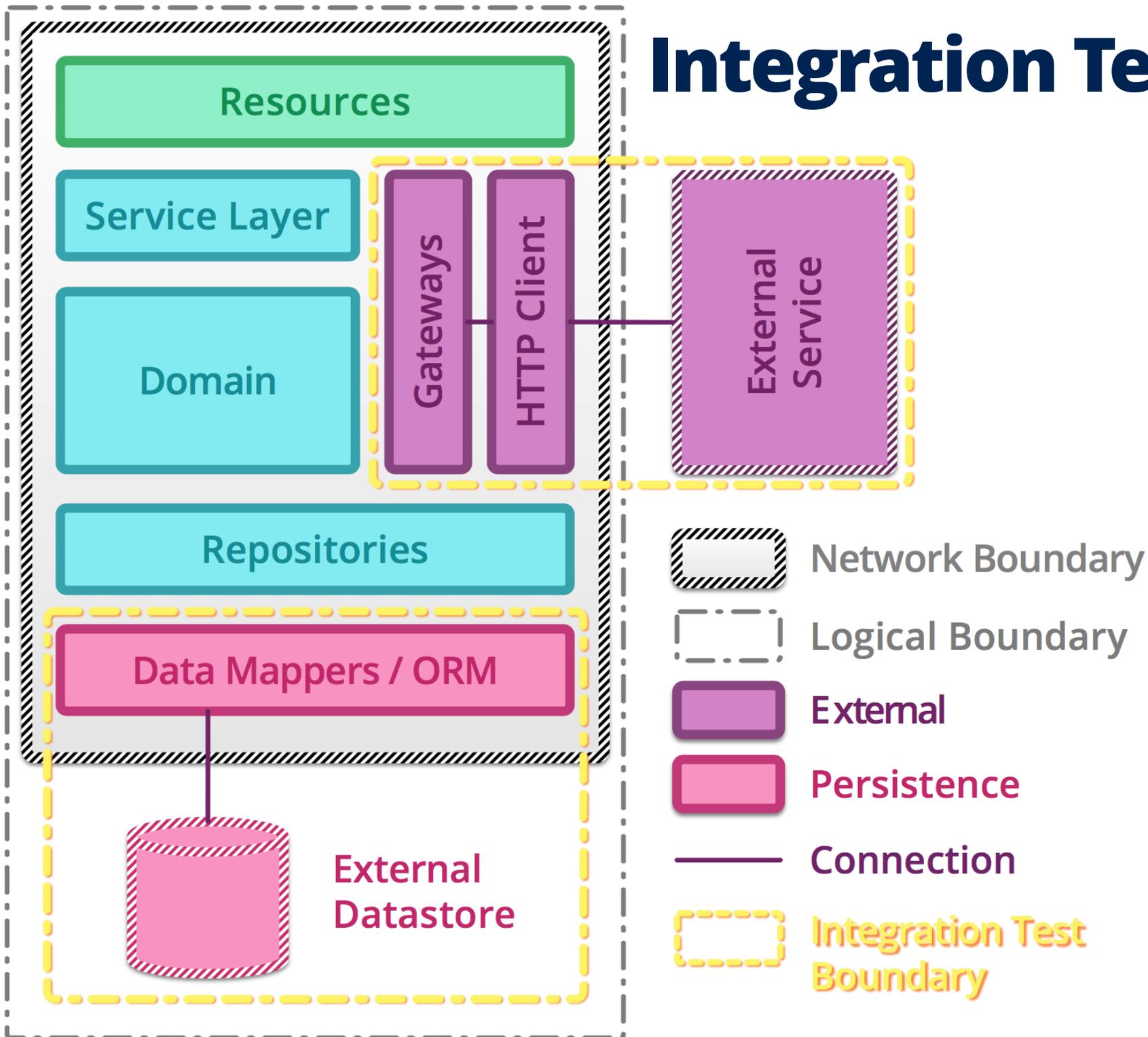
# Unit Testing



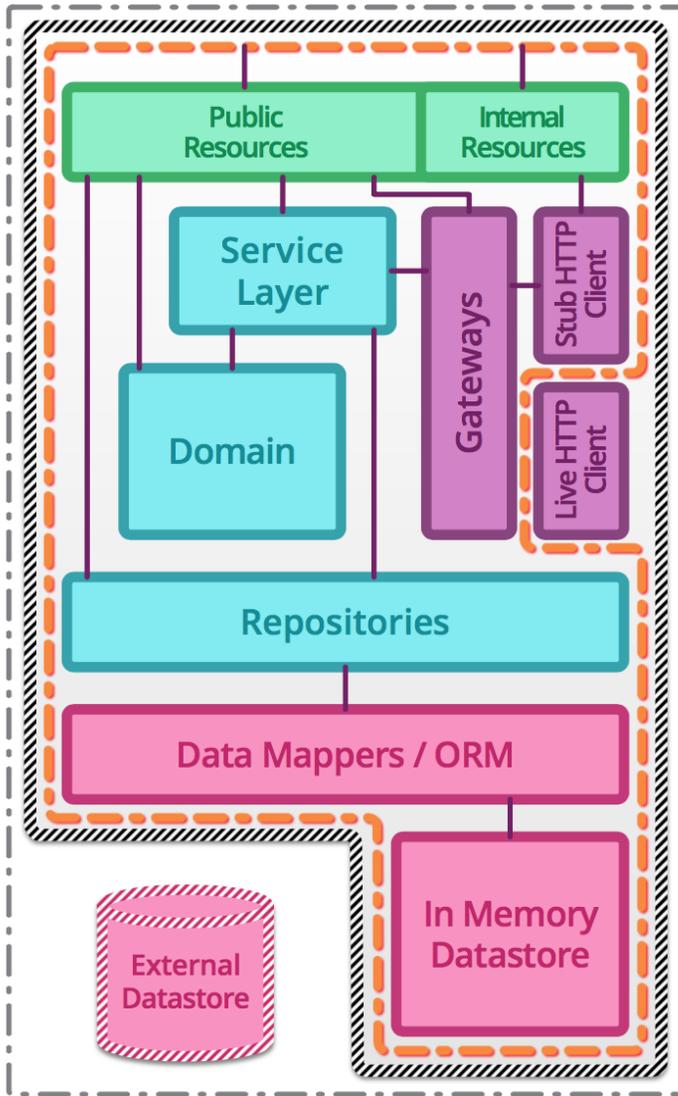
# Integration Testing

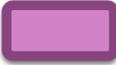


# Integration Testing

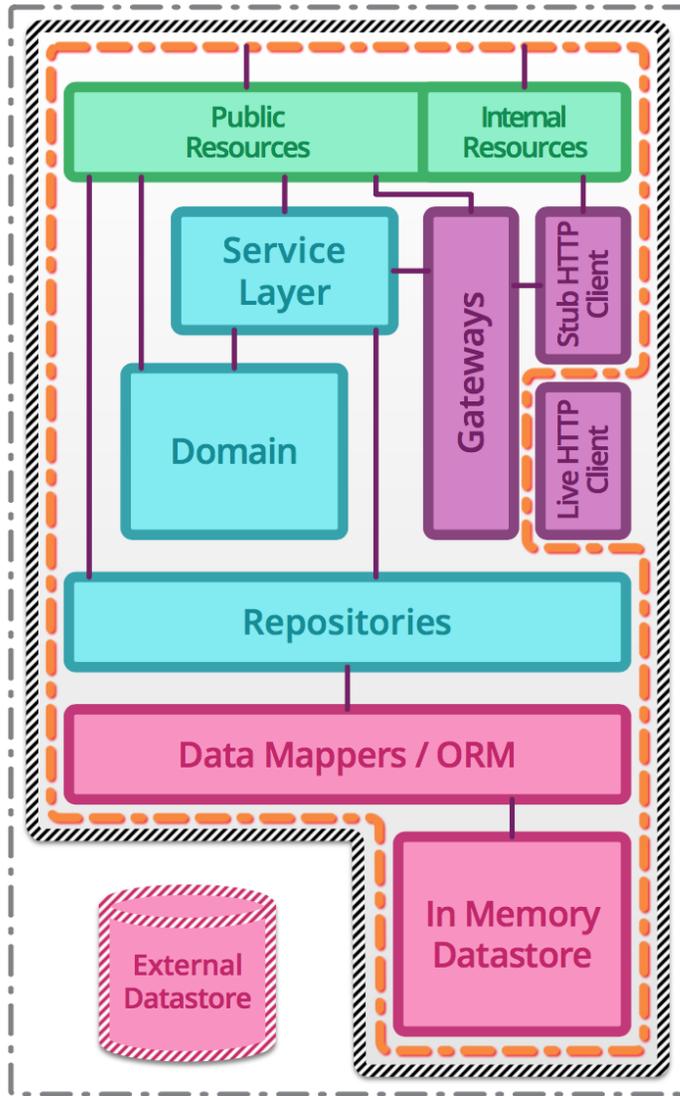


# Component Testing



-  Protocol
-  Domain
-  Network Boundary
-  Logical Boundary
-  External
-  Persistence
-  Communication
-  Component Test Boundary

# Component Testing



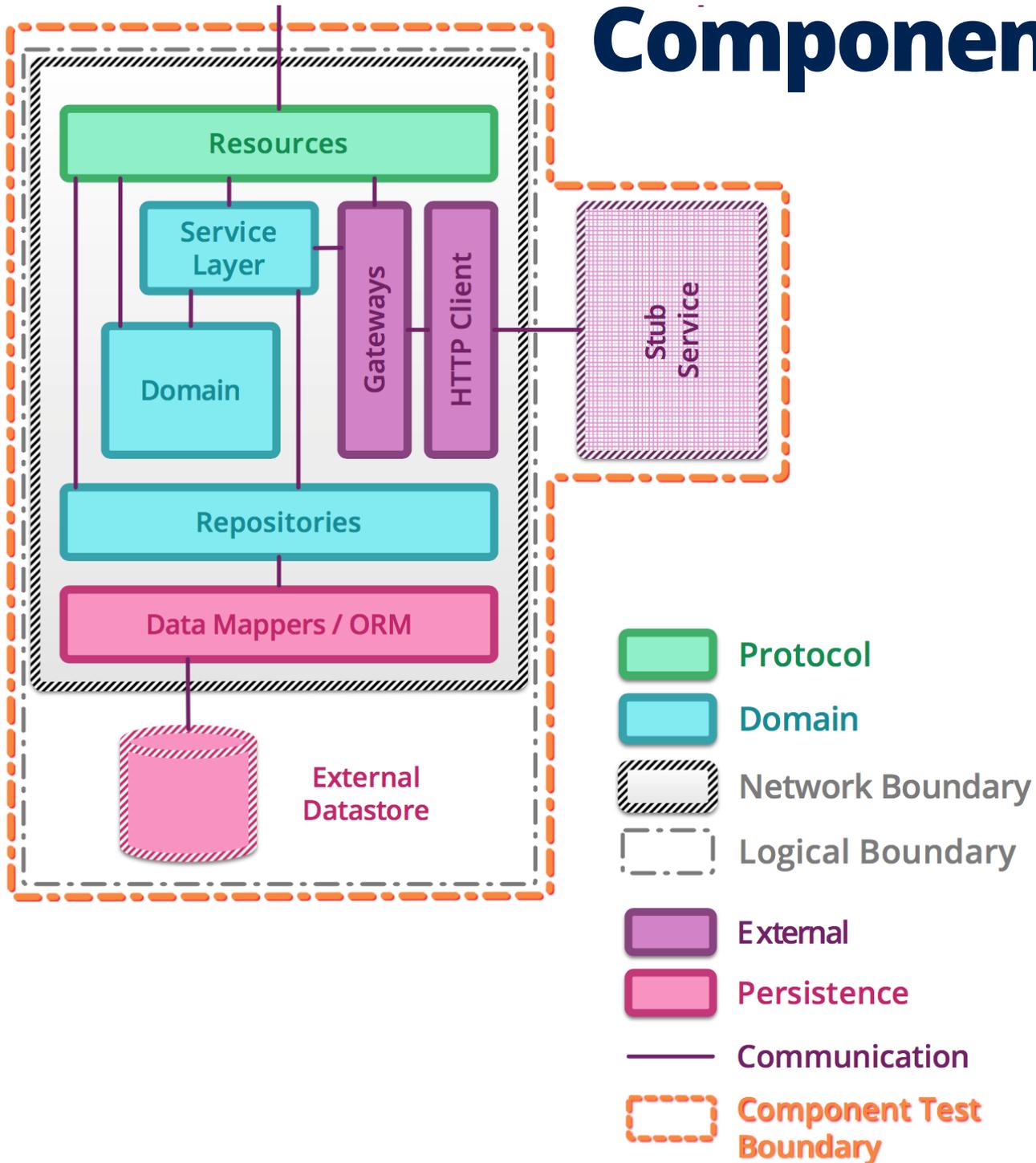
shims:

inproctester  
[github.com/aharin/inproctester](https://github.com/aharin/inproctester)

Plasma  
[github.com/jennifersmith/plasma](https://github.com/jennifersmith/plasma)

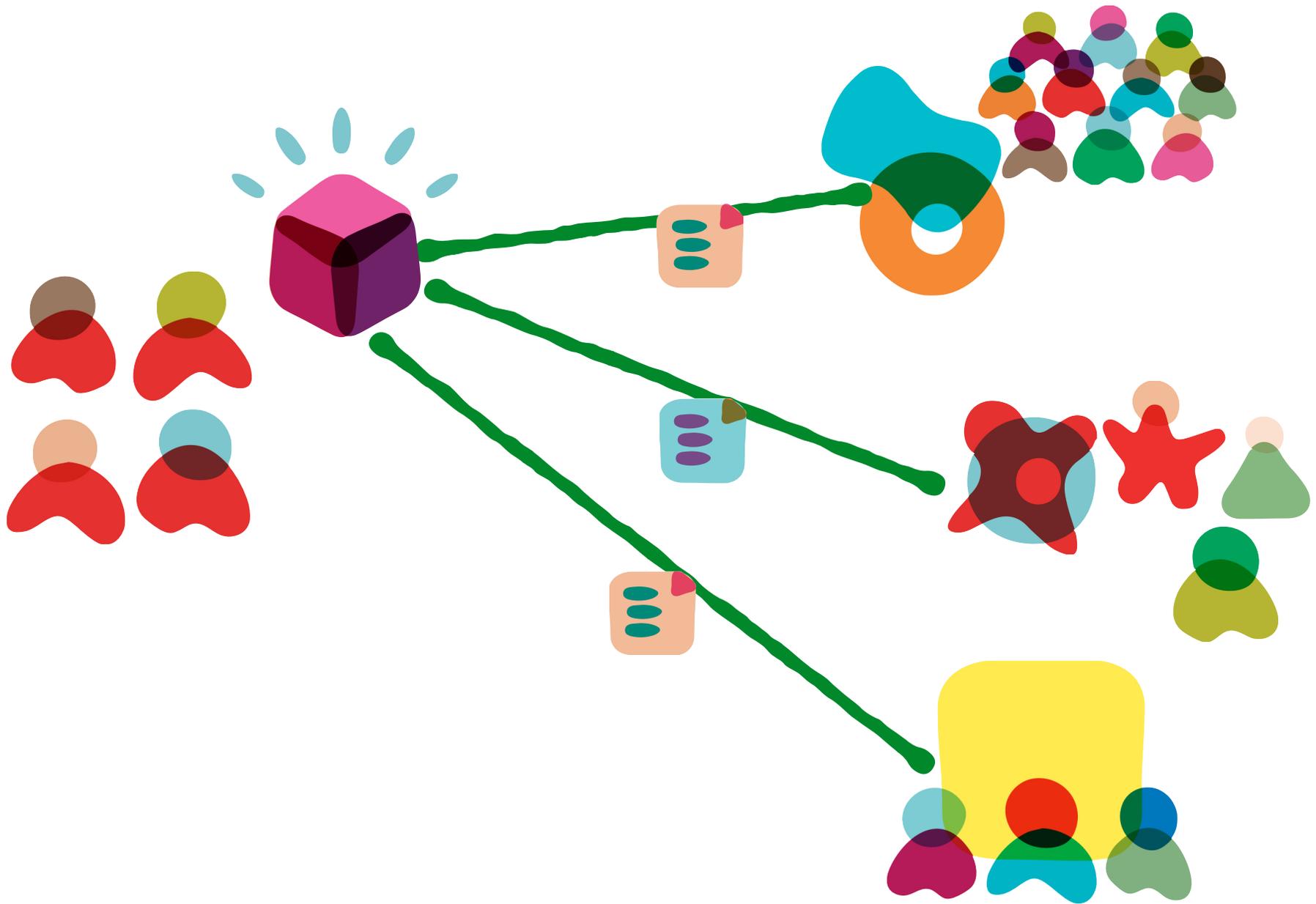
- Protocol
- Domain
- Network Boundary
- Logical Boundary
- External
- Persistence
- Communication
- Component Test Boundary

# Component Testing



# Consumer Driven Contracts

<http://martinfowler.com/articles/consumerDrivenContracts.html>



# Contract Testing

Pact

[github.com/realestate-com-au/pact](https://github.com/realestate-com-au/pact)

Pactio

[github.com/thoughtworks/pactio](https://github.com/thoughtworks/pactio)

Janus

[github.com/gga/janus](https://github.com/gga/janus)



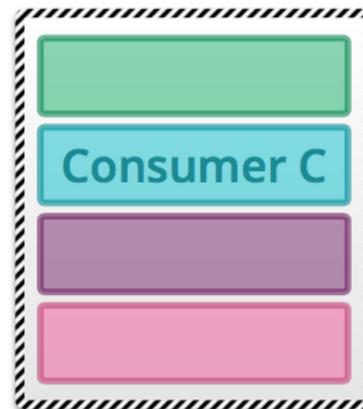
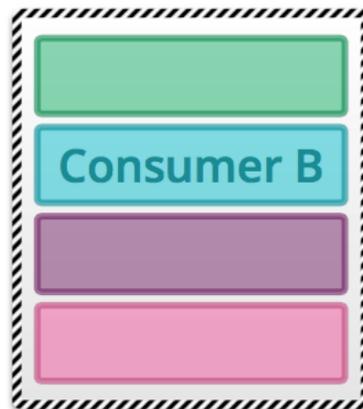
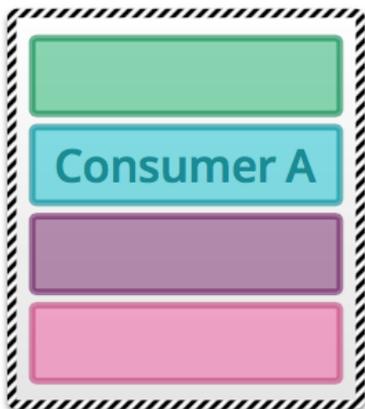
```
{ "id": 5,  
  "name": "James",  
  "age": 24 }
```



```
{ "id": 5,  
  "name": "James",  
  "age": 24 }
```

```
{ "id": 5,  
  "name": "James",  
  "age": 24 }
```

```
{ "id": 5,  
  "name": "James",  
  "age": 24 }
```



# End-to-End Testing

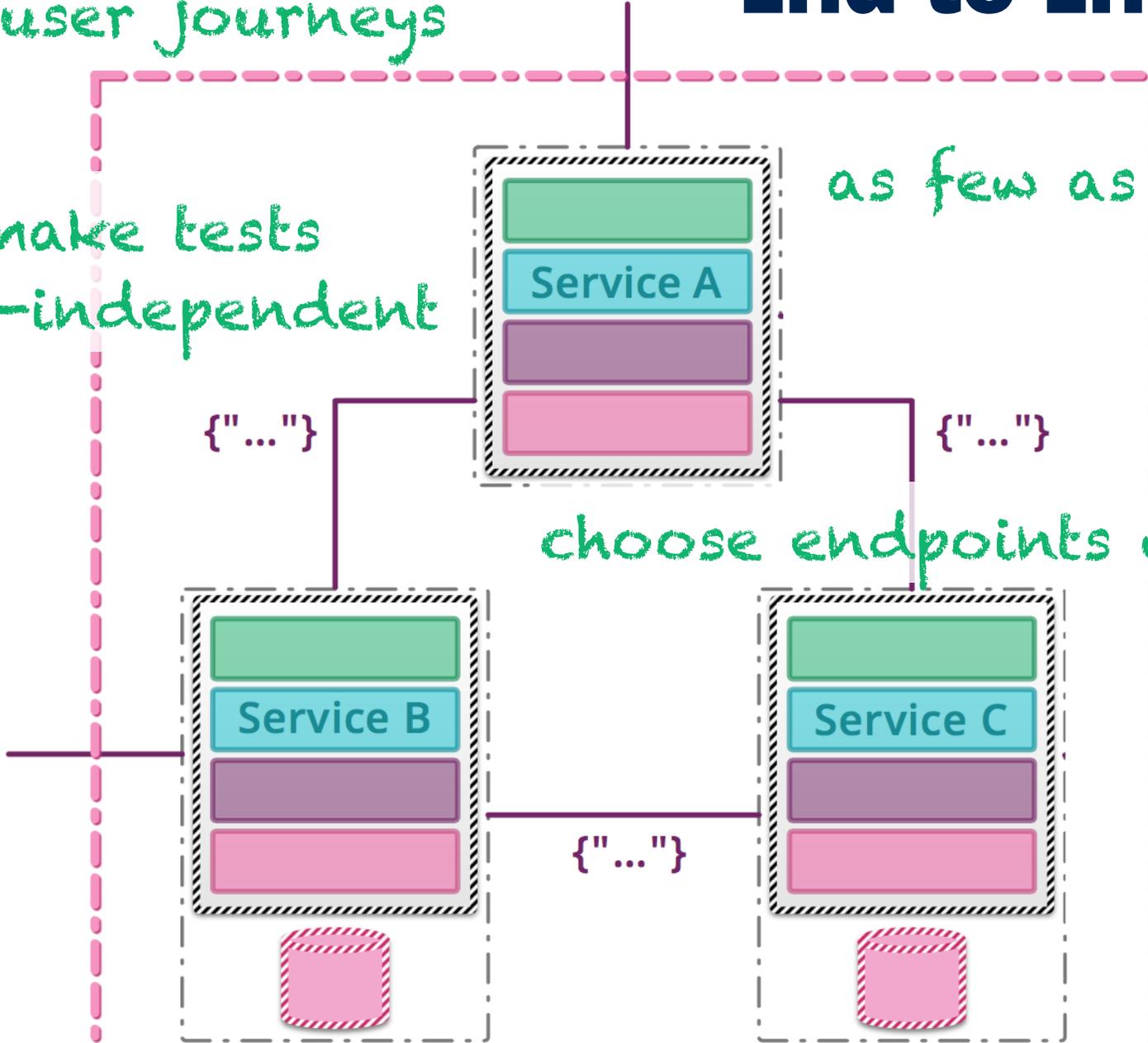
focus on personas  
& user journeys

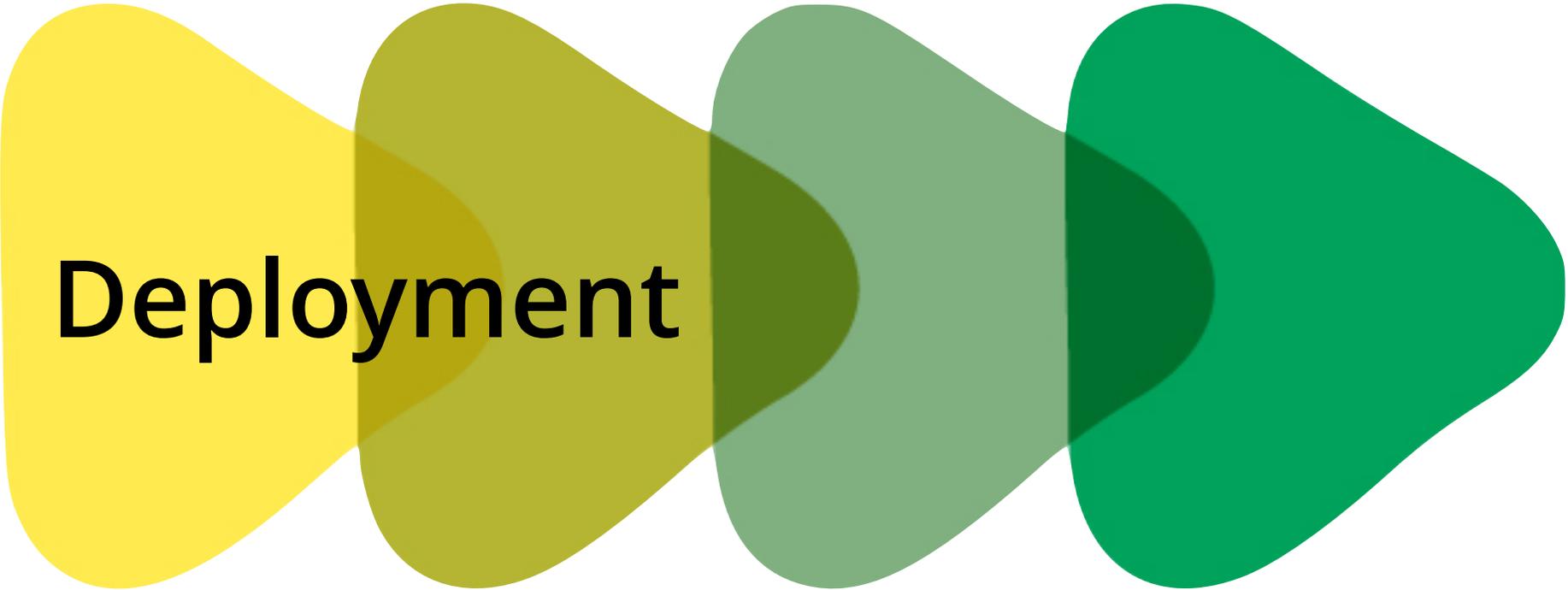
make tests  
data-independent

as few as possible

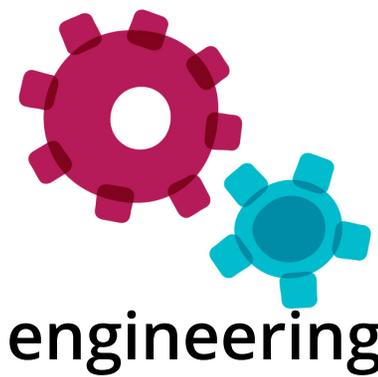
choose endpoints wisely

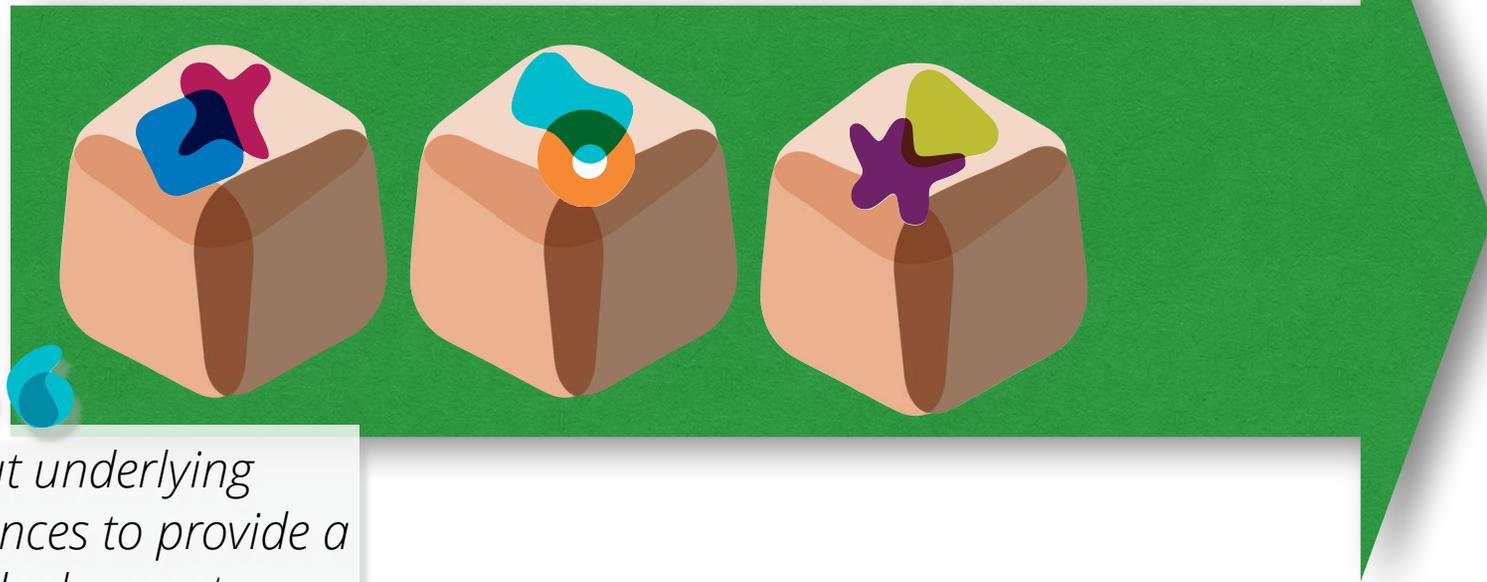
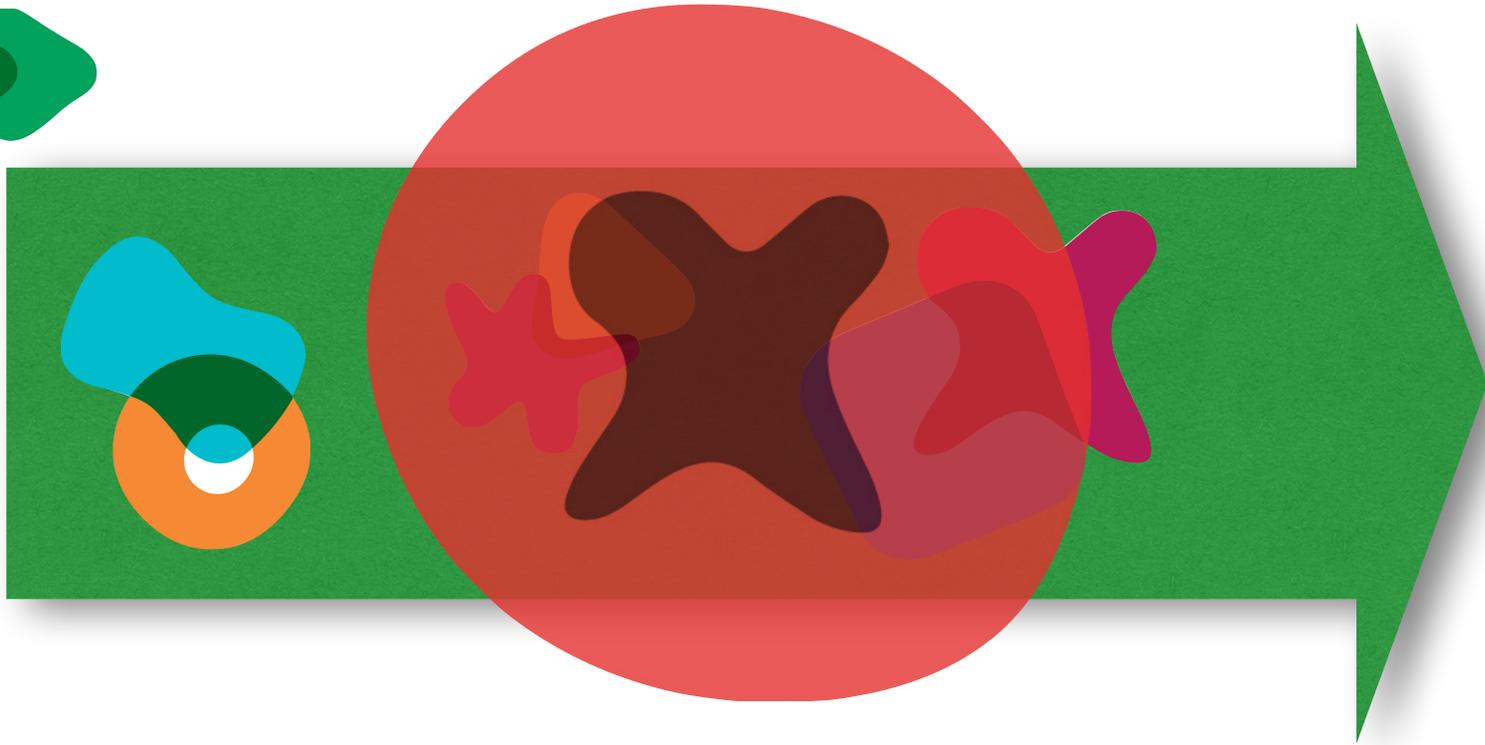
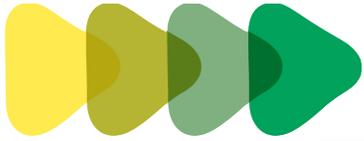
rely on infrastructure as code for repeatability





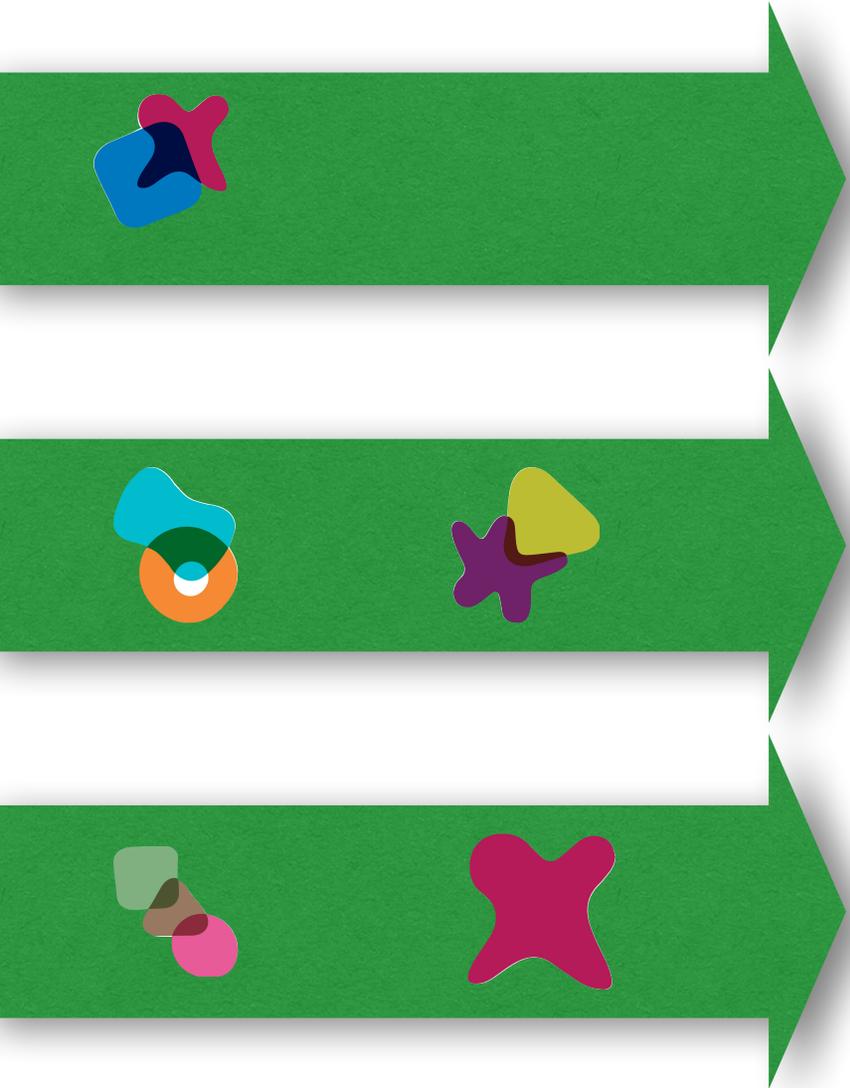
**Deployment**



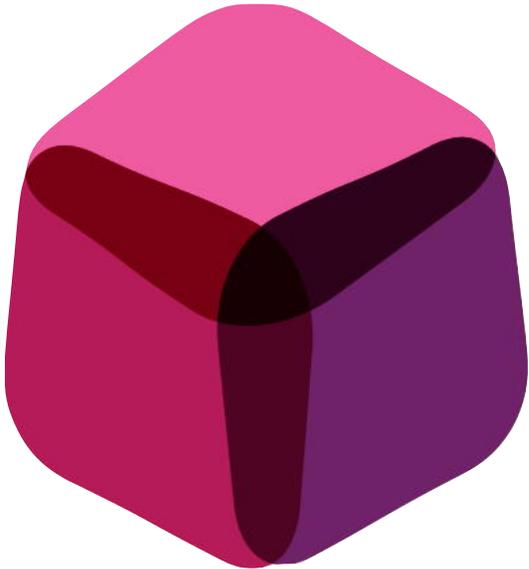


*Abstract out underlying platform differences to provide a uniform deployment mechanism.*

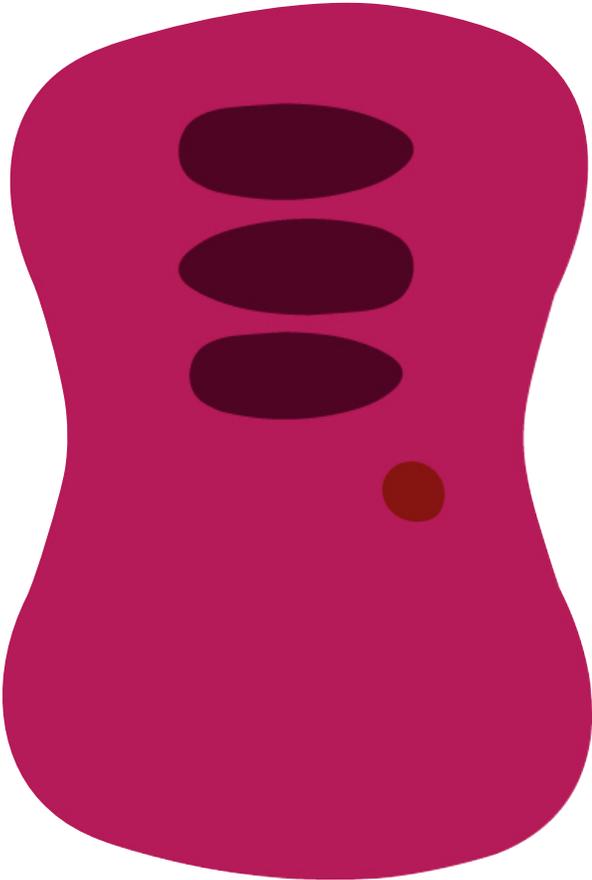
# Don't Let Changes Build Up



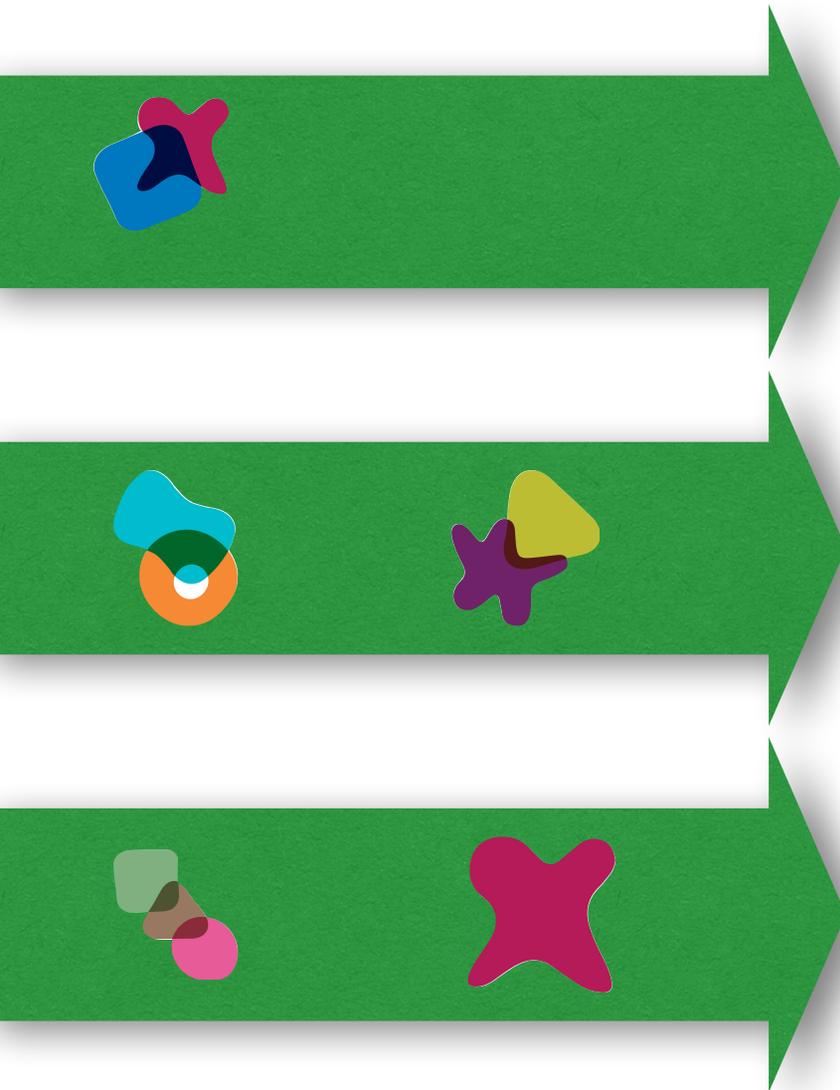
staging



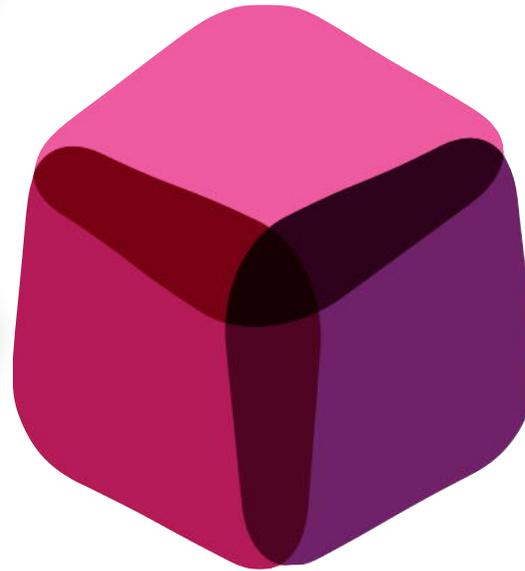
production



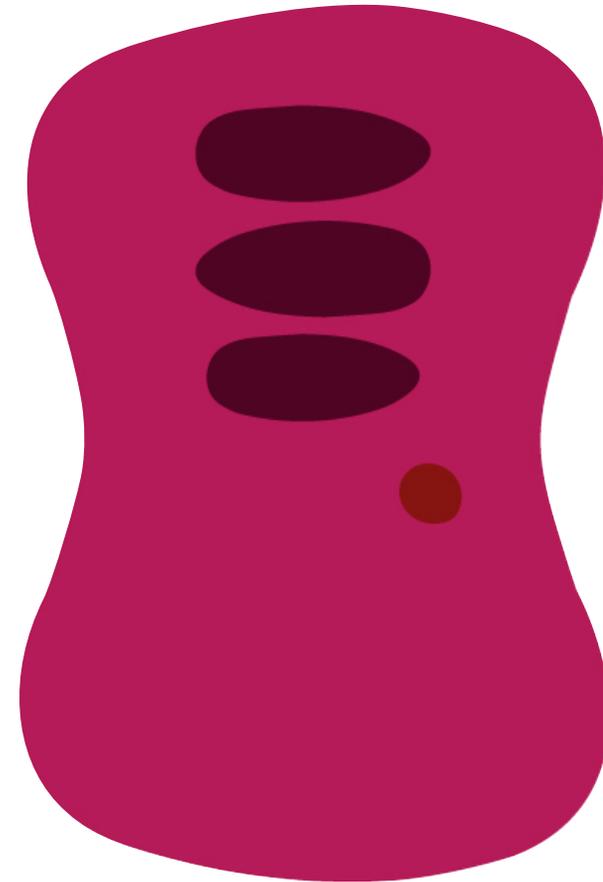
# Don't Let Changes Build Up



staging



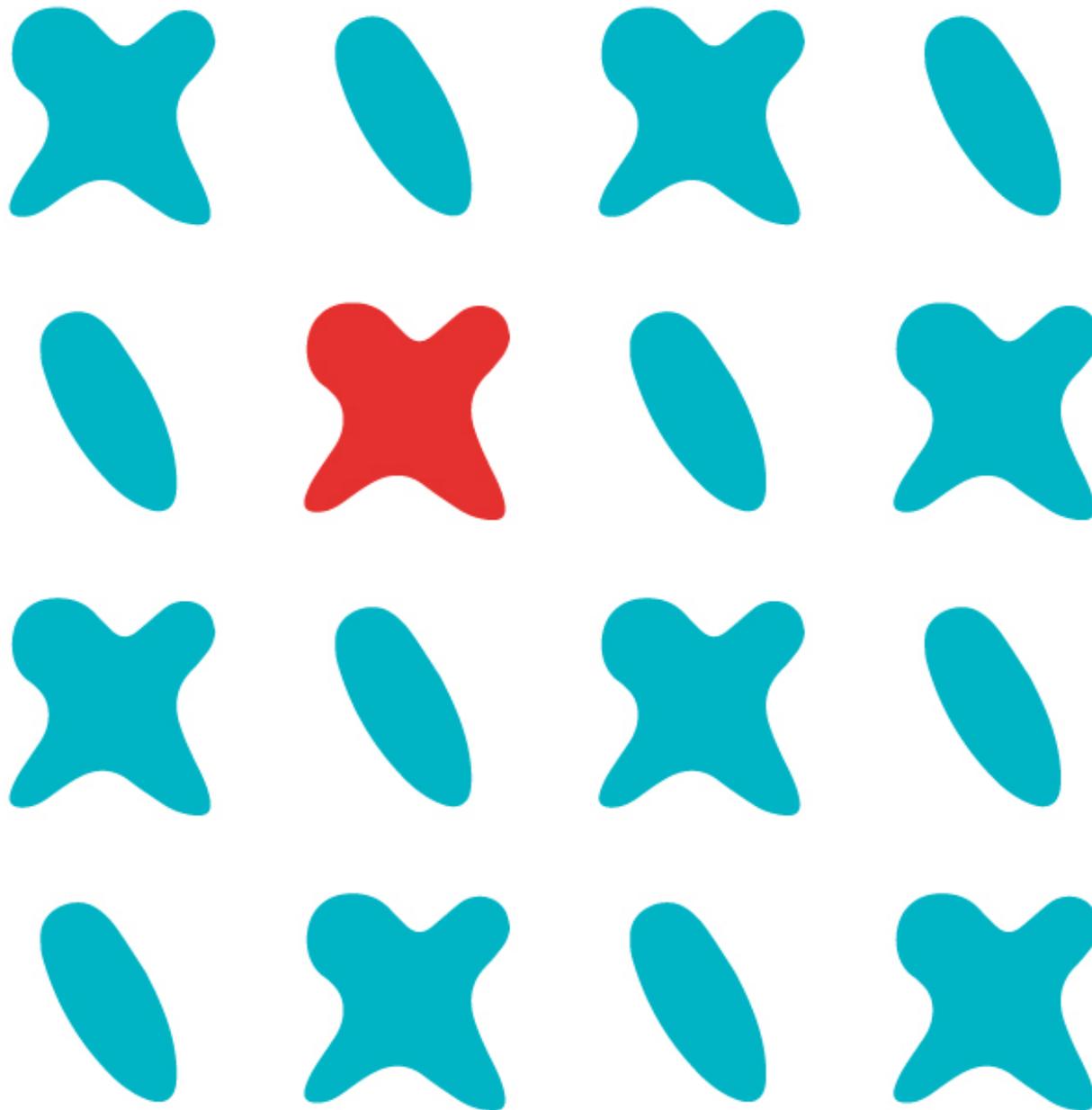
production



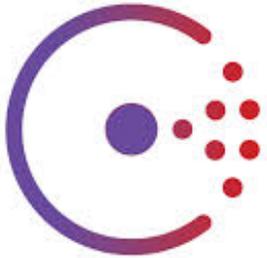
Sam Newman

*Don't let changes build up -  
release as soon as you can, and  
preferably one at a time!*

# Service Discovery



# Dynamic Service Registries



<https://consul.io/>



<http://zookeeper.apache.org>



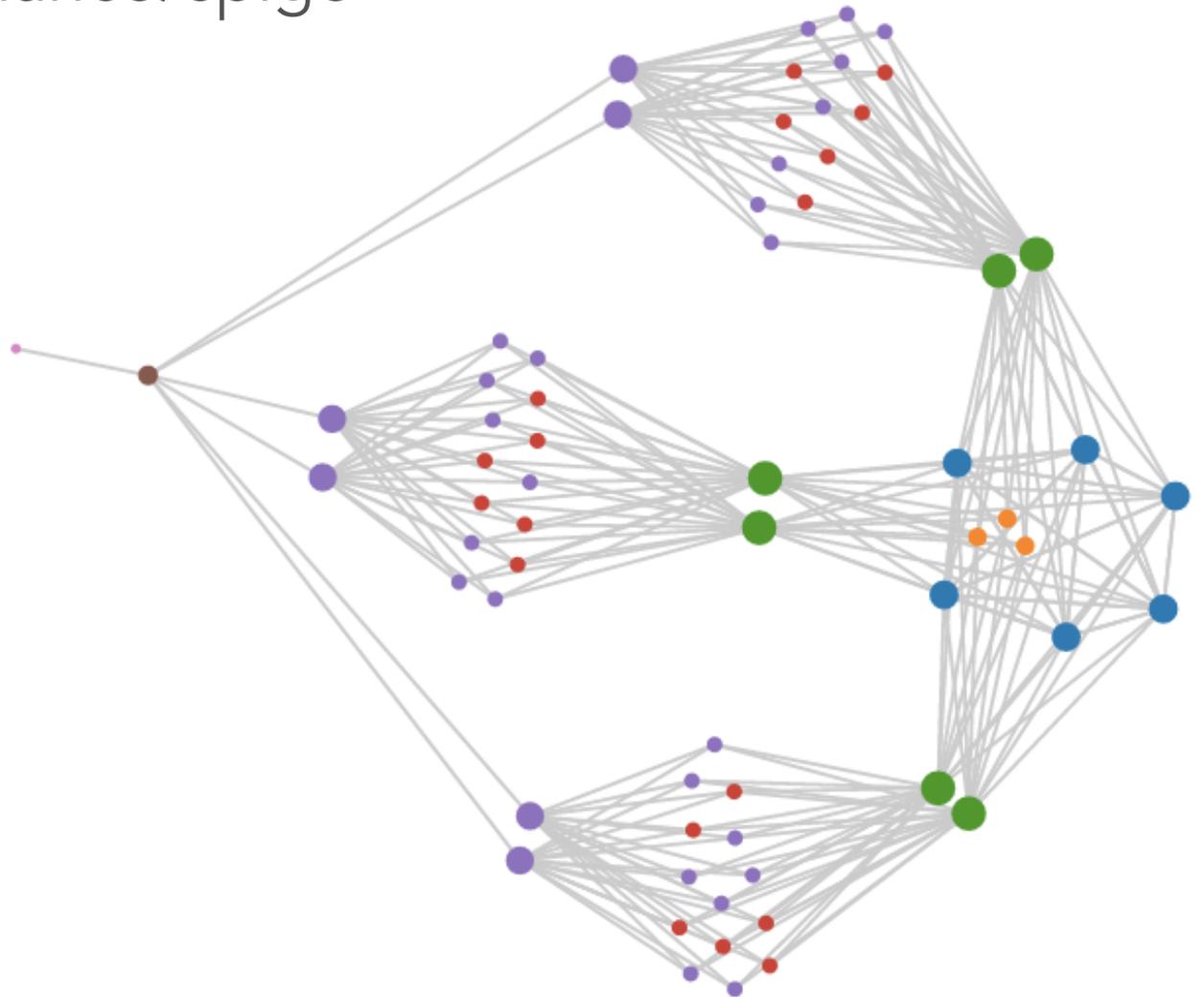
<https://coreos.com/etcd/>

# Service Visualization



adrianco / spigo

<https://github.com/adrianco/spigo>



# Tools

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL [devopsbookmarks.com](http://www.devopsbookmarks.com/). The page is titled "DEVOPS BOOKMARKS" and features a sidebar on the left with the following categories and items:

- TOPICS
  - Source Code Management
  - Continuous Integration & Delivery
  - Packaging & Artifacts
  - Virtualization & Containers
  - Cloud & PaaS Environments
  - Configuration Management
  - Provisioning
  - Orchestration
  - Service Discovery
  - Process Management
  - Logging & Monitoring
  - Metrics & Visualization
  - Security & Hardening
- PLATFORM
  - Linux
  - Windows
  - OSX

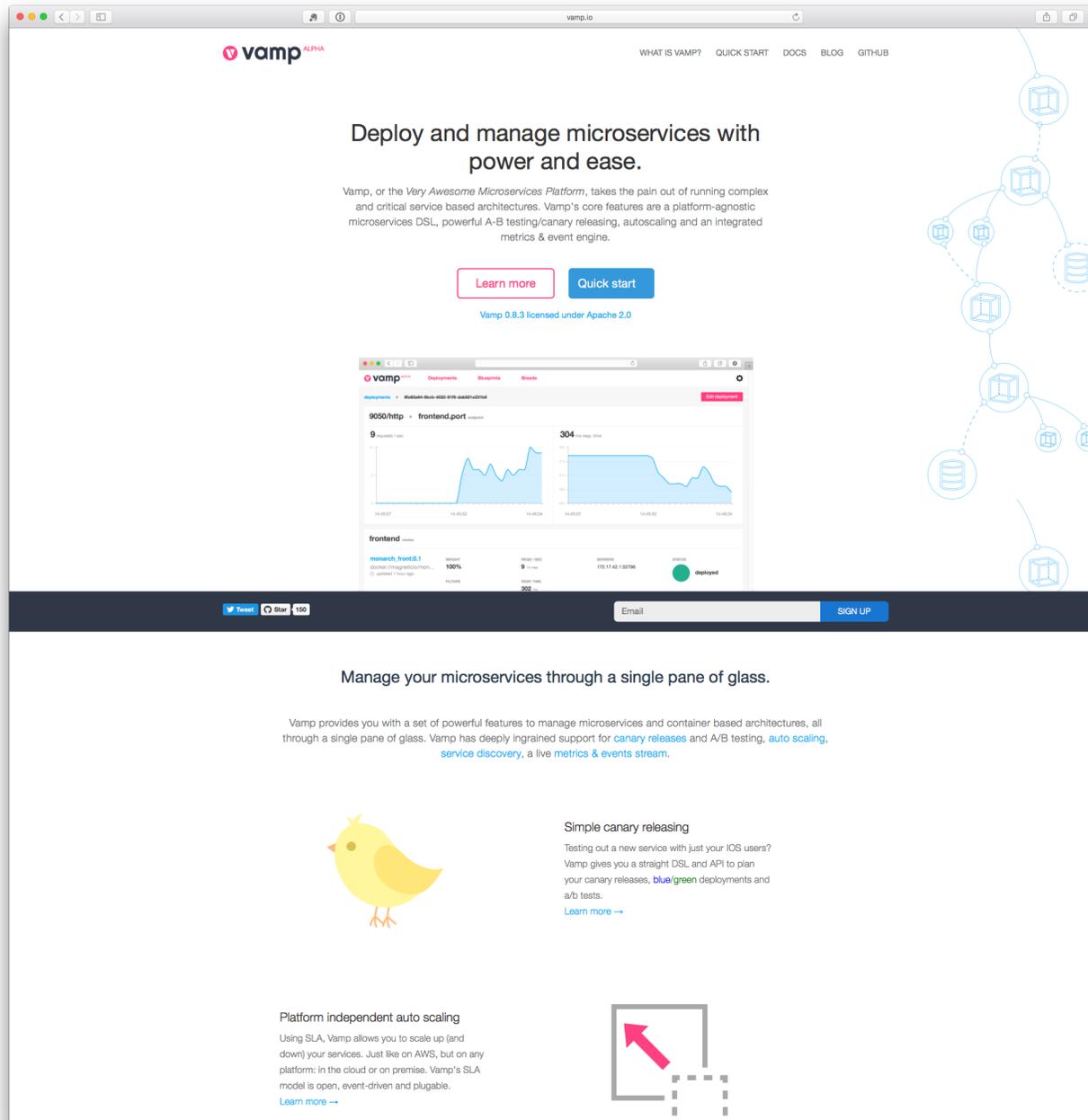
The main content area displays a grid of tool cards:

- Ansible**: A versatile orchestration engine that can automate systems and apps. Instead of a custom scripting language or code, it is very simple and shell based. It is also agent-less, so you can just start using it right away and get things done. Tags: linux, open-source, provisioning, config-mgmt, orchestration, python.
- Dokku Alt**: Dokku on Steroids. The smallest PaaS implementation you've ever seen. It's fork of original dokku. The idea behind this fork is to provide complete solution with plugins covering most of use-cases which are stable and well tested. Tags: linux, open-source, virt, cloud-paas, provisioning, shell?
- Batou**: Batou makes it easy to perform automated deployments. It combines Fabric's simplicity and SSH automation, with Puppet's declarative syntax and idempotence. Tags: linux, open-source, provisioning, python.
- Dokku**: It uses docker, git-receive and a few other lightweight and clever libraries to build a quick PaaS, all around just 100 lines of code! An excellent small tool to get started with PaaS systems. The same developer is creating a larger scale, production quality system called Flynn. Tags: linux, open-source, virt, cloud-paas, provisioning, shell?
- Bcfg2**: bee-config (Bcfg) 2 is a centralized configuration management server to configure large number of systems, built
- FAI**

At the bottom of the browser window, it says "Go to 'http://www.devopsbookmarks.com/'"

[www.devopsbookmarks.com/](http://www.devopsbookmarks.com/)

# Turnkey Platforms



The image shows a screenshot of the Vamp website. The top navigation bar includes the Vamp logo and links for 'WHAT IS VAMP?', 'QUICK START', 'DOCS', 'BLOG', and 'GITHUB'. The main heading reads 'Deploy and manage microservices with power and ease.' Below this, a paragraph describes Vamp as the 'Very Awesome Microservices Platform' and lists its features: platform-agnostic microservices DSL, powerful A-B testing/canary releasing, autoscaling, and an integrated metrics & event engine. Two buttons, 'Learn more' and 'Quick start', are provided. A note states 'Vamp 0.8.3 licensed under Apache 2.0'. A central screenshot shows the Vamp dashboard with two line graphs for '9050/http' and '304' metrics, and a table for 'frontend' services. The bottom of the page features a dark navigation bar with social media icons, an email sign-up form, and a 'SIGN UP' button. The lower section of the page is titled 'Manage your microservices through a single pane of glass.' and lists features like 'Simple canary releasing' (illustrated with a yellow chick) and 'Platform independent auto scaling' (illustrated with a red arrow pointing to a dashed box).

**vamp** ALPHA

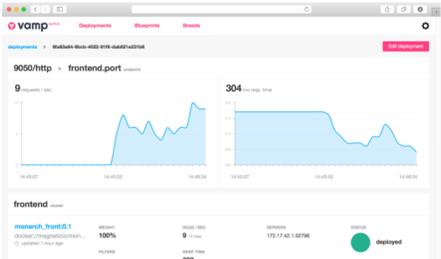
WHAT IS VAMP? QUICK START DOCS BLOG GITHUB

## Deploy and manage microservices with power and ease.

Vamp, or the *Very Awesome Microservices Platform*, takes the pain out of running complex and critical service based architectures. Vamp's core features are a platform-agnostic microservices DSL, powerful A-B testing/canary releasing, autoscaling and an integrated metrics & event engine.

[Learn more](#) [Quick start](#)

Vamp 0.8.3 licensed under Apache 2.0



**Manage your microservices through a single pane of glass.**

Vamp provides you with a set of powerful features to manage microservices and container based architectures, all through a single pane of glass. Vamp has deeply ingrained support for [canary releases](#) and A/B testing, [auto scaling](#), [service discovery](#), a live [metrics & events stream](#).

### Simple canary releasing

Testing out a new service with just your iOS users? Vamp gives you a straight DSL and API to plan your canary releases, [blue/green](#) deployments and a/b tests.

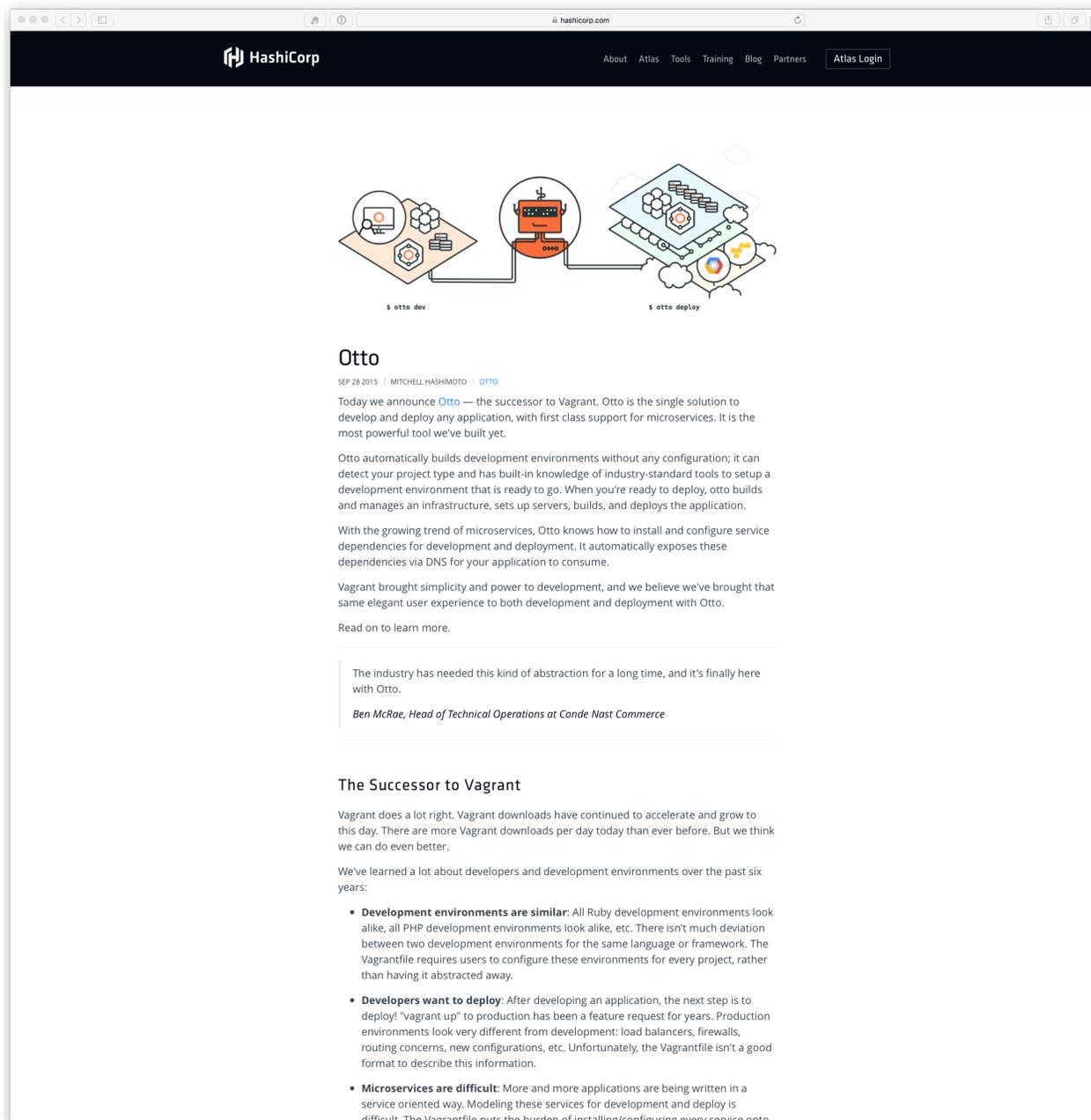
[Learn more →](#)

### Platform independent auto scaling

Using SLA, Vamp allows you to scale up (and down) your services. Just like on AWS, but on any platform: in the cloud or on premise. Vamp's SLA model is open, event-driven and pluggable.

[Learn more →](#)

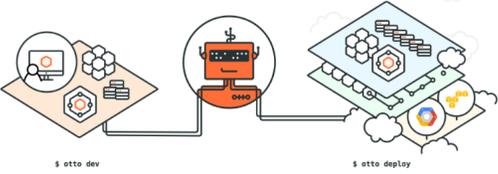
# Turnkey Platforms



The image is a screenshot of a web browser displaying the HashiCorp website. The browser's address bar shows "hashicorp.com". The website's header includes the HashiCorp logo and navigation links for "About", "Atlas", "Tools", "Training", "Blog", "Partners", and an "Atlas Login" button. The main content area features a diagram with three interconnected nodes representing development, deployment, and infrastructure. Below the diagram is the title "Otto" and a sub-header "SEP 28 2015 | MITCHELL HASHIMOTO | OTTO". The article text discusses Otto as the successor to Vagrant, highlighting its capabilities in building development environments, managing infrastructure, and supporting microservices. A quote from Ben McRae, Head of Technical Operations at Conde Nast Commerce, is included. The article also has a section titled "The Successor to Vagrant" which compares Otto to Vagrant and discusses the challenges of development and deployment in a microservices environment.

HashiCorp

About Atlas Tools Training Blog Partners Atlas Login



\$ otto dev

\$ otto deploy

## Otto

SEP 28 2015 | MITCHELL HASHIMOTO | OTTO

Today we announce [Otto](#) — the successor to Vagrant. Otto is the single solution to develop and deploy any application, with first class support for microservices. It is the most powerful tool we've built yet.

Otto automatically builds development environments without any configuration; it can detect your project type and has built-in knowledge of industry-standard tools to setup a development environment that is ready to go. When you're ready to deploy, otto builds and manages an infrastructure, sets up servers, builds, and deploys the application.

With the growing trend of microservices, Otto knows how to install and configure service dependencies for development and deployment. It automatically exposes these dependencies via DNS for your application to consume.

Vagrant brought simplicity and power to development, and we believe we've brought that same elegant user experience to both development and deployment with Otto.

Read on to learn more.

The industry has needed this kind of abstraction for a long time, and it's finally here with Otto.

*Ben McRae, Head of Technical Operations at Conde Nast Commerce*

### The Successor to Vagrant

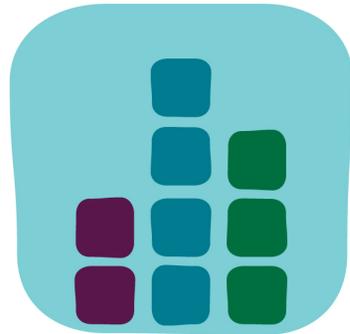
Vagrant does a lot right. Vagrant downloads have continued to accelerate and grow to this day. There are more Vagrant downloads per day today than ever before. But we think we can do even better.

We've learned a lot about developers and development environments over the past six years:

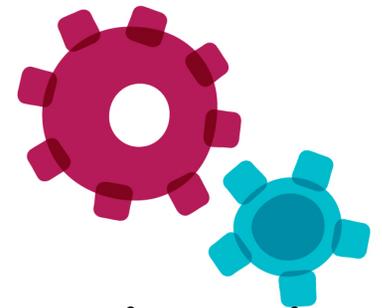
- **Development environments are similar:** All Ruby development environments look alike, all PHP development environments look alike, etc. There isn't much deviation between two development environments for the same language or framework. The Vagrantfile requires users to configure these environments for every project, rather than having it abstracted away.
- **Developers want to deploy:** After developing an application, the next step is to deploy! "vagrant up" to production has been a feature request for years. Production environments look very different from development: load balancers, firewalls, routing concerns, new configurations, etc. Unfortunately, the Vagrantfile isn't a good format to describe this information.
- **Microservices are difficult:** More and more applications are being written in a service oriented way. Modeling these services for development and deploy is difficult. The Vagrantfile puts the burden of installing/configuring every service onto

<https://www.hashicorp.com/blog/otto.html>

what problem



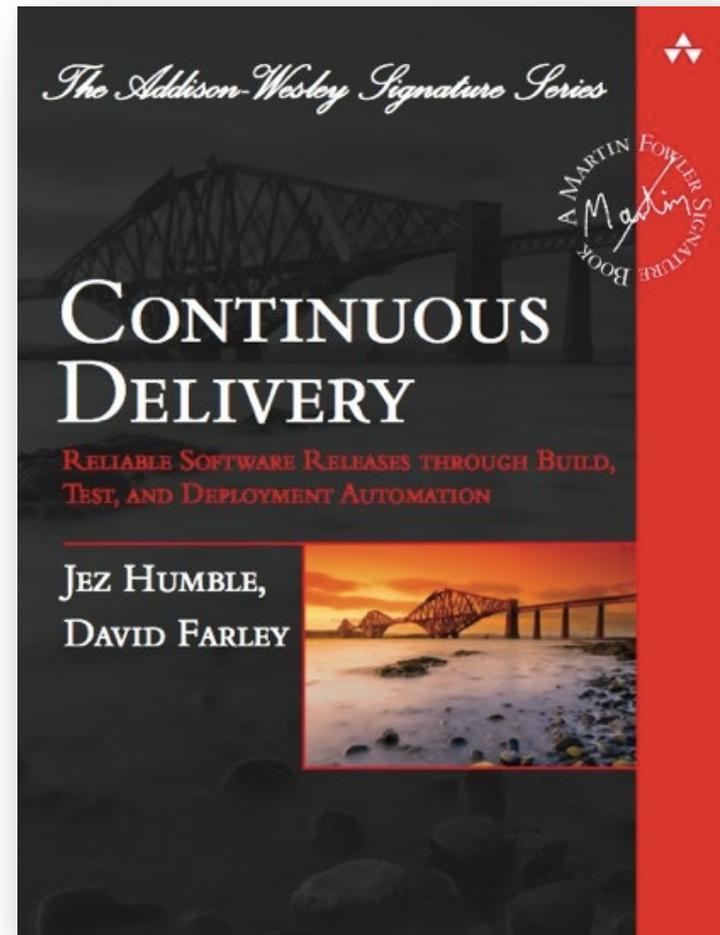
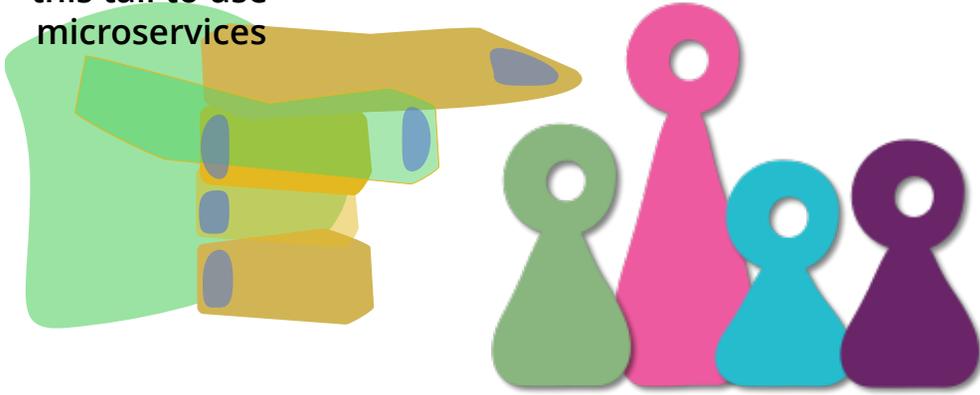
characteristics



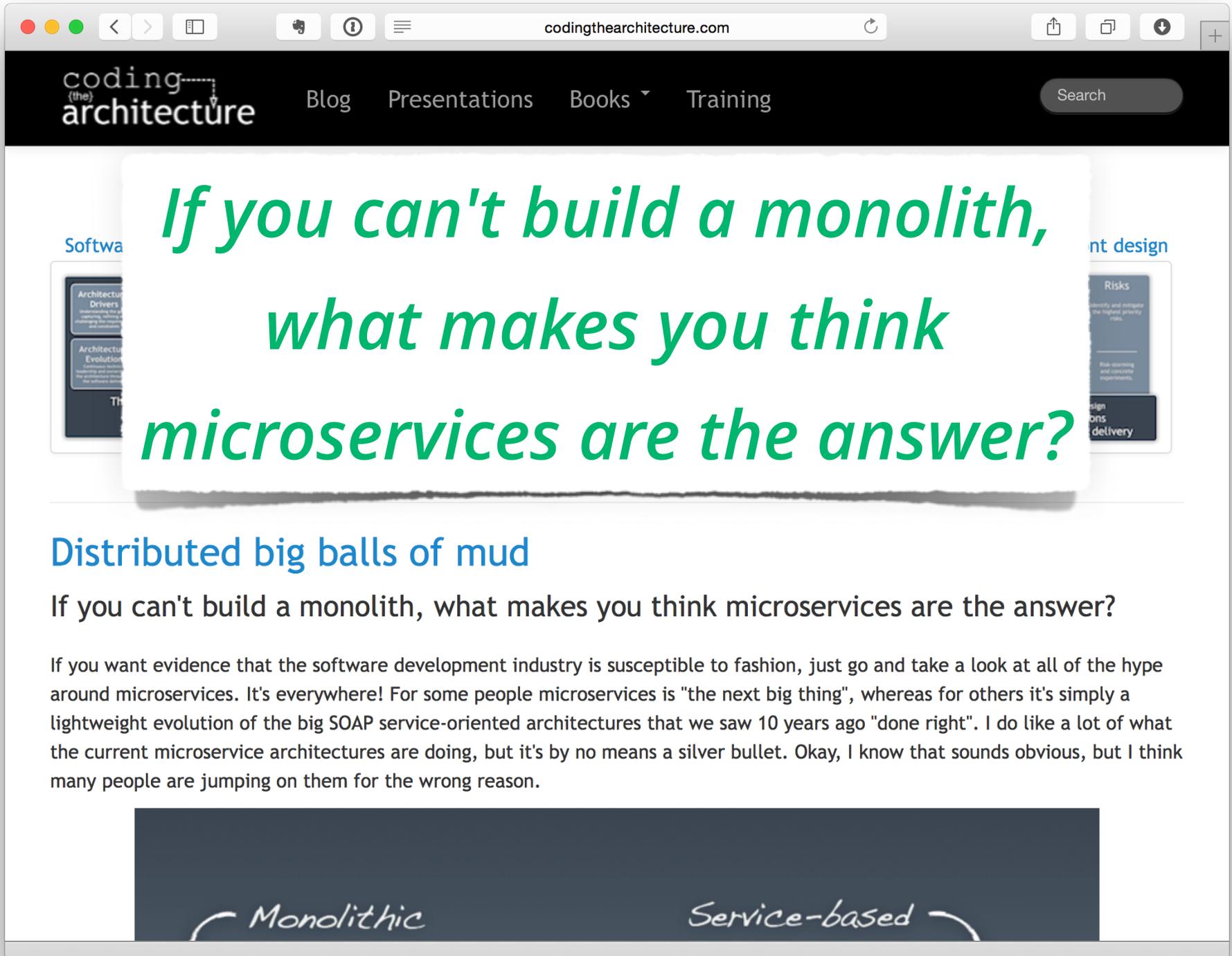
engineering

# AGENDA

You must be  
this tall to use  
microservices

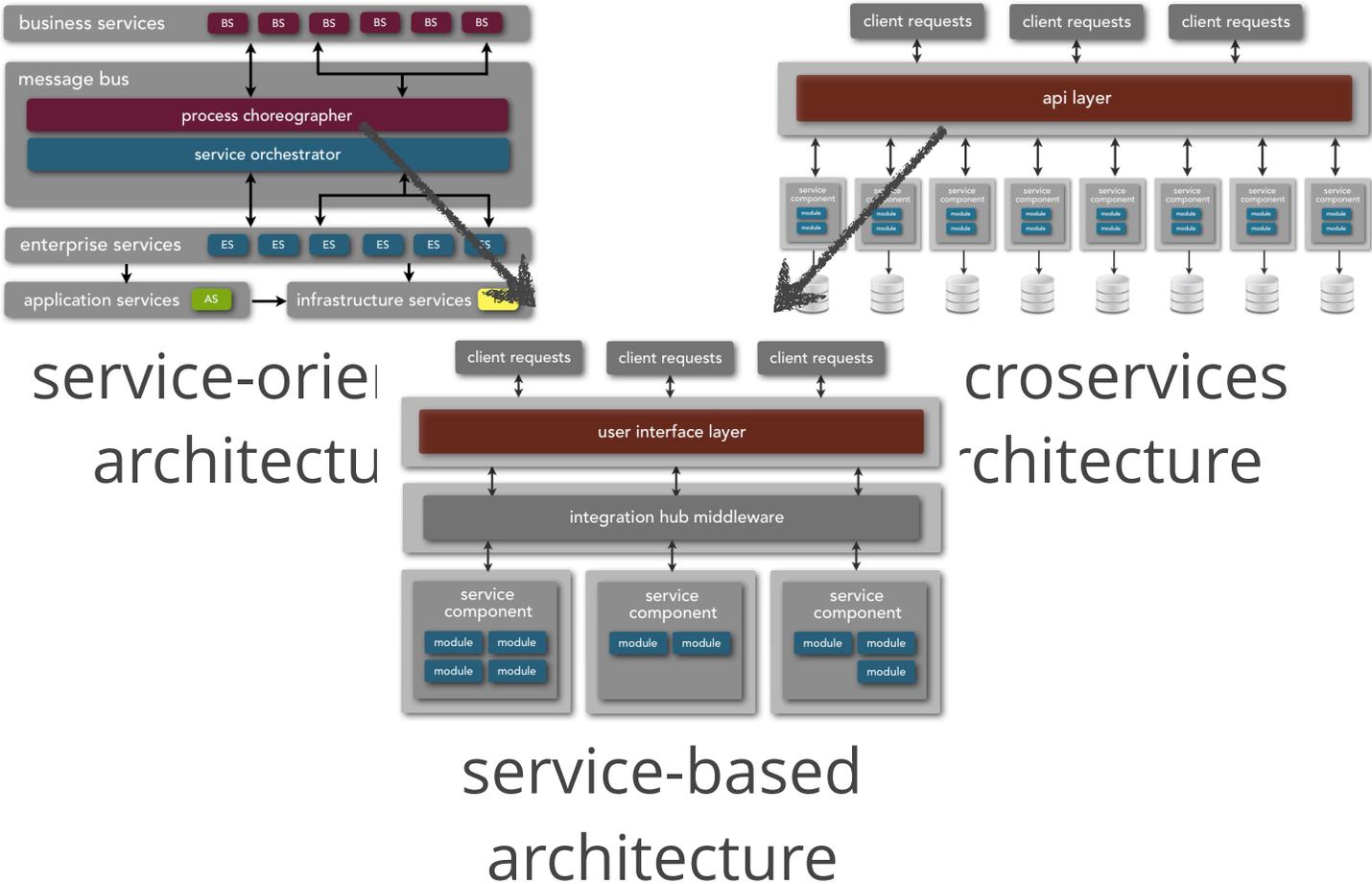


(Micro)service architectures provide unique benefits at the cost of increased (essential) complexity.

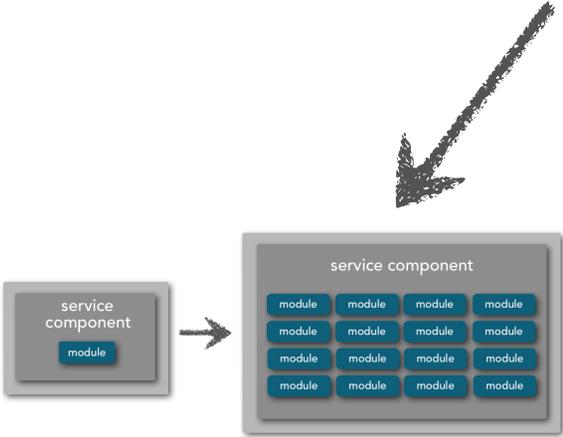
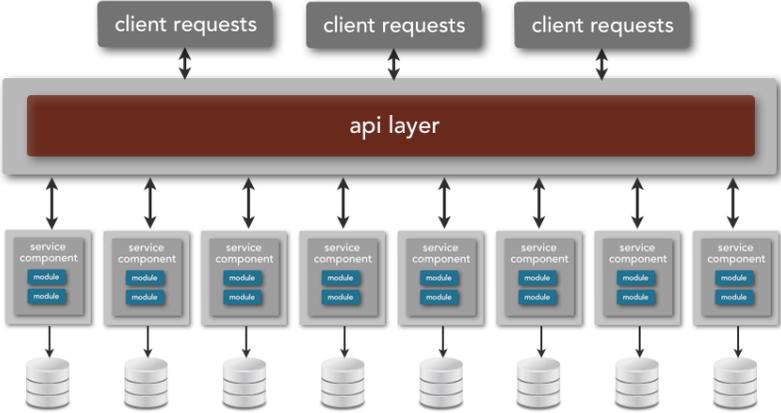


# Service-based Architecture

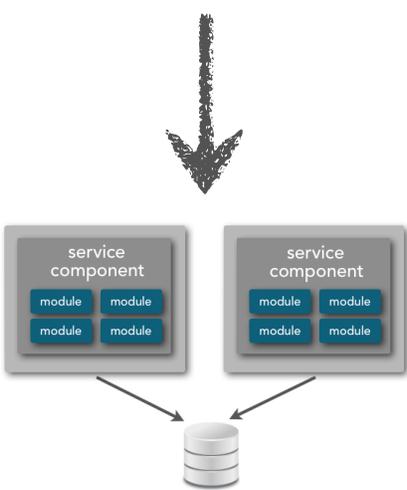
is there a middle ground?



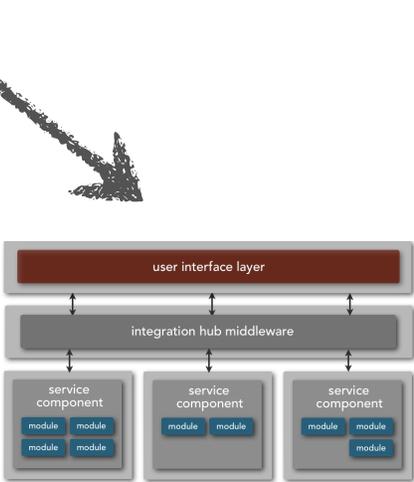
# Service-based Architecture



service  
granularity

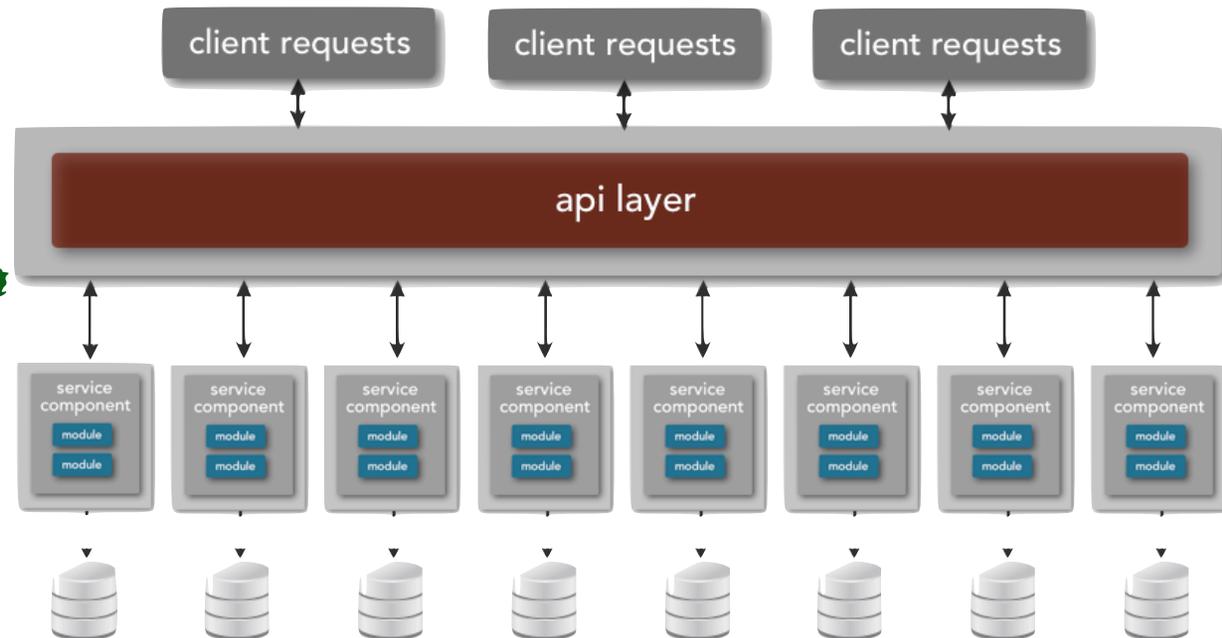
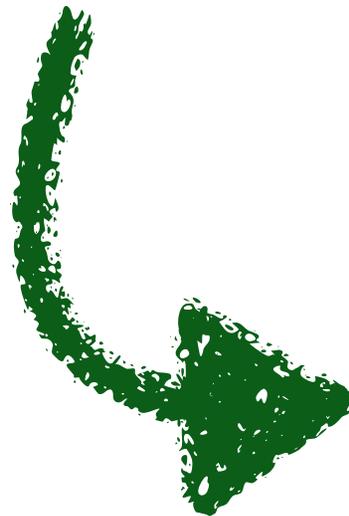
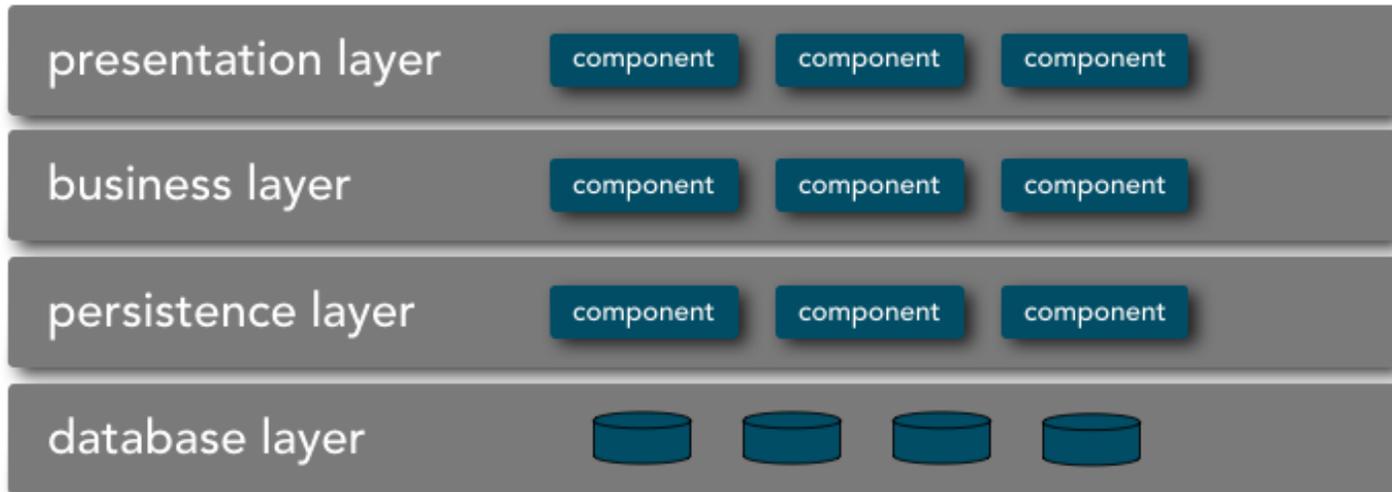


database  
scope

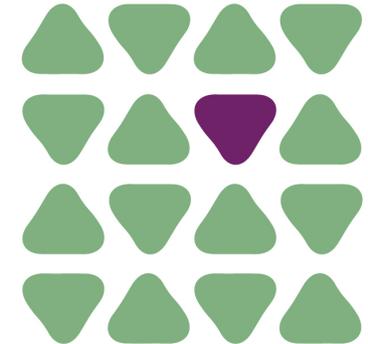
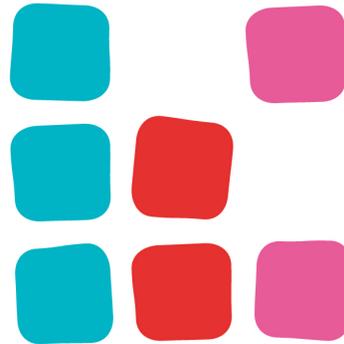


integration  
hub

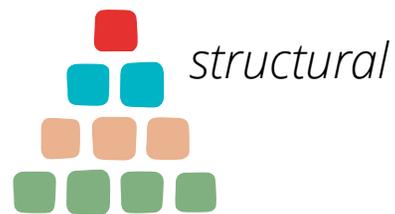
# Migration



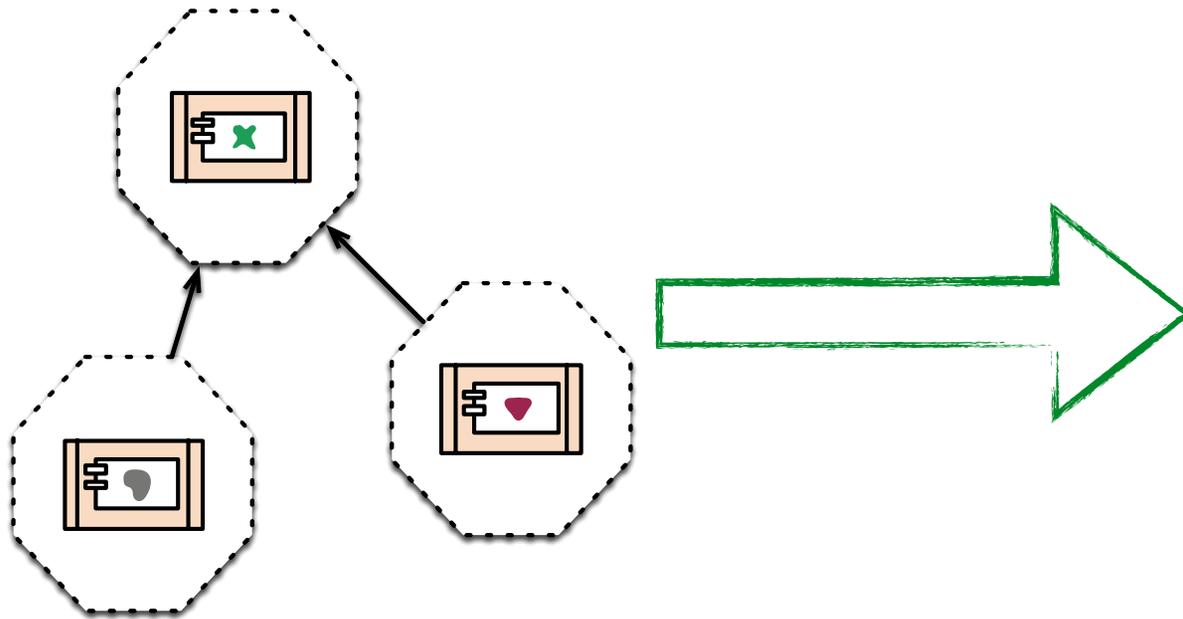
# Partition Along Natural Boundaries



Build a small number of larger services first.



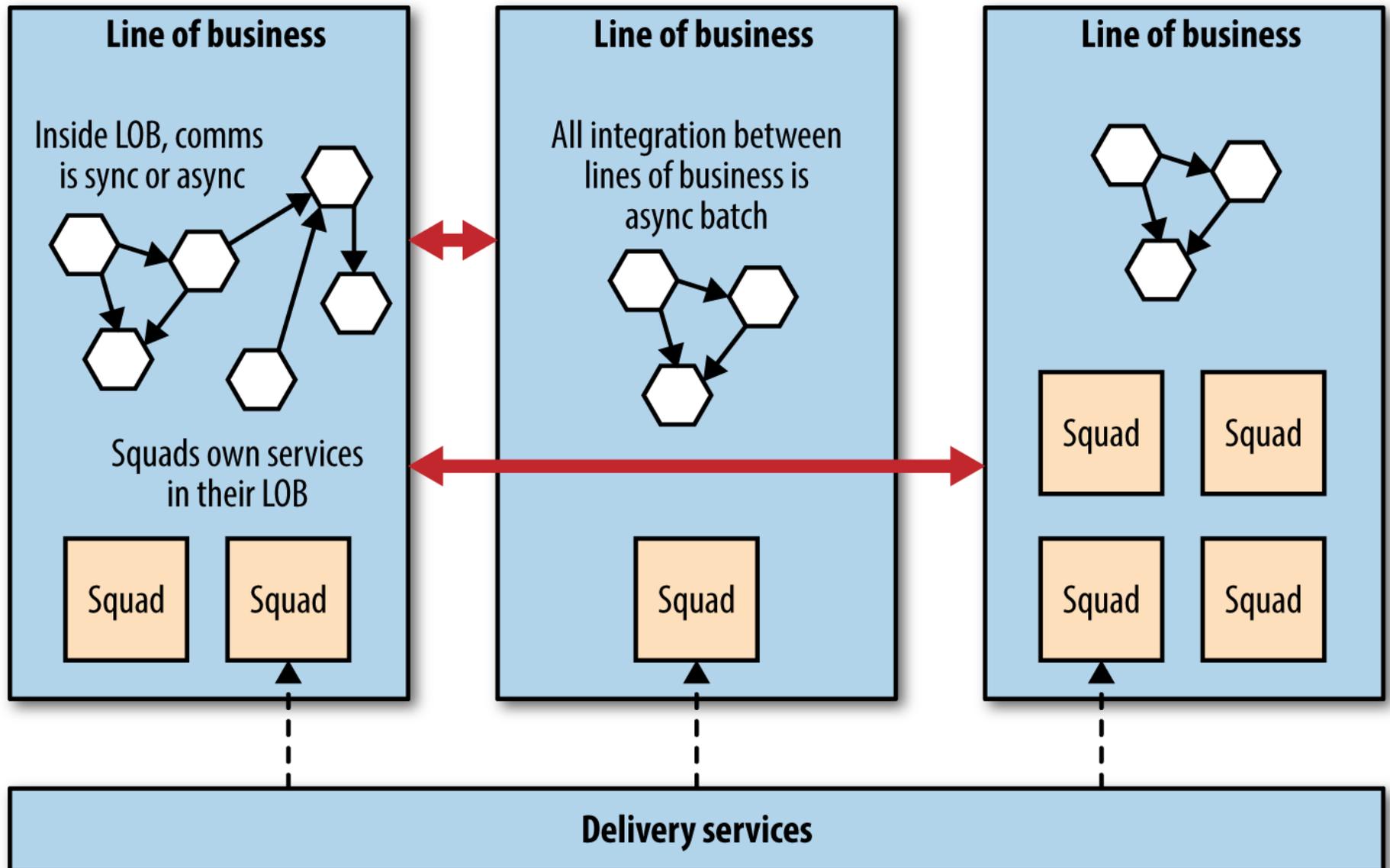
# Inverse Conway Maneuver



Build teams that look like  
the architecture you want  
(and it will follow).

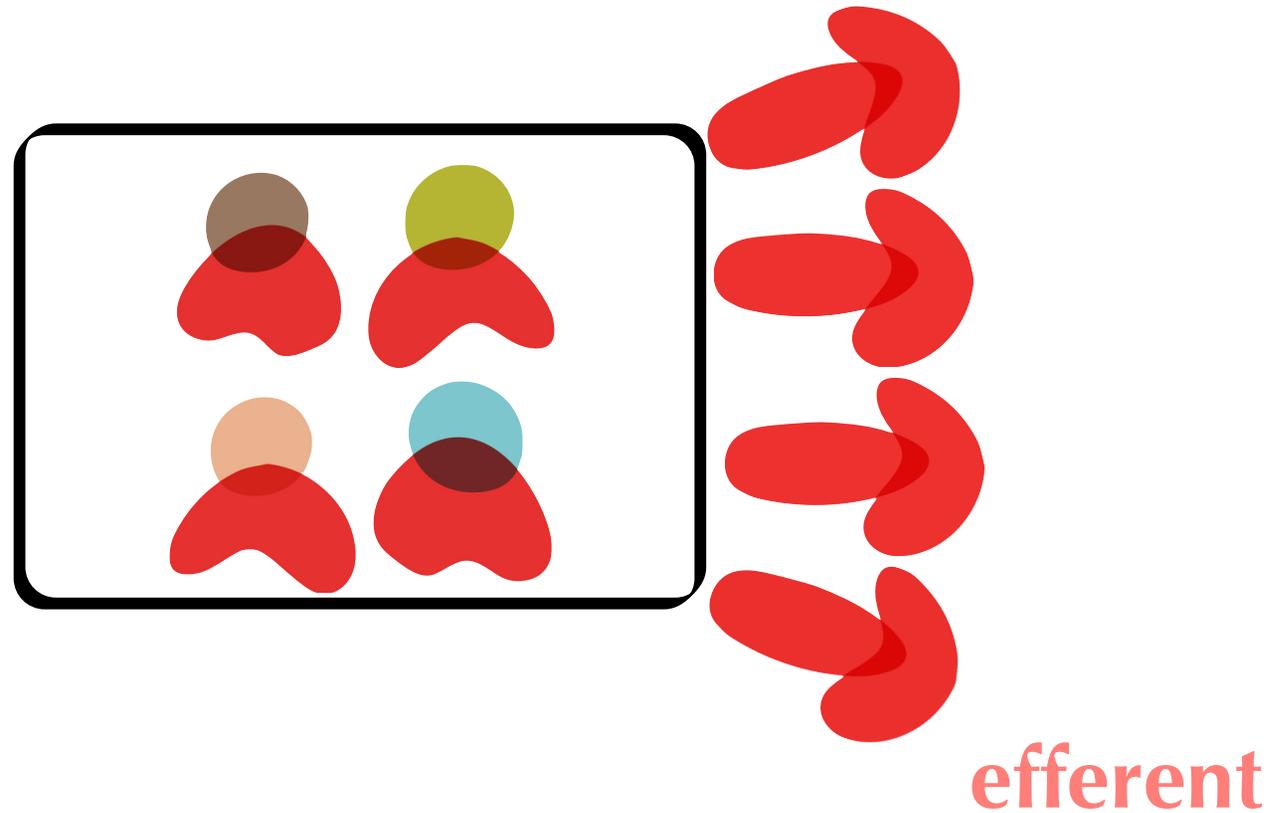


# case study: RealEstate.com.au



Provides tooling and consulting to squads

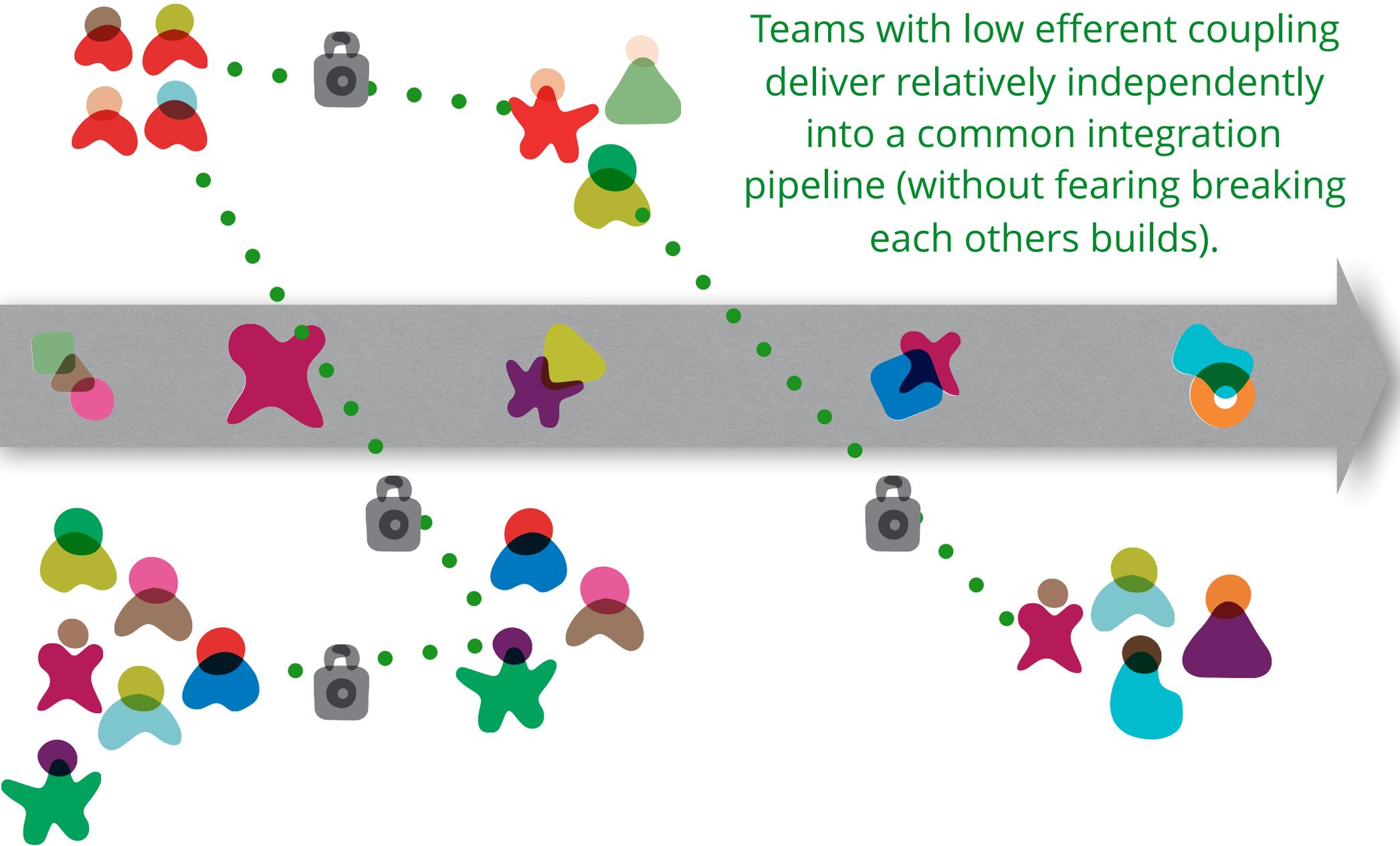
# Efferent Coupling

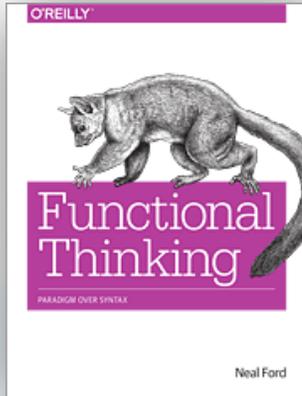
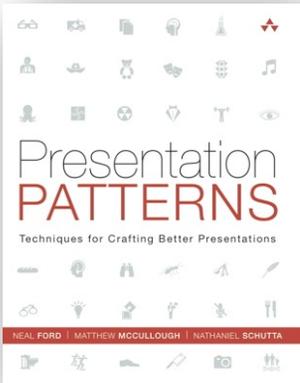


Strive for low efferent coupling for your team.

# Continuous Delivery

Teams with low efferent coupling deliver relatively independently into a common integration pipeline (without fearing breaking each others builds).





[nealford.com](http://nealford.com)

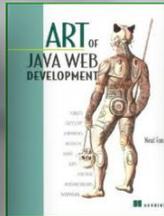
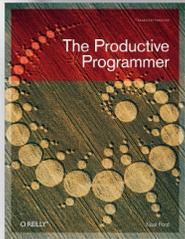


@neal4d

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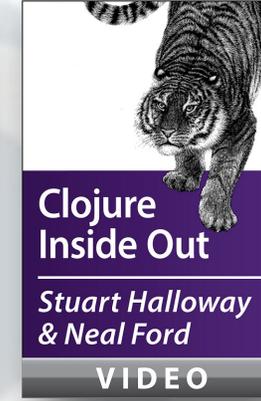
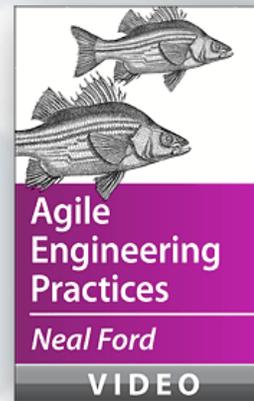
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Director / Software Architect / Meme Wrangler



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