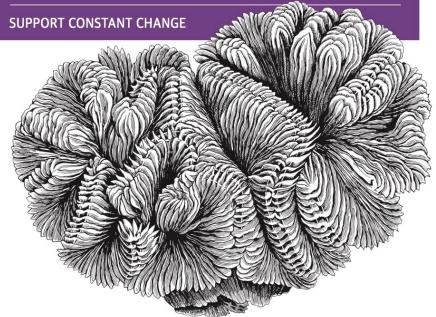




O'REILLY®

# Building Evolutionary Architectures

SUPPORT CONSTANT CHANGE



Neal Ford, Rebecca Parsons & Patrick Kua

<http://evolutionaryarchitecture.com>

# Building Evolutionary Architectures Workshop

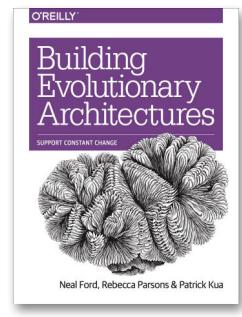
Neal Ford



@neal4d

[nealford.com](http://nealford.com)

# bUiLDiNG eVoLuTiONaRy ARcHiEcTuREs wOrkSHoP



1

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



2

---

---

---

---

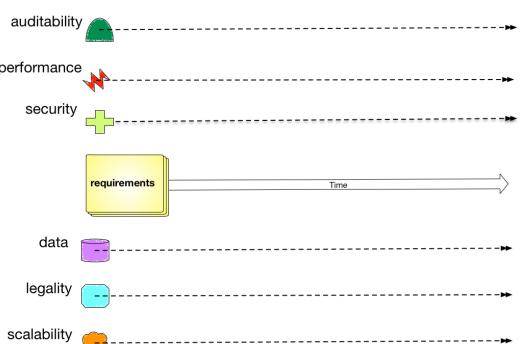
---

---

---

---

---



3

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

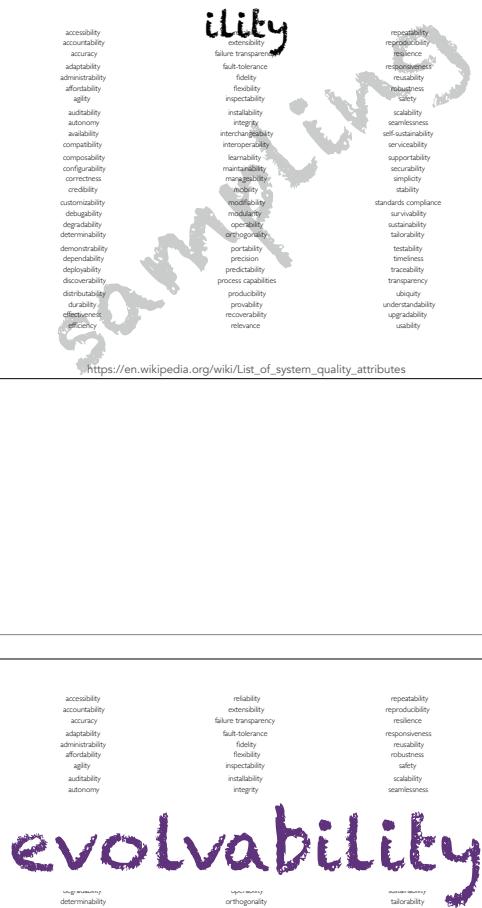
---

# ility

accessibility  
accountability  
accuracy  
adaptability  
administrability  
affordability  
agility  
autonomy  
availability  
compatibility  
configurability  
correctness  
credibility  
customizability  
degradability  
dependability  
demonstrability  
dependability  
deployability  
discoverability  
distributability  
durability  
effectiveness  
efficiency  
  
failure transparency  
fault tolerance  
fidelity  
inspectability  
integrity  
interchangeability  
interoperability  
learnability  
maintainability  
measurability  
mobility  
modifiability  
modularity  
openness  
orthogonality  
portability  
precision  
predictability  
process capabilities  
productivity  
provability  
recoverability  
relevance  
  
reproducibility  
responsiveness  
resiliency  
robustness  
safety  
scalability  
self-sustainability  
servicability  
supportability  
security  
traceability  
stability  
standards compliance  
survivability  
testability  
timeliness  
traceability  
transparency  
ubiquity  
understandability  
upgradability  
usability

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\\_of\\_system\\_quality\\_attributes](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_system_quality_attributes)

4



5



6



7

---

---

---

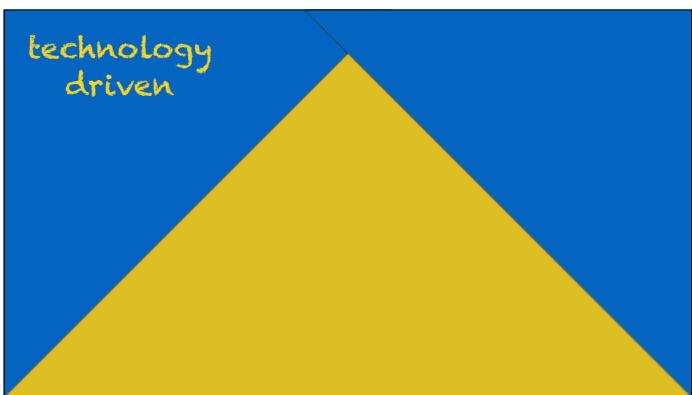
---

---

---

---

---



8

---

---

---

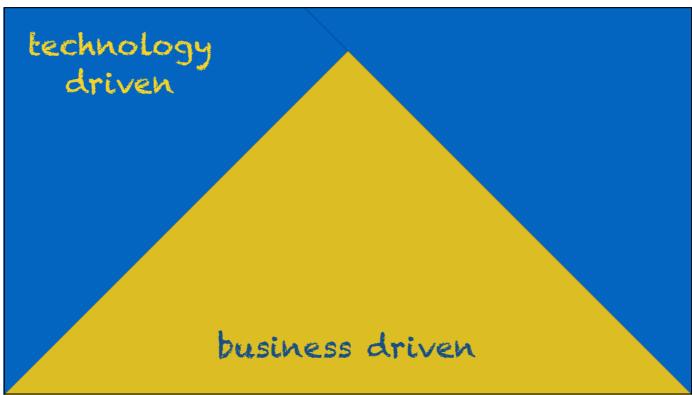
---

---

---

---

---



9

---

---

---

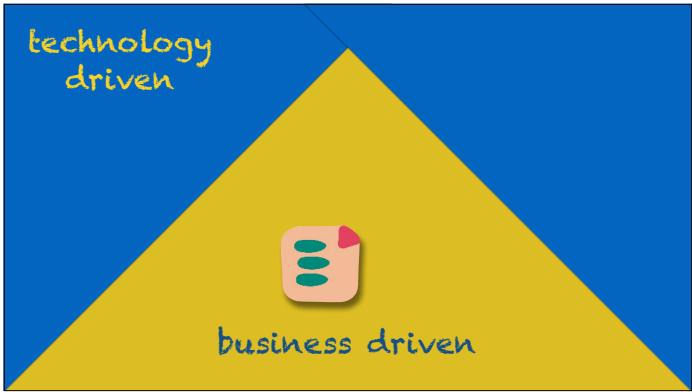
---

---

---

---

---



10

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



11

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



12

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

technology  
driven

business driven

13

---

---

---

---

---

business driven



14

---

---

---

---

---

technology  
driven

business driven

15

---

---

---

---

---

technology  
driven

business driven

16

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

everything chAnGEs  
all the time!

17

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

dYNaMic eqUiLiBRiuM

18

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

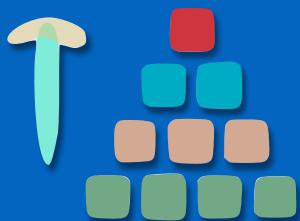
dYNaMic eqUiLiBRiuM

<sup>19</sup>



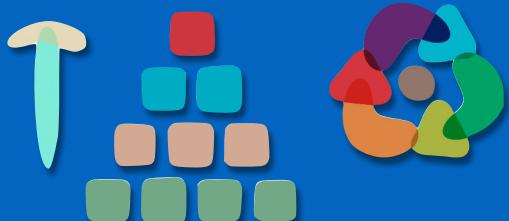
dYNaMic eqUiLiBRiuM

<sup>20</sup>



dYNaMic eqUiLiBRiuM

<sup>21</sup>



## dYNaMic eqUiLiBRiuM

22



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

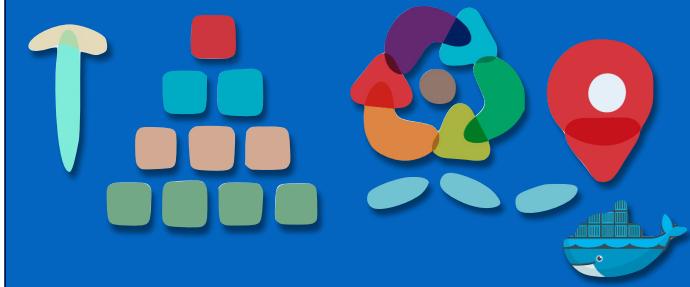
---

---

---

## dYNaMic eqUiLiBRiuM

23



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## dYNaMic eqUiLiBRiuM

24



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

**How is long term planning possible when things constantly change in unEXpECtEd ways?**

25

---

---

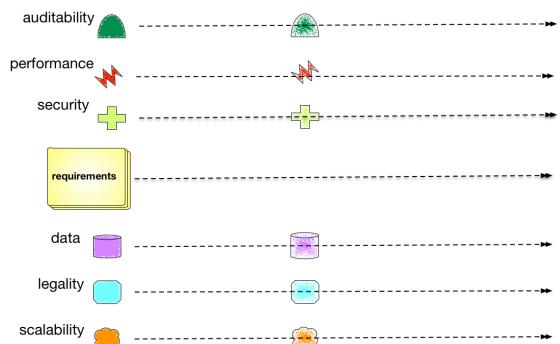
---

---

---

---

---



26

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Penultima ↑ e



27

---

---

---

---

---

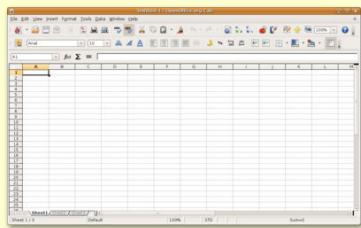
---

---

---

28

## EA Spreadsheet



Penultima ↑ e



---

---

---

---

---

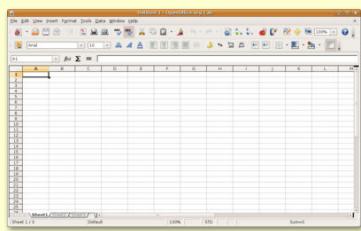
---

---

---

29

## EA Spreadsheet



✓ definition

Penultima ↑ e



---

---

---

---

---

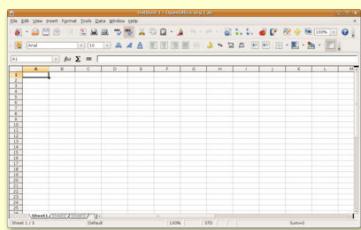
---

---

---

30

## EA Spreadsheet



✓ definition

! verification

Penultima ↑ e



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Once I've built an architecture,  
how can I prevent it from  
gradually dEgRADiNg over time?

31

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

sEcOND-ORdeR eFfEcT

32

---

---

---

---

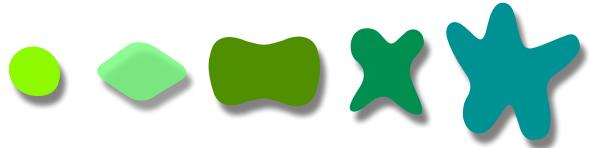
---

---

---

sEcOND-ORdeR eFfEcT

33



---

---

---

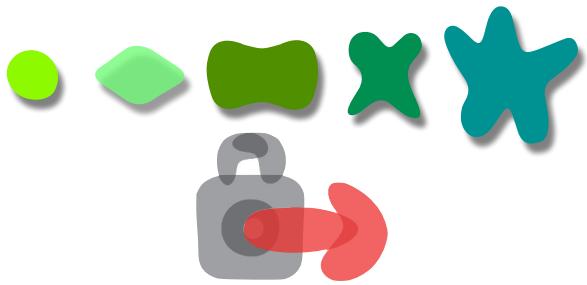
---

---

---

---

sEcOND-ORdeR eFfEcT



34

---

---

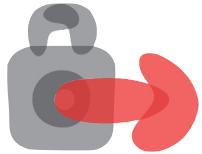
---

---

---

---

governance



35

---

---

---

---

---

---

Evolutionary Architecture

36

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Evolutionary Architecture

Continuous Architecture?

37

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Evolutionary Architecture

Continuous Architecture?

Incremental Architecture?

38

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Evolutionary Architecture

Continuous Architecture?

Incremental Architecture?

Agile Architecture?

39

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Evolutionary Architecture

Continuous Architecture?

Incremental Architecture?

Agile Architecture?

Adaptable Architecture?

40

## Evolutionary Architecture

Continuous Architecture?

Incremental Architecture?

Agile Architecture?

Adaptable Architecture?

41

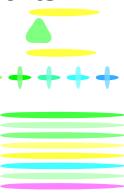
## Evolutionary Architecture

An evolutionary architecture supports  
guided,  
incremental change     
across multiple dimensions.   

42

## Evolutionary Architecture

An evolutionary architecture supports  
guided  
incremental change  
across multiple dimensions.



43

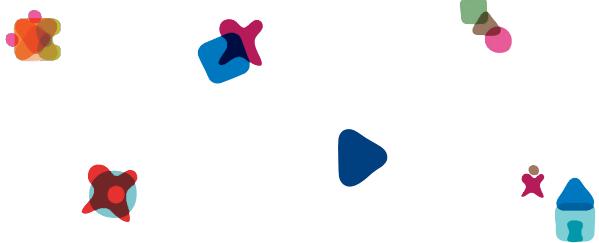


evolutionary computing fitness function:

a particular type of objective function that is used to summarize...how close a given design solution is to achieving the set aims.

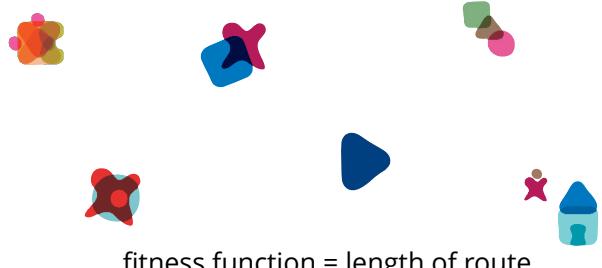
44

## Traveling Salesman Problem



45

## Traveling Salesman Problem



46



47

### architectural fitness function:

An architectural fitness function provides an objective integrity assessment of some architectural characteristic(s).

48

## EA Spreadsheet



✓ definition

✓ verification

Penultimate ↑ e



49

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Evolutionary Architecture

An evolutionary architecture supports

guided

incremental change



across multiple dimensions.



50

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Evolutionary Architecture

An evolutionary architecture supports

guided,

incremental change



across multiple dimensions.



51

---

---

---

---

---

---

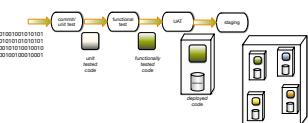
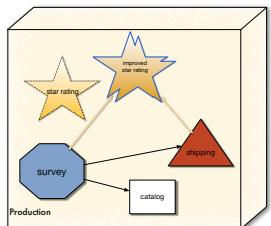
---

---

---

---

+++++ incremental



52

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Evolutionary Architecture

An evolutionary architecture supports  
guided,



incremental change +++++  
across multiple dimensions.



53

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Evolutionary Architecture

An evolutionary architecture supports  
guided,



incremental change +++++  
across multiple dimensions



54

---

---

---

---

---

---

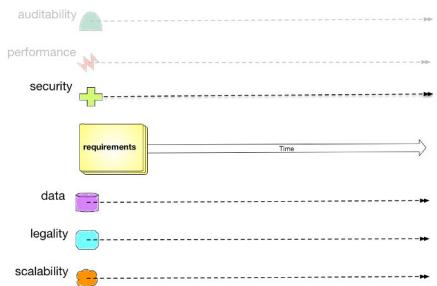
---

---

---

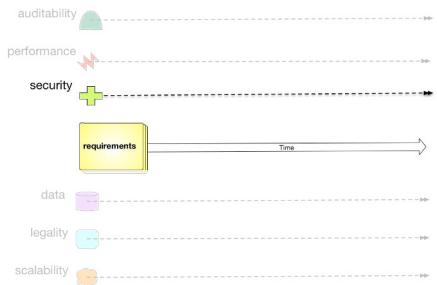
---

## multiple dimensions



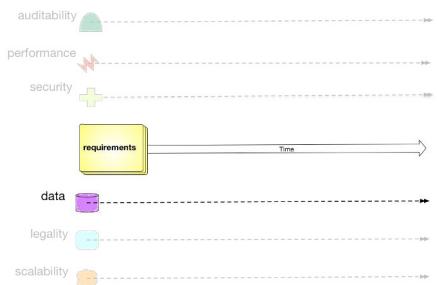
55

## multiple dimensions



56

## multiple dimensions



57

## Evolutionary Architecture

An evolutionary architecture supports  
guided,  
incremental change  
across **multiple dimensions**



58

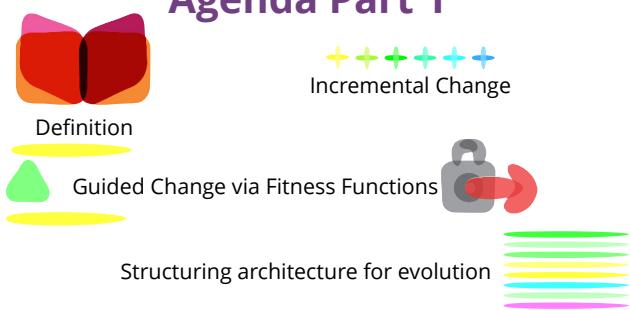
## Evolutionary Architecture

An evolutionary architecture supports  
guided,  
incremental change  
across multiple dimensions.



59

## Agenda Part 1



60

## Evolutionary Architecture

An evolutionary architecture supports  
guided  
incremental change  
across multiple dimensions.



61



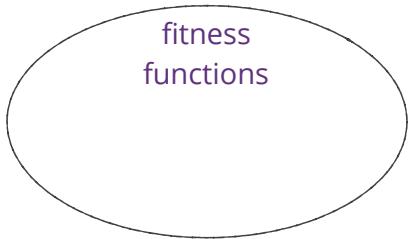
guided

### architectural fitness function:

An architectural fitness function provides an objective integrity assessment of some architectural characteristic(s).

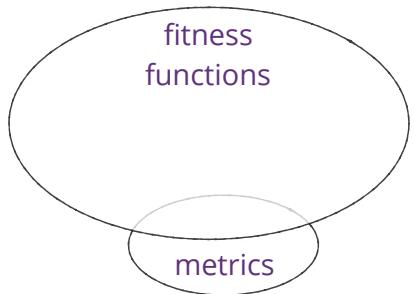
62

## Fitness Functions



63

## Fitness Functions



64

---

---

---

---

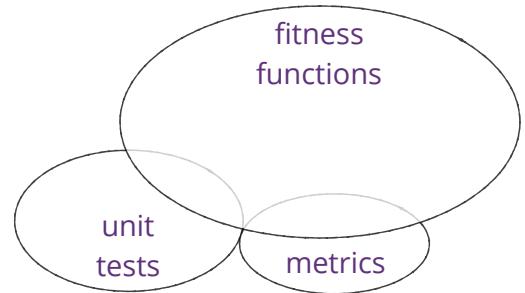
---

---

---

---

## Fitness Functions



65

---

---

---

---

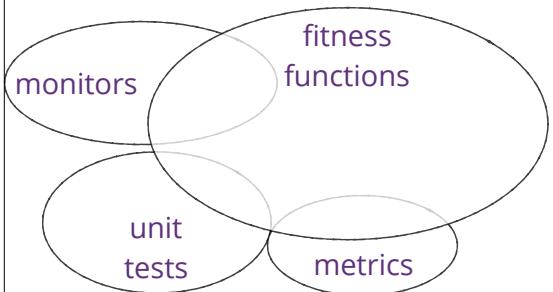
---

---

---

---

## Fitness Functions



66

---

---

---

---

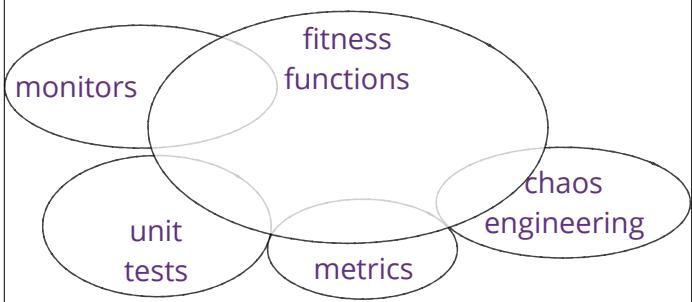
---

---

---

---

## Fitness Functions



---

---

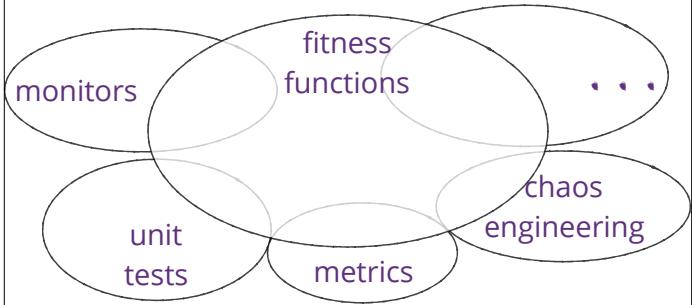
---

---

---

---

## Fitness Functions



---

---

---

---

---

---

## Cyclic Dependency Function

---

---

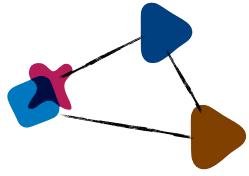
---

---

---

---

## Cyclic Dependency Function



70

---

---

---

---

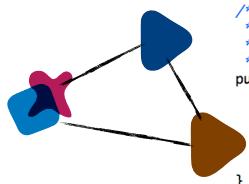
---

---

---

---

## Cyclic Dependency Function



```
/**  
 * Tests that a package dependency cycle does not  
 * exist for any of the analyzed packages.  
 */  
public void testAllPackages() {  
    Collection<Package> packages = jdepend.analyze();  
    assertEquals("Cycles exist",  
                false, jdepend.containsCycles());  
}
```

[clarkware.com/software/JDepend.html](http://clarkware.com/software/JDepend.html)

71

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



### architectural fitness function:

An architectural fitness function provides an objective integrity assessment of some architectural characteristic(s).

72

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Categories of Fitness Functions



run against a singular context and exercise one particular aspect of the architecture.

73

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Categories of Fitness Functions



run against a singular context and exercise one particular aspect of the architecture.



run against a shared context and exercise a combination of architectural aspects such as security and scalability

74

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Categories of Fitness Functions



run based on a particular event:  
— developer executing a unit test

75

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Categories of Fitness Functions

triggered

- run based on a particular event:
  - developer executing a unit test
  - deployment pipeline running tests

76

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Categories of Fitness Functions

triggered

- run based on a particular event:
  - developer executing a unit test
  - deployment pipeline running tests
  - timed task

77

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Categories of Fitness Functions

triggered

- run based on a particular event:
  - developer executing a unit test
  - deployment pipeline running tests
  - timed task

continuous

executes constant verification of architectural aspect(s)

78

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Categories of Fitness Functions

**static** 

have a fixed result, such as the binary pass/fail of a unit test.

79

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Categories of Fitness Functions

**static** 

have a fixed result, such as the binary pass/fail of a unit test.

**dynamic** 

rely on a shifting definition based on extra context.

80

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Categories of Fitness Functions

**automated** 

tests and other verification mechanism that run without human interaction.

81

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Categories of Fitness Functions

automated



tests and other verification mechanism that run without human interaction.

manual



must involve at least one human.

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Categories of Fitness Functions

temporal



architects may want to build a time component into assessing fitness

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Categories of Fitness Functions

temporal



architects may want to build a time component into assessing fitness

break on upgrade

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Categories of Fitness Functions



break on upgrade

architects may want to build a time component into assessing fitness

## Categories of Fitness Functions

domain-specific



Some architectures have specific concerns, such as special security or regulatory requirements

## Categories of Fitness Functions

architectural characteristic



domain-specific



85

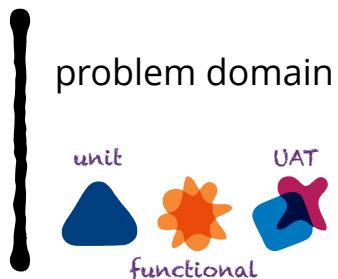
86

87

## Categories of Fitness Functions

architectural characteristic

domain-specific



## Categories of Fitness Functions



intentional  
architects will define most fitness functions at project inception as they elucidate the characteristics of the architecture...

## Categories of Fitness Functions



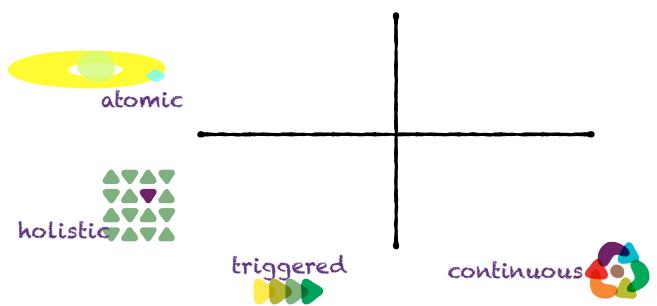
intentional  
architects will define most fitness functions at project inception as they elucidate the characteristics of the architecture...



emergent  
...some fitness functions will emerge during development of the system

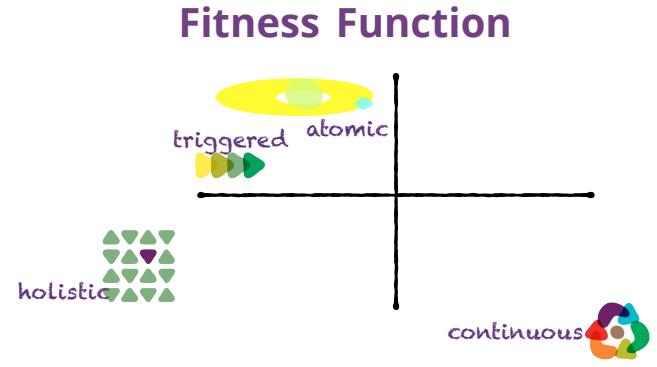
## Fitness Function

91



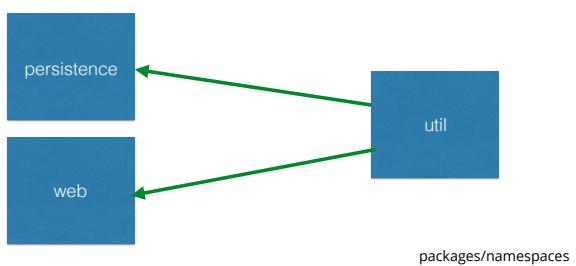
## Fitness Function

92

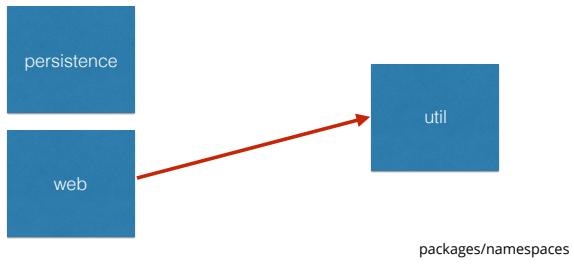


## Directionality of Imports

93



## Directionality of Imports



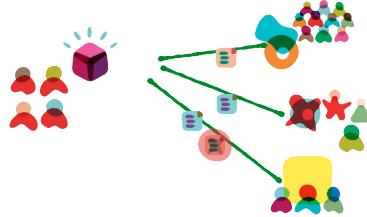
94

## Coupling Fitness Function

```
public void testMatch() {  
    DependencyConstraint constraint = new DependencyConstraint();  
  
    JavaPackage persistence = constraint.addPackage("com.xyz.persistence");  
    JavaPackage web = constraint.addPackage("com.xyz.web");  
    JavaPackage util = constraint.addPackage("com.xyz.util");  
  
    persistence.dependsUpon(util);  
    web.dependsUpon(util);  
  
    jdepend.analyze();  
  
    assertEquals("Dependency mismatch",  
                true, jdepend.dependencyMatch(constraint));  
}
```

95

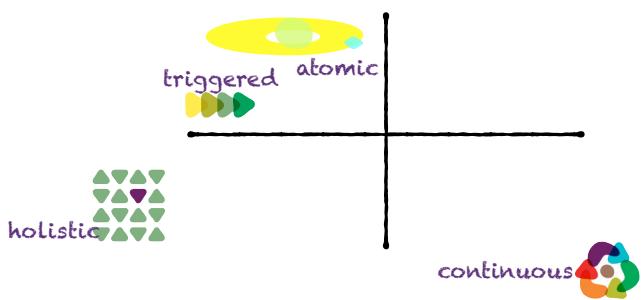
## Consumer Driven Contracts



[martinfowler.com/articles/consumerDrivenContracts.html](http://martinfowler.com/articles/consumerDrivenContracts.html)

96

## Fitness Function



97

---

---

---

---

---

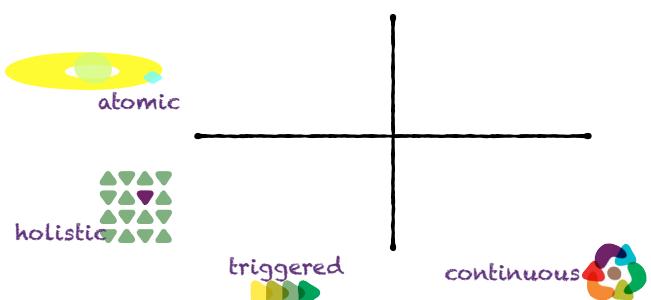
---

---

---

---

## Fitness Function



98

---

---

---

---

---

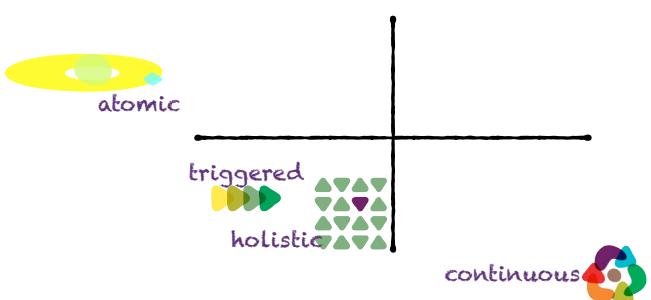
---

---

---

---

## Fitness Function



99

---

---

---

---

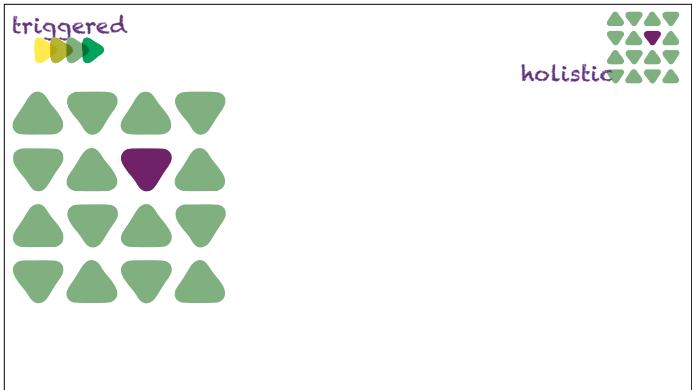
---

---

---

---

---



100

---

---

---

---

---

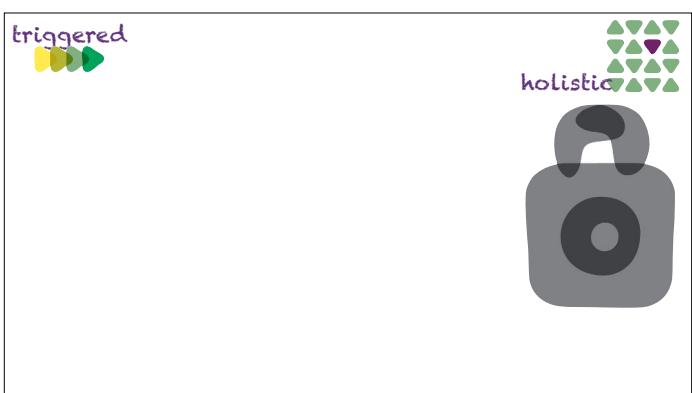
---

---

---

---

---



101

---

---

---

---

---

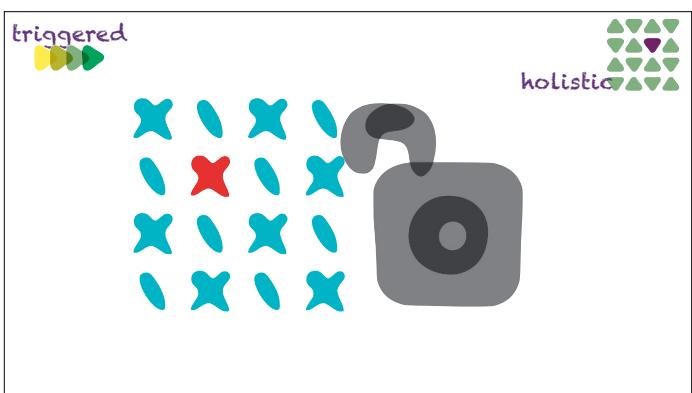
---

---

---

---

---



102

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

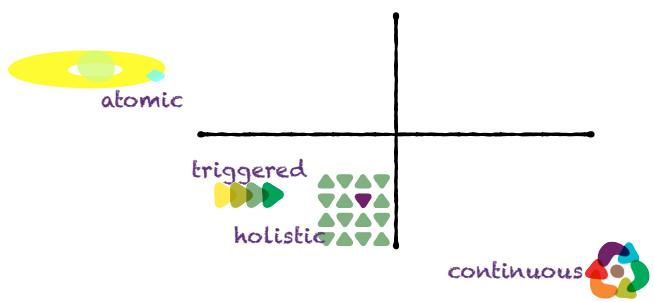
---

---

---

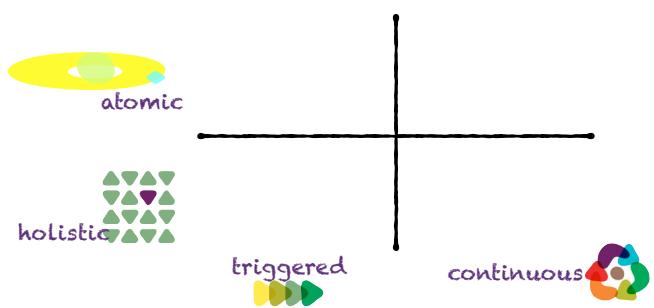
## Fitness Function

103



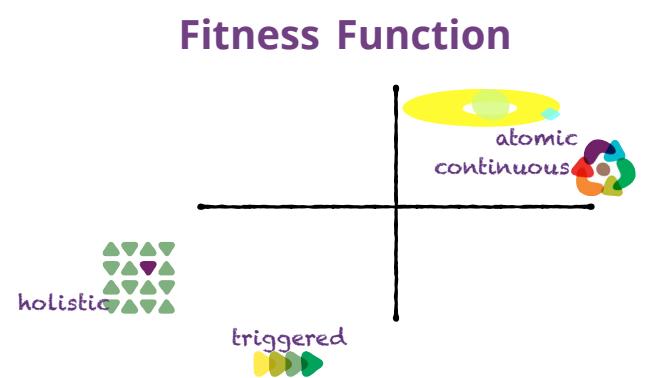
## Fitness Function

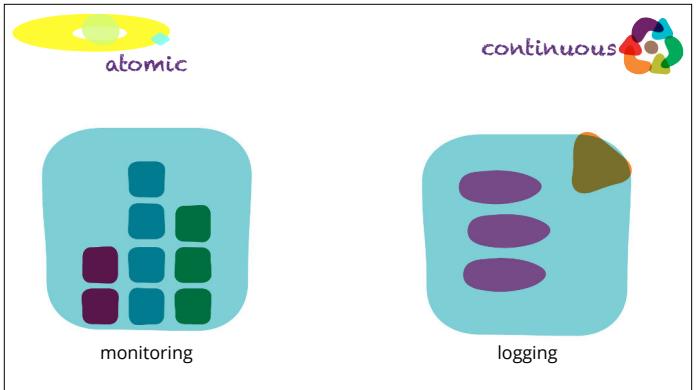
104



## Fitness Function

105





106

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



107

---

---

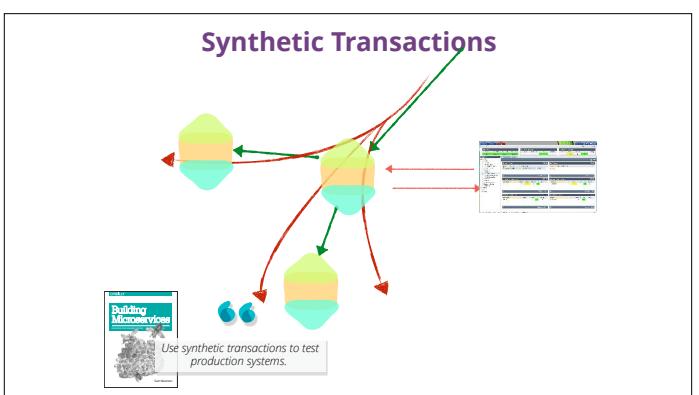
---

---

---

---

---



108

---

---

---

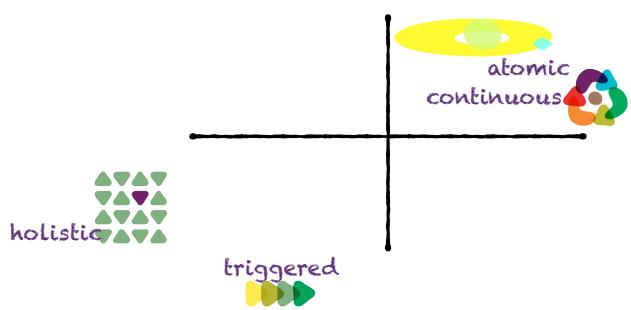
---

---

---

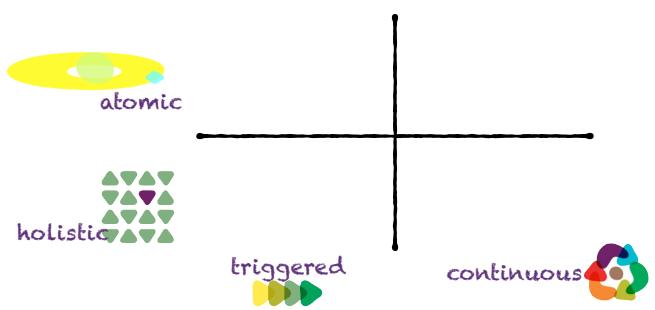
---

## Fitness Function



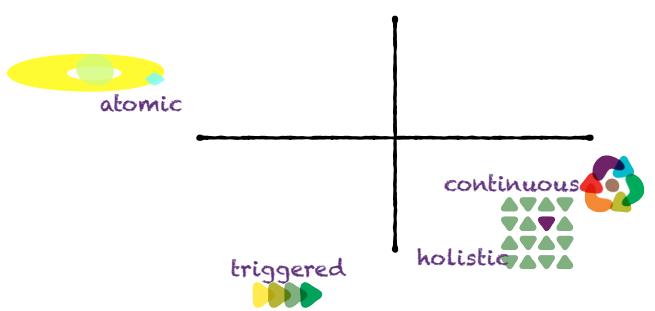
109

## Fitness Function

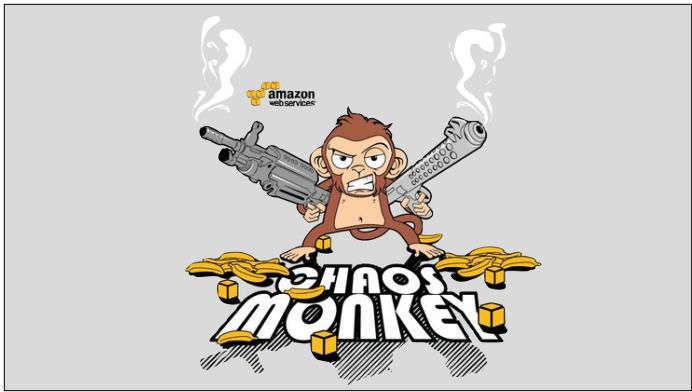


110

## Fitness Function



111



112

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



113

---

---

---

---

---

---

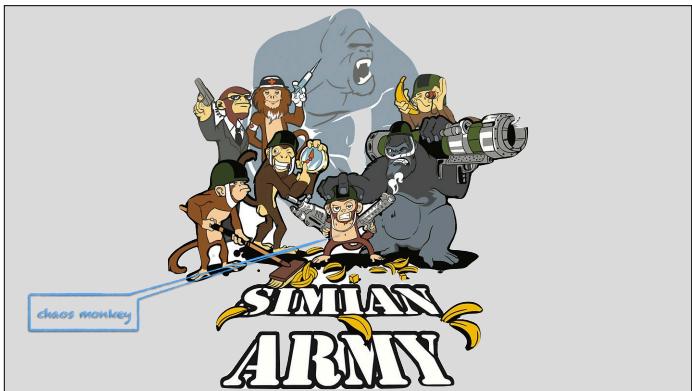
---

---

---

---

---



114

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



115

---

---

---

---

---

---



116

---

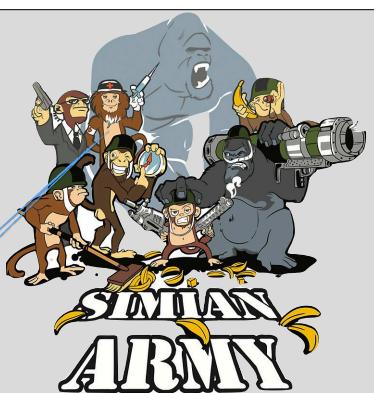
---

---

---

---

---



117

---

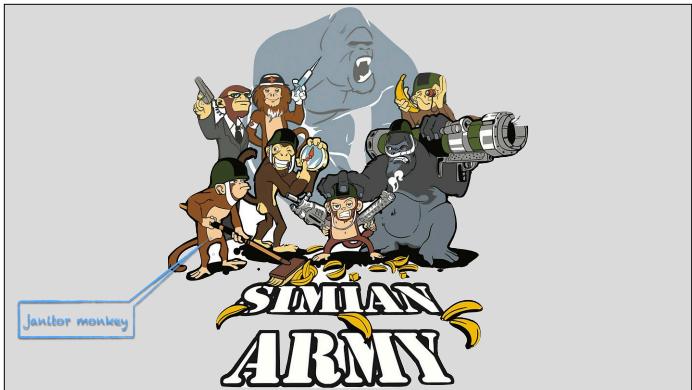
---

---

---

---

---



118

---

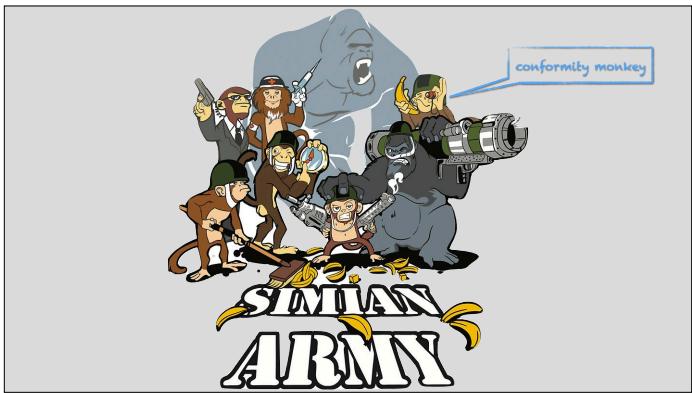
---

---

---

---

---



119

---

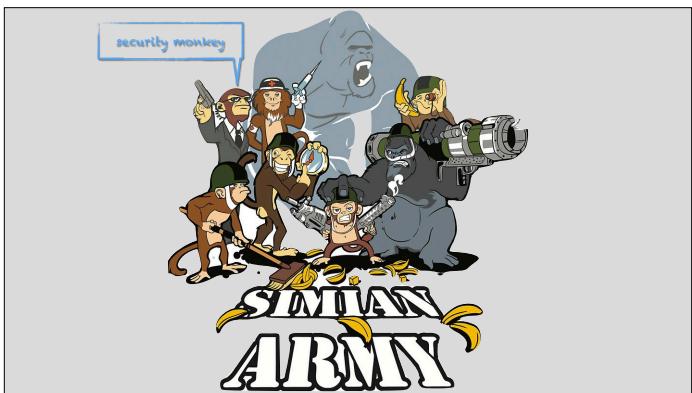
---

---

---

---

---



120

---

---

---

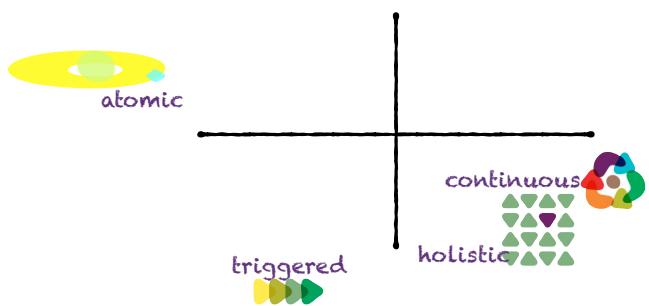
---

---

---

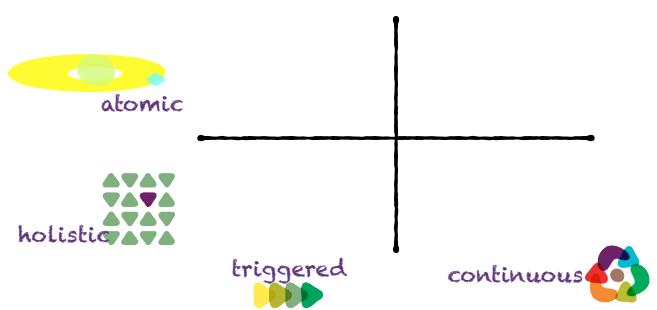
## Fitness Function

121



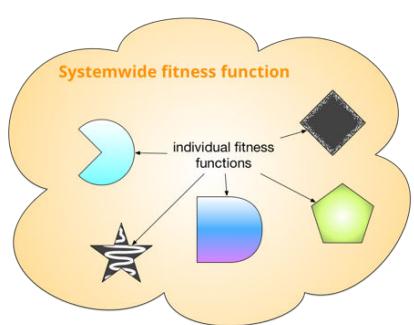
## Fitness Function

122

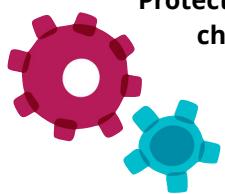


## System-wide Fitness Function

123



## Implementing Fitness Functions



Protecting architectural  
characteristics

124

---

---

---

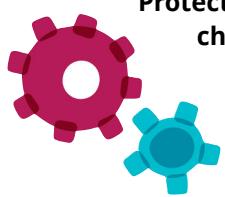
---

---

---

---

## Implementing Fitness Functions



Protecting architectural  
characteristics

Automating governance



125

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

maintainable?

126

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

**maintainable?**

127

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Cyclomatic complexity < 50 for all projects

**maintainable?**

128

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Cyclomatic complexity < 50 for all projects

Naming conventions

**maintainable?**

129

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Cyclomatic complexity < 50 for all projects

Naming conventions

**maintainable?**

(incoming/outgoing)

Controlled afferent/efferent coupling

130

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Cyclomatic complexity < 50 for all projects

Naming conventions

immutability

**maintainable?**

(incoming/outgoing)

Controlled afferent/efferent coupling

131

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Governing Code Quality



Penultima ↑ e

132

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Governing Code Quality



```
if state == "AL" then
    doSomethingForAL();
else if state == "GA" then
    doSomethingForGA();
else if ...
```

## Governing Code Quality



```
if state == "AL" then
    doSomethingForAL();
else if state == "GA" then
    doSomethingForGA();
else if ...
```



## Governing Code Quality



## Governing Code Quality

```
if state == "AL" then  
    doSomethingForAL();  
else if state == "GA" then  
    doSomethingForGA();  
else if ...
```



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Governing Code Quality

```
if state == "AL" then  
    doSomethingForAL();  
else if state == "GA" then  
    doSomethingForGA();  
else if ...
```



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Governing Code Quality

Strategy Design Pattern



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

<https://blog.jdriven.com/2017/10/implementing-architectural-fitness-functions-using-gradle-junit-code-assert/>

139



140

```
public class VerifyPackageByFeatureTest {
    @Test
    public void verifyPackageByFeature() {
        // Create an analyzer config for the package we'd like to verify
        AnalyzerConfig analyzerConfig = GradleAnalyzerConfig.gradle().main("com.jdriven.fitness.packaging.by.feature");

        // Dependency Rules for Packaging By Feature
        // NOTE: the classname should match the packagename
        class ComDrivenFitnessPackagingByFeature extends DependencyRuler {
            // Rules for feature child packages
            // NOTE: they should match the name of the sub packages
            DependencyRule a, b;

            @Override
            public void defineRules() {
                // Our App classes depends on all subpackages because it constructs all of them
                base().mayUse(base().allSub());
            }
        }

        // All dependencies are forbidden, except the ones defined in ComDrivenFitnessPackagingByFeature
        // java, org, net packages may be used freely
        DependencyRules rules = DependencyRules.denyAll()
            .withRelativeRules(new ComDrivenFitnessPackagingByFeature()
                .withExternals("java.*", "org.*", "net.*"));

        DependencyResult result = new DependencyAnalyzer(analyzerConfig.rules(rules).analyze();
        assertThat(result, matchesRulesExactly());
    }
}
```

141

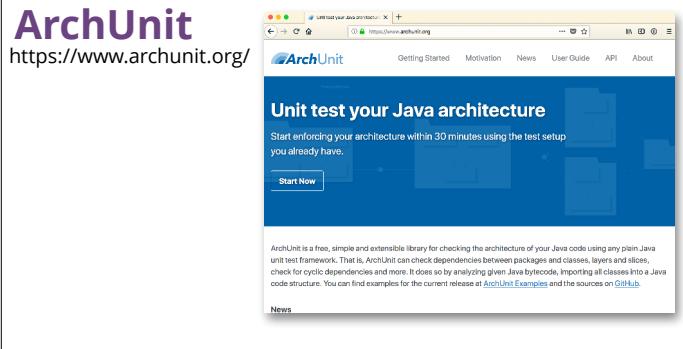
142

```
public class ControllerA {  
    private final ServiceA serviceA;  
    private final ServiceB serviceB;  
  
    public ControllerA(ServiceA serviceA, ServiceB serviceB) {  
        this.serviceA = serviceA;  
        this.serviceB = serviceB;  
    }  
  
}  
  
java.lang.AssertionError:  
Expected: Comply with rules  
but: DENIED com.jdriven.fitness.packaging.by.feature.a ->  
com.jdriven.fitness.packaging.by.feature.b (by com.jdriven.fitness.packaging.by.feature.a.ControllerA)
```

143

```
public class ControllerA {  
    private final ServiceA serviceA;  
    private final ServiceB serviceB;  
  
    public ControllerA(ServiceA serviceA, ServiceB serviceB) {  
        this.serviceA = serviceA;  
        this.serviceB = serviceB;  
    }  
  
}  
  
java.lang.AssertionError:  
Expected: Comply with rules  
but: DENIED com.jdriven.fitness.packaging.by.feature.a ->  
com.jdriven.fitness.packaging.by.feature.b (by com.jdriven.fitness.packaging.by.feature.a.ControllerA)  
  
// Allow package / module a to access b  
a.mayUse(b);
```

144



## ArchUnit

<https://www.archunit.org/>

### coding rules

```
import static com.tngtech.archunit.lang.syntax.ArchRuleDefinition.noClasses;
import static com.tngtech.archunit.library.GeneralCodingRules.ACCESS_STANDARD_STREAMS;
import static com.tngtech.archunit.library.GeneralCodingRules.NO_CLASSES_SHOULD_ACCESS_STANDARD_STREAMS;
import static com.tngtech.archunit.library.GeneralCodingRules.NO_CLASSES_SHOULD_THROW_GENERIC_EXCEPTIONS;
import static com.tngtech.archunit.library.GeneralCodingRules.NO_CLASSES_SHOULD_USE_JAVA_UTIL_LOGGING;

public class CodingRulesTest {
    private JavaClasses classes;

    @Before
    public void setup() throws Exception {
        classes = new ClassfileImporter().importPackageOf(getClassViolatingCodingRules.class);
    }

    @Test
    public void classes_should_not_access_standard_streams_defined_by_hand() {
        NO_CLASSES_SHOULD_ACCESS_STANDARD_STREAMS.check(classes);
    }

    @Test
    public void classes_should_not_access_standard_streams_from_library() {
        NO_CLASSES_SHOULD_ACCESS_STANDARD_STREAMS.check(classes);
    }

    @Test
    public void classes_should_not_throw_generic_exceptions() {
        NO_CLASSES_SHOULD_THROW_GENERIC_EXCEPTIONS.check(classes);
    }

    @Test
    public void classes_should_not_use_java_util_logging() {
        NO_CLASSES_SHOULD_USE_JAVA_UTIL_LOGGING.check(classes);
    }
}
```

145

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## ArchUnit

<https://www.archunit.org/>

### coding rules

```
@Test
public void classes_should_not_access_standard_streams_from_library() {
    NO_CLASSES_SHOULD_ACCESS_STANDARD_STREAMS.check(classes);
}

@Test
public void classes_should_not_throw_generic_exceptions() {
    NO_CLASSES_SHOULD_THROW_GENERIC_EXCEPTIONS.check(classes);
}

@Test
public void classes_should_not_use_java_util_logging() {
    NO_CLASSES_SHOULD_USE_JAVA_UTIL_LOGGING.check(classes);
}
```

146

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## ArchUnit

<https://www.archunit.org/>

### interface rules

```
public class InterfaceRules {
    @Test
    public void interfaces_should_not_have_namesEndingWithTheWordInterface() {
        JavaClasses classes = new ClassfileImporter().importClasses(
            SomeBusinessInterface.class,
            SomeBusiness.class
        );

        noClasses().that().areInterfaces().should().haveNameMatching(".*Interface").check(classes);
    }

    @Test
    public void interfaces_should_notHaveSimpleClassNamesEndingWithTheWordInterface() {
        JavaClasses classes = new ClassfileImporter().importClasses(
            SomeBusinessInterface.class,
            SomeBusiness.class
        );

        noClasses().that().areInterfaces().should().haveSimpleNameContaining("Interface").check(classes);
    }

    @Test
    public void interfaces_mustNotBePlacedInImplementationPackages() {
        JavaClasses classes = new ClassfileImporter().importPackageOf(SomeInterfacePlacedInTheWrongPackage.class);

        noClasses().that().resideInAPackage("..impl..").should().beInterfaces().check(classes);
    }
}
```

147

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

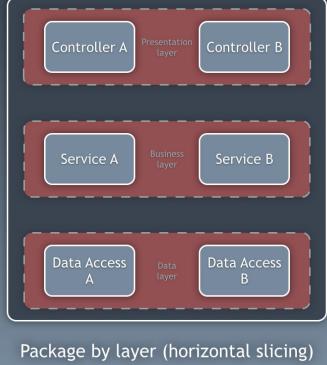
---

## ArchUnit

<https://www.archunit.org/>

```
public class InterfaceRules {  
  
    @Test  
    public void interfaces_should_not_have_names_ending_with_the_word_interface() {  
        JavaClasses classes = new ClassFileImporter().importClasses(  
            SomeBusinessInterface.class,  
            SomeDao.class  
        );  
  
        noClasses().that().areInterfaces().should().haveNameMatching(".*Interface")  
    }  
  
    @Test  
    public void interfaces_should_not_have_simple_class_names_ending_with_the_word_if
```

148



149

## ArchUnit

<https://www.archunit.org/>

```
public class LayerDependencyRulesTest {  
    private JavaClasses classes;  
  
    @Before  
    public void setup() throws Exception {  
        classes = new ClassFileImporter().importPackagesOf(ClassViolatingCodingRules.class);  
    }  
  
    @Test  
    public void services_should_not_access_controllers() {  
        noClasses().that().resideInAPackage("..service..")  
            .should().accessClassesThat().resideInAPackage("..controller..").check(classes);  
    }  
  
    @Test  
    public void persistence_should_not_access_services() {  
        noClasses().that().resideInAPackage("..persistence..")  
            .should().accessClassesThat().resideInAPackage("..service..").check(classes);  
    }  
  
    @Test  
    public void services_should_only_be_accessed_by_controllers_or_other_services() {  
        classes().that().resideInAPackage("..service..")  
            .should().onlyBeAccessed().byAnyPackage("..controller..", "..service..").check(classes);  
    }  
}
```

150

```

private JavaClasses classes;

@Before
public void setUp() throws Exception {
    classes = new ClassFileImporter().importPackagesOf(ClassViolatingCodingRules.class);
}

@Test
public void services_should_not_access_controllers() {
    noClasses().that().resideInAPackage("..service..")
        .should().accessClassesThat().resideInAPackage("..controller..").check(classes);
}

@Test
public void persistence_should_not_access_services() {
    noClasses().that().resideInAPackage("..persistence..")
        .should().accessClassesThat().resideInAPackage("..service..").check(classes);
}

```

151

---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---

## ArchUnit

<https://www.archunit.org/>

```

@Text
public void third_party_class_should_only_be_instantiated_via_workaround() {
    classes().should(notCreateProblematicClassesOutsideOfWorkaroundFactory()
        .as(THIRD_PARTY_CLASS_RULE_TEXT)
        .check(classes));
}

private ArchCondition<JavaClass> notCreateProblematicClassesOutsideOfWorkaroundFactory() {
    DescribedPredicate<JavaCall<>> constructorCallOfThirdPartyClass =
        target(is(constructor())).and(targetOwner(isAssignableTo(ThirdPartyClassWithProblem.class))).forSubType();

    DescribedPredicate<JavaCall<>> notFromWithinThirdPartyClass =
        originOwner(is(notAssignableTo(ThirdPartyClassWithProblem.class))).forSubType();

    DescribedPredicate<JavaCall<>> notFromWorkaroundFactory =
        originOwner(is(not(equivalentTo(ThirdPartyClassWorkaroundFactory.class)))).forSubType();

    DescribedPredicate<JavaCall<>> targetIsIllegalConstructorOfThirdPartyClass =
        constructorCallOfThirdPartyClass.
            and(notFromWithinThirdPartyClass).
            and(notFromWorkaroundFactory);

    return never(callCodeUnitInHere(targetIsIllegalConstructorOfThirdPartyClass));
}

```

governance

152

---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---

## Legality of Open Source Libraries



Penultima↑e

153

---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---

## Legality of Open Source Libraries



Penultima↑e  
⚙️⚙️⚙️

154

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Legality of Open Source Libraries



Penultima↑e  
⚙️⚙️⚙️

155

---

---

---

---

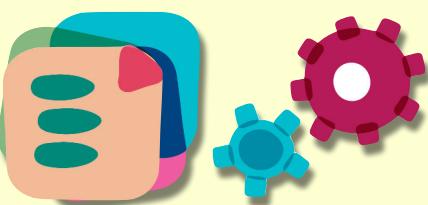
---

---

---

---

## Legality of Open Source Libraries



Penultima↑e  
⚙️⚙️⚙️

156

---

---

---

---

---

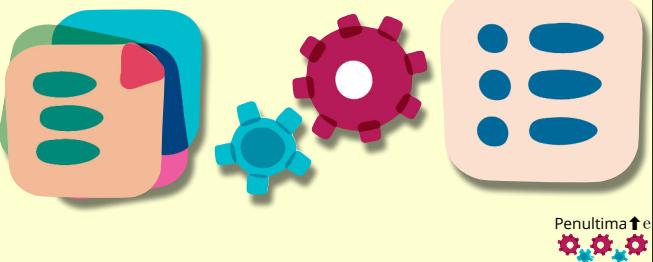
---

---

---

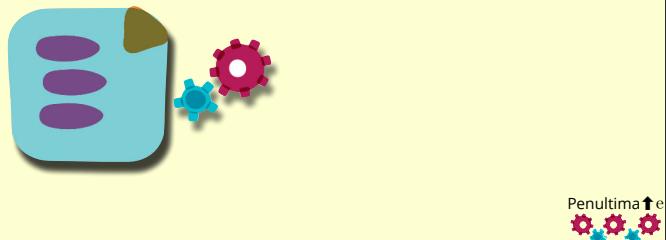
## Legality of Open Source Libraries

157



## Legality of Open Source Libraries

158



## Legality of Open Source Libraries

159



## Legality of Open Source Libraries



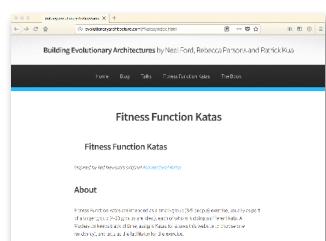
160

## Legality of Open Source Libraries



161

## Fitness Function Katas



<http://evolutionaryarchitecture.com/ffkatas/>

162

## Two Big Ideas

163

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Two Big Ideas



fitness functions for evolvability

164

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

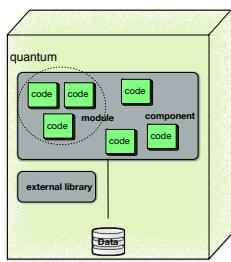
---

## Two Big Ideas



fitness functions for evolvability

architectural quantum



165

---

---

---

---

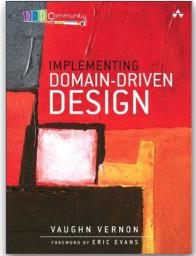
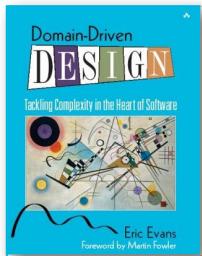
---

---

---

---

## Domain Driven Design



166

---

---

---

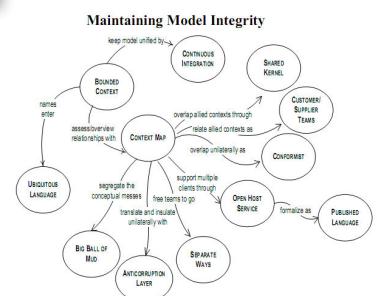
---

---

---

---

## Bounded Context



167

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Bounded Context + Continuous Delivery = microservices



168

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Architectural Quantum

An architectural quantum is an independently deployable component with high functional cohesion, which includes all the structural elements required for the system to function properly.

169

---

---

---

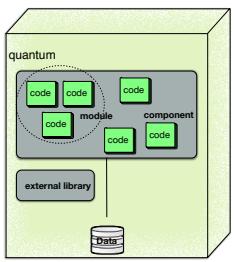
---

---

---

---

## Architectural Quantum



170

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Why Quantum?

171

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

172

## Why Quantum?



operational view  
of architecture

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

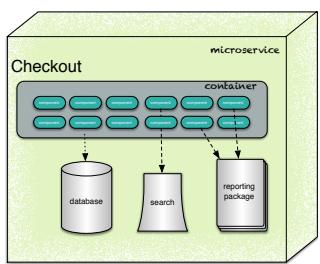
---

173

## Why Quantum?



operational view  
of architecture



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

174

## Why Quantum?



---

---

---

---

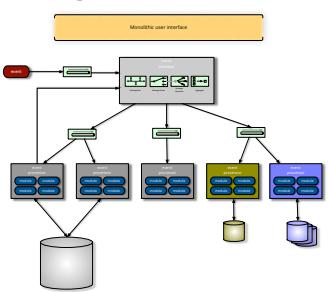
---

---

---

---

## Why Quantum?



175

---

---

---

---

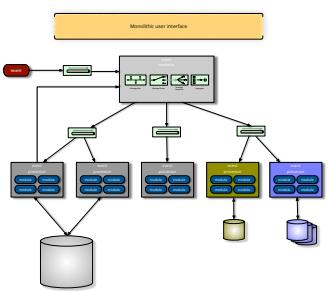
---

---

---

---

## Why Quantum?



176

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Why Quantum?



useful for  
architectural analysis

177

---

---

---

---

---

---

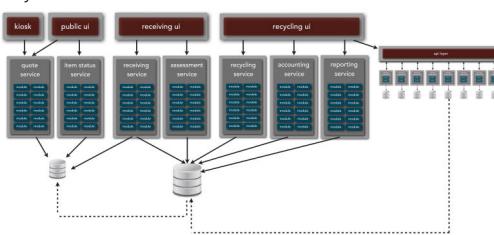
---

---



## Why Quantum?

useful for architectural analysis



178

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

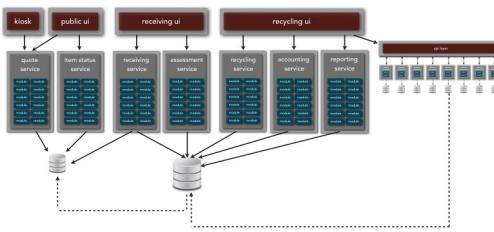


## Why Quantum?

useful for architectural analysis



helps analyze coupling



179

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

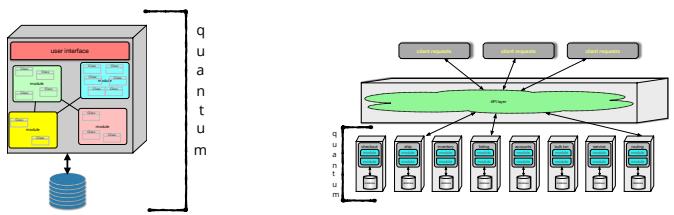
---

---

---

## Why Quantum?

*The quantum is where architectural characteristics live.*



180

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Architectural Patterns

181

---

---

---

---

---

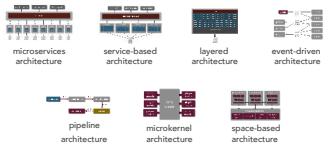
---

---

---

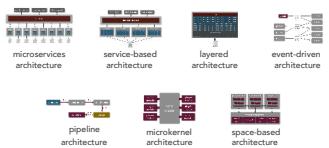
## Architectural Patterns

182



## Architectural Patterns

183



Patterns encapsulate a well-known set of architectural characteristics.

---

---

---

---

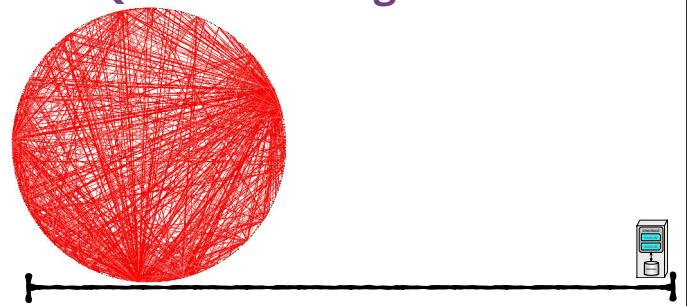
---

---

---

---

## Quantum: Large to Small



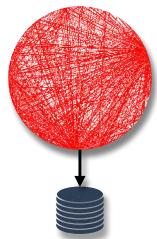
184

## Monoliths



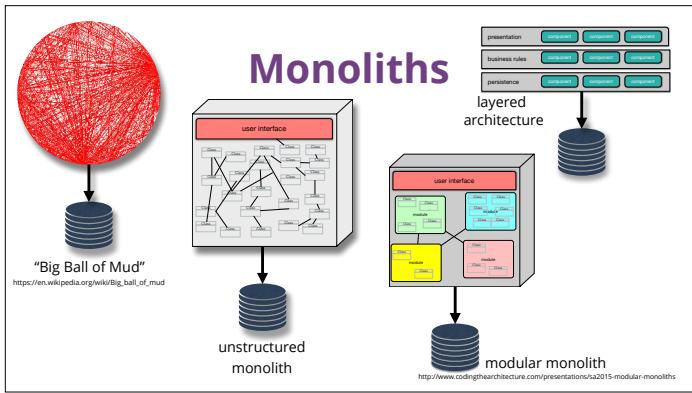
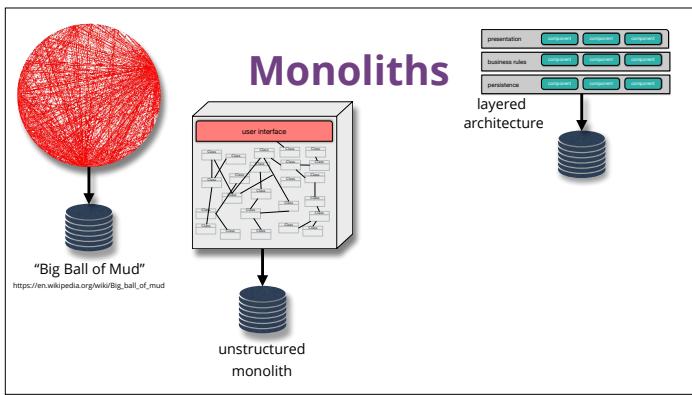
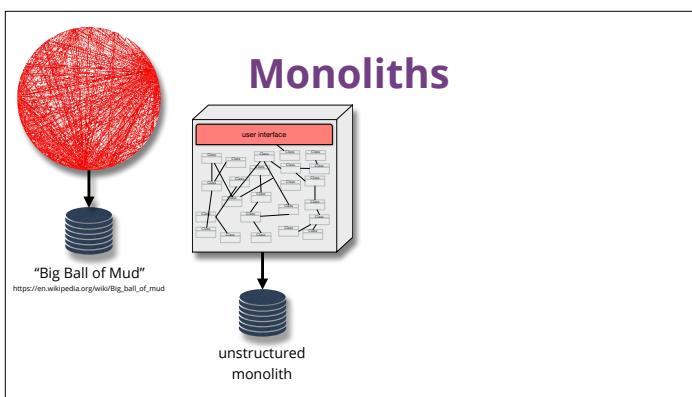
185

## Monoliths

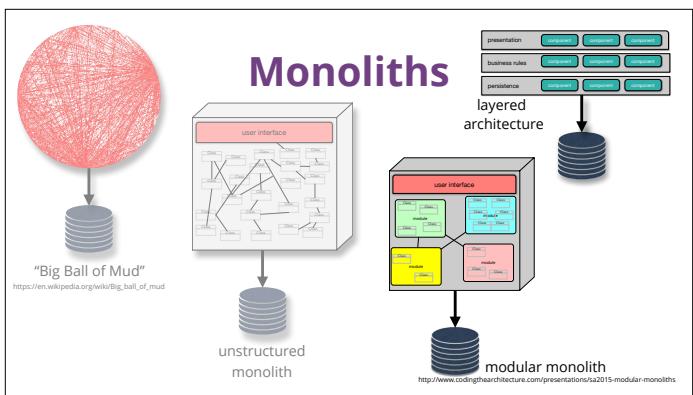


"Big Ball of Mud"  
[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Big\\_ball\\_of\\_mud](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Big_ball_of_mud)

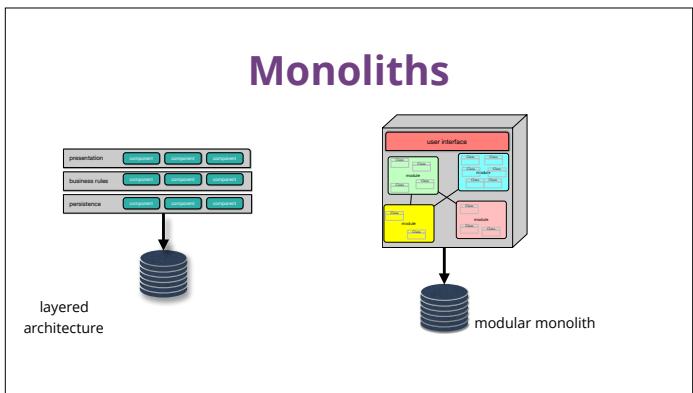
186



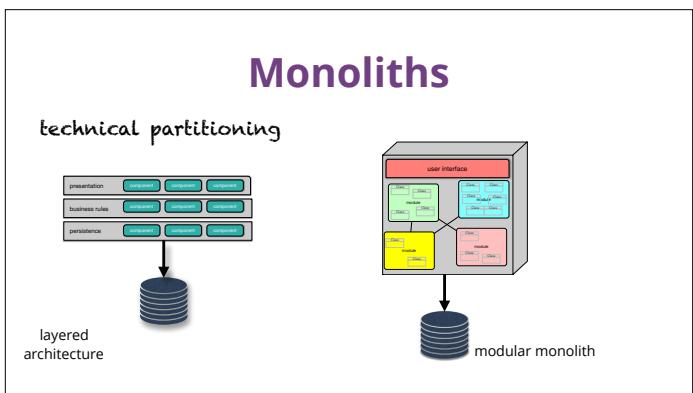
190



191

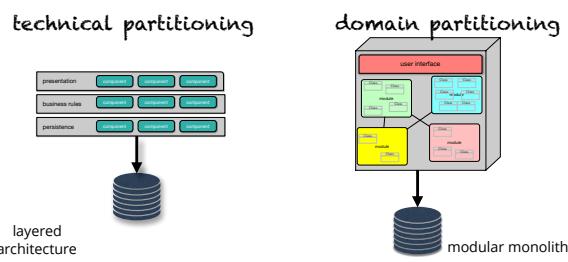


192

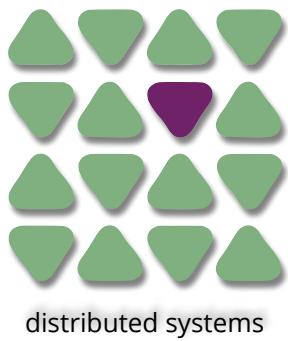


193

## Monoliths

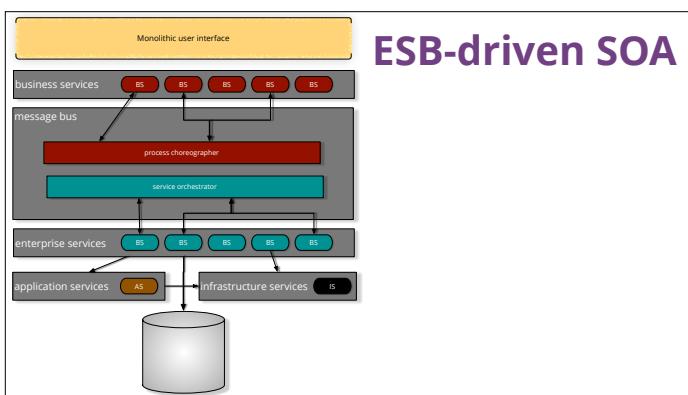


194



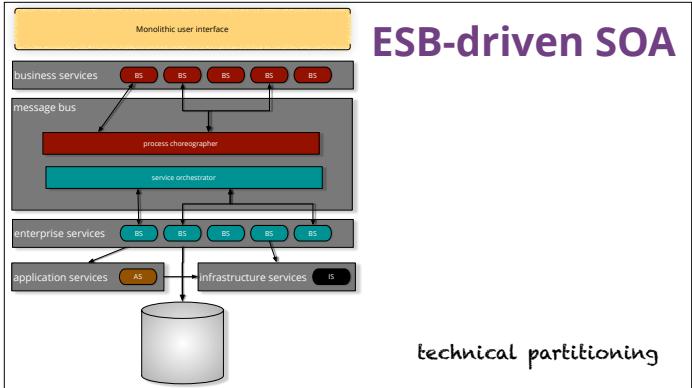
195

## ESB-driven SOA



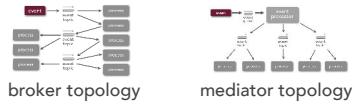
## ESB-driven SOA

196



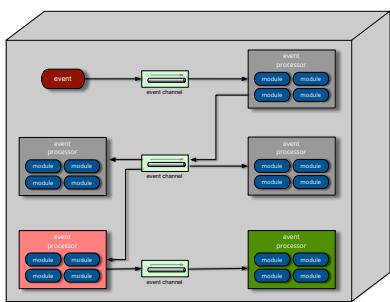
## Event-driven Architectures

197

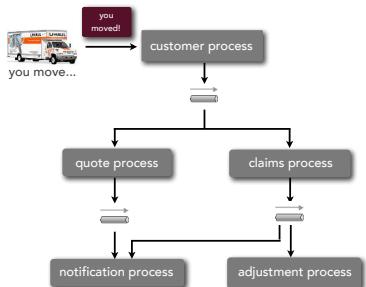


## Broker Base Architecture

198

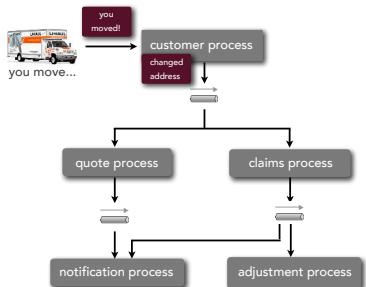


## Broker Message Passing



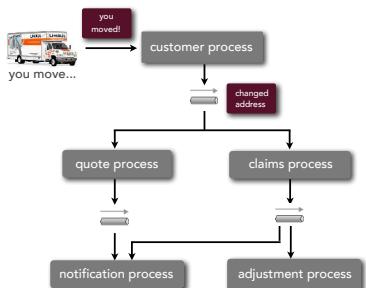
199

## Broker Message Passing



200

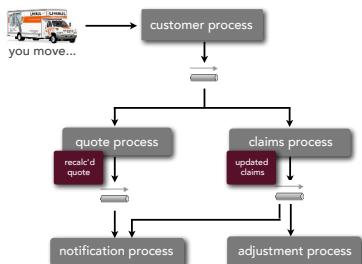
## Broker Message Passing



201

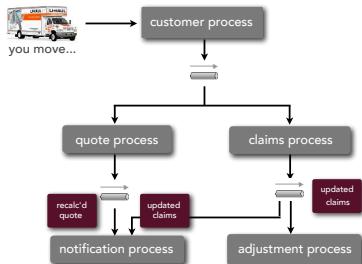
## Broker Message Passing

202

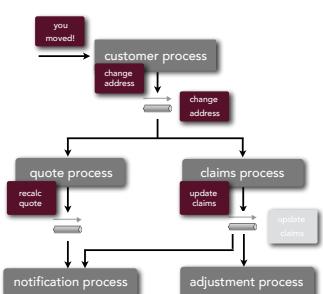


## Broker Message Passing

203

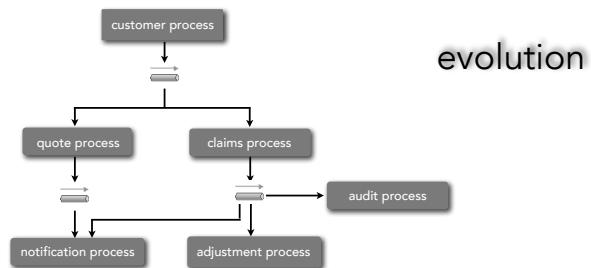


Error handling?



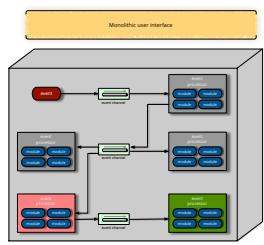
204

205



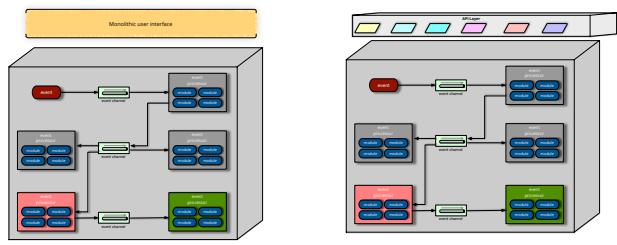
## Broker: UI

206

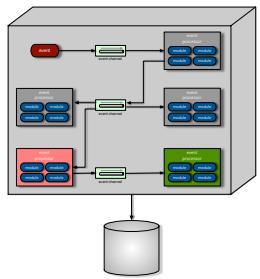


## Broker: UI

207

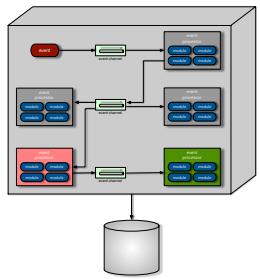


## Broker: Data



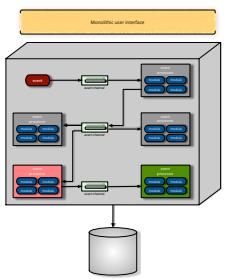
208

## Broker: Data



209

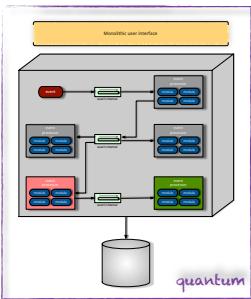
## Broker: Quanta



210

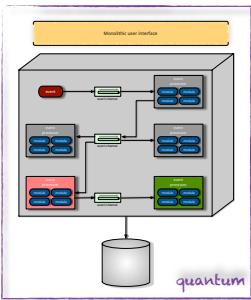
## Broker: Quanta

211



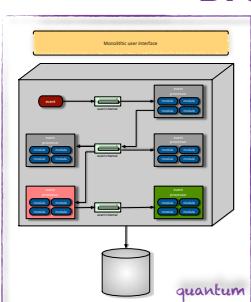
## Broker: Quanta

212

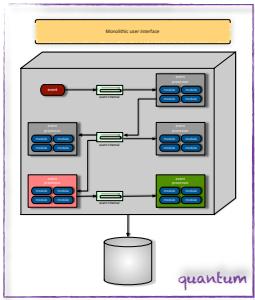


## Broker: Quanta

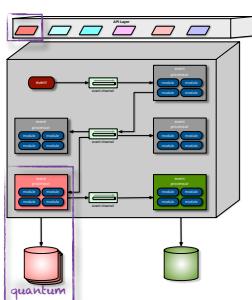
213



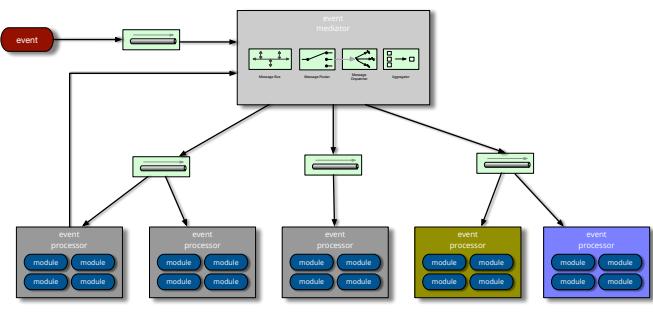
## Broker: Quanta



214

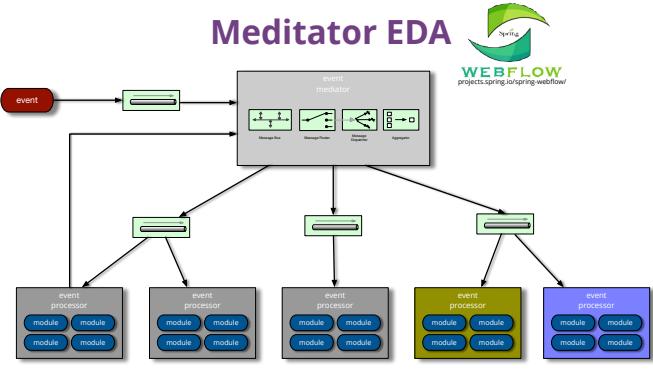


## Mediator EDA



215

## Mediator EDA



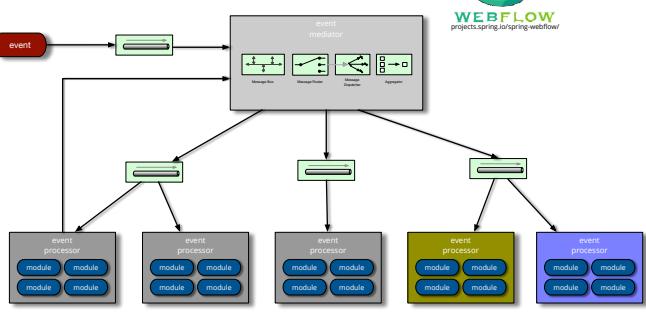
216

## Mediator EDA



WEBFLOW  
projects.spring.io/spring-webflow/

217

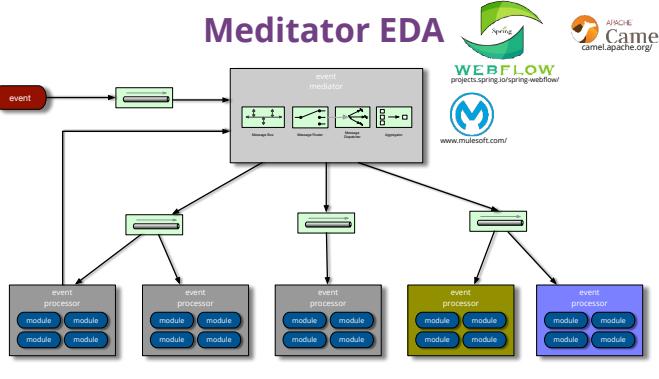


## Mediator EDA



WEBFLOW  
projects.spring.io/spring-webflow/

218

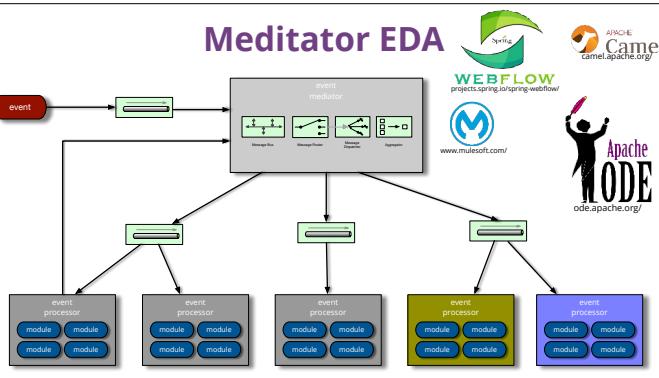


## Mediator EDA

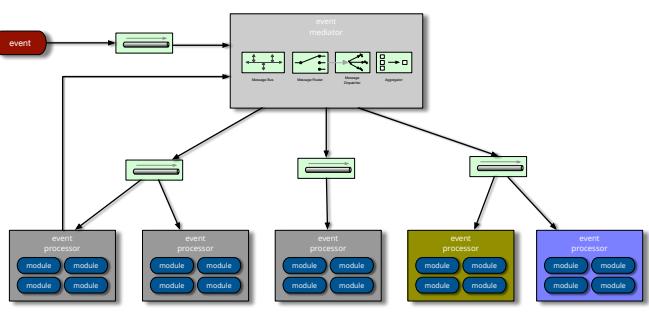


WEBFLOW  
projects.spring.io/spring-webflow/

219

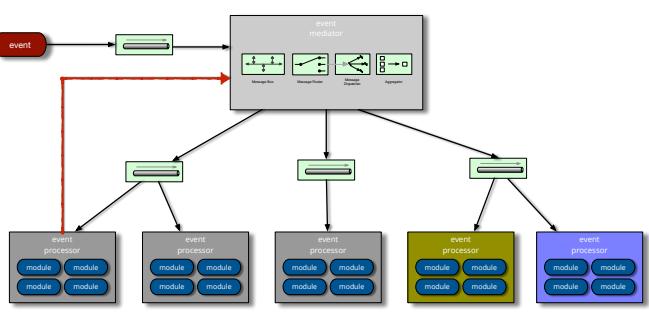


## Mediator EDA



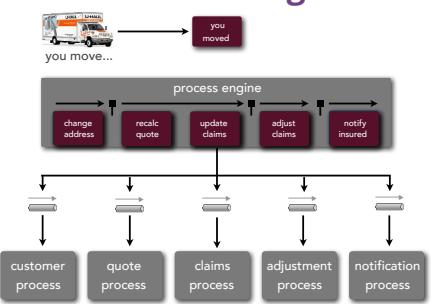
220

## Mediator EDA



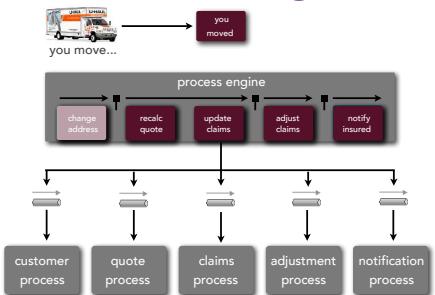
221

## Mediator Message Flow



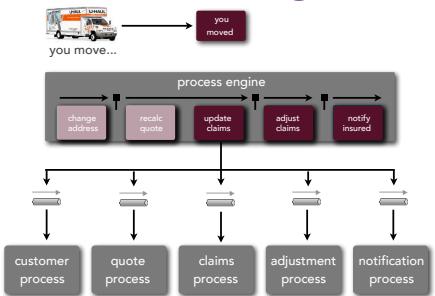
222

## Mediator Message Flow



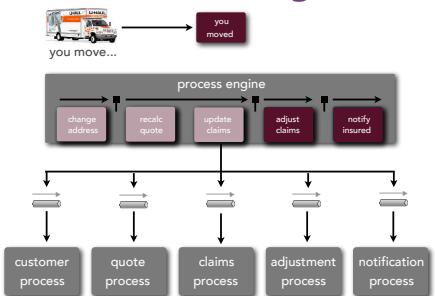
223

## Mediator Message Flow



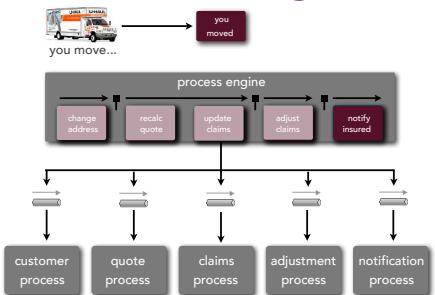
224

## Mediator Message Flow



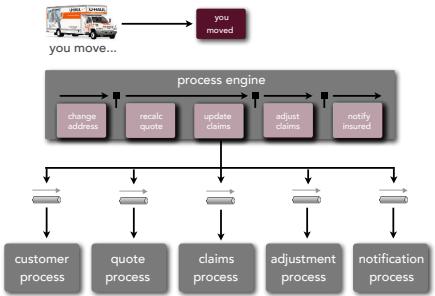
225

## Mediator Message Flow



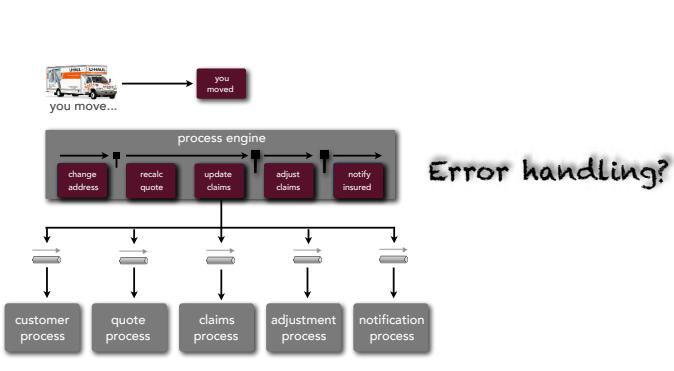
226

## Mediator Message Flow



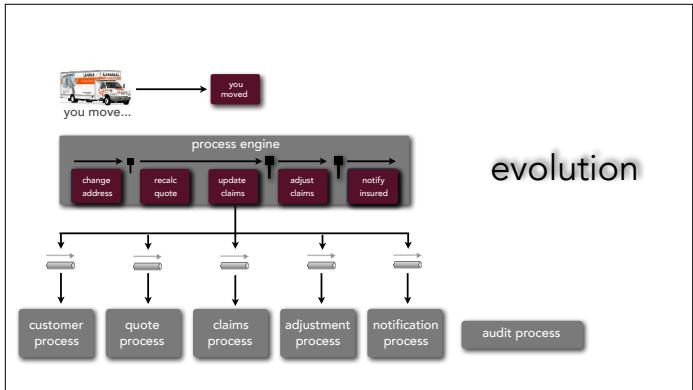
227

Error handling?

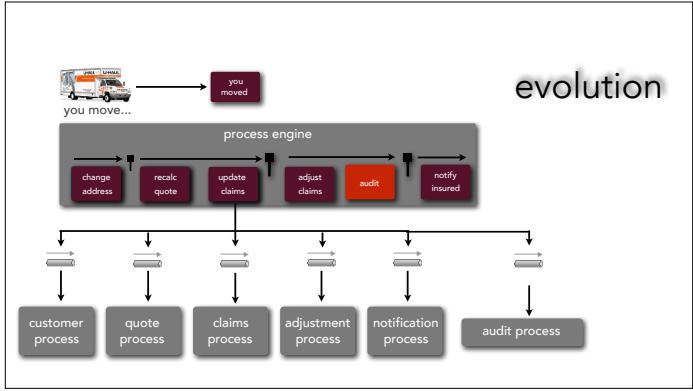


228

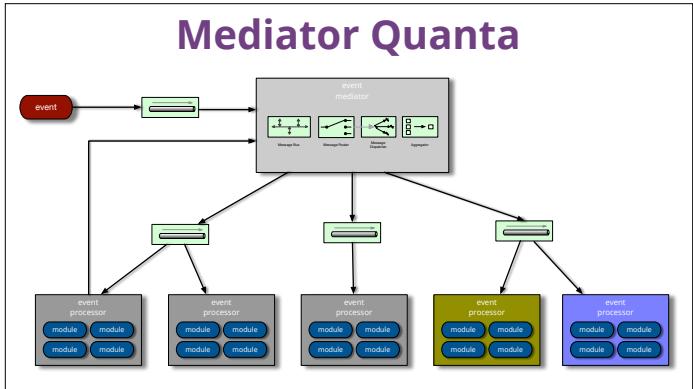
229



230

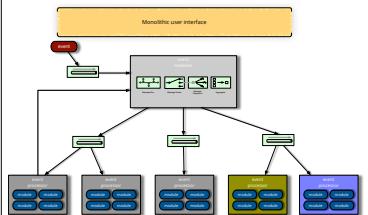


231



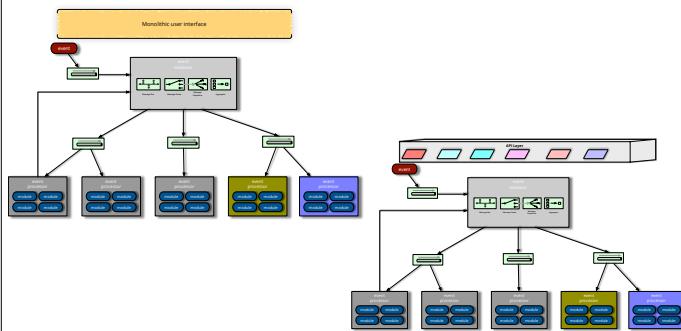
## Mediator: UI

232



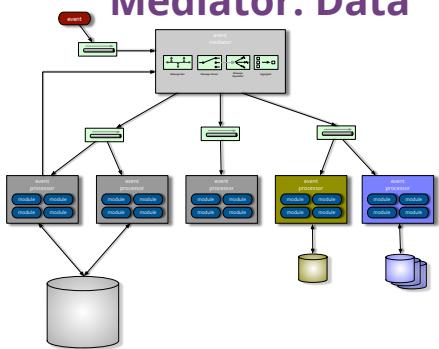
## Mediator: UI

233



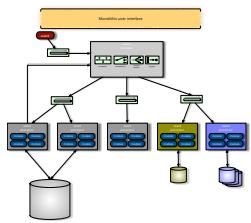
## Mediator: Data

234



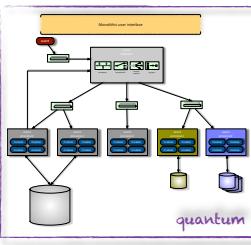
## Mediator Quanta

235



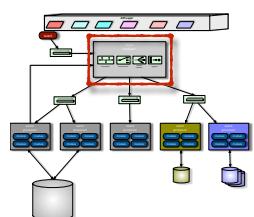
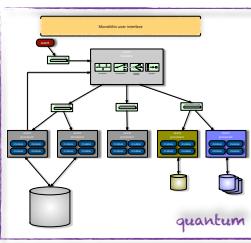
## Mediator Quanta

236



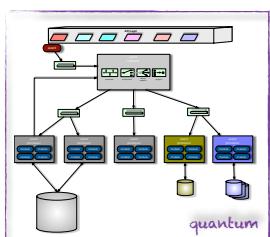
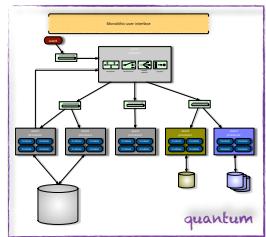
## Mediator Quanta

237



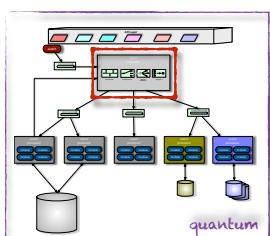
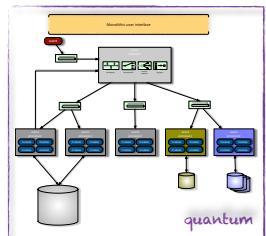
## Mediator Quanta

238



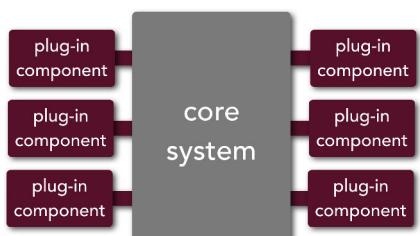
## Mediator Quanta

239



## Microkernel

240



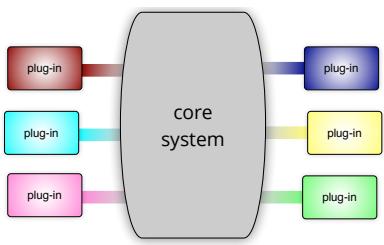
241

## Microkernel



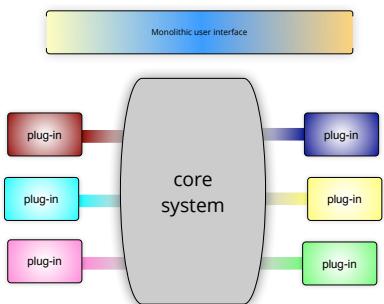
242

## Microkernel Quanta



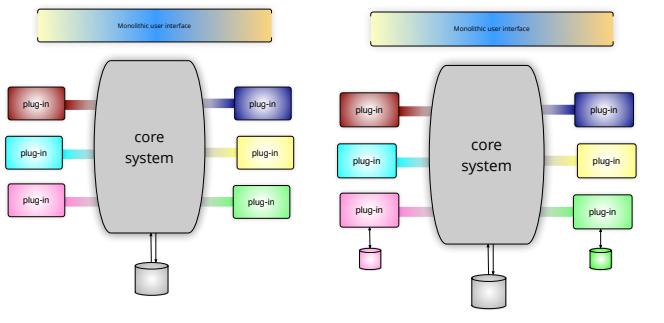
243

## Microkernel: UI



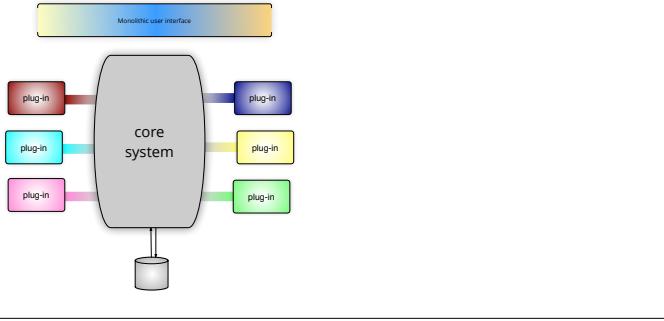
## Microkernel: Data

244



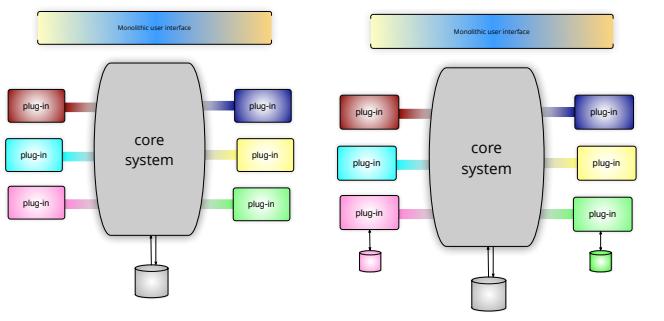
## Microkernel: Data

245



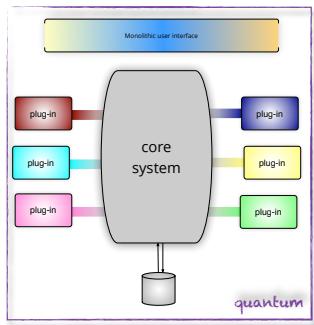
## Microkernel: Data

246



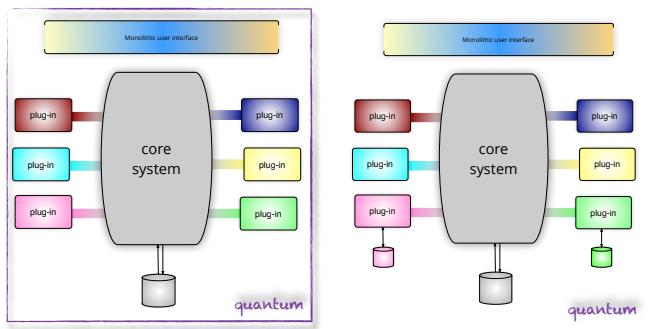
## Microkernel: Quanta

247



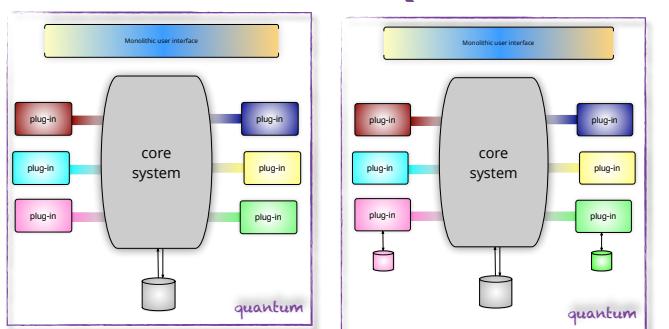
## Microkernel: Quanta

248



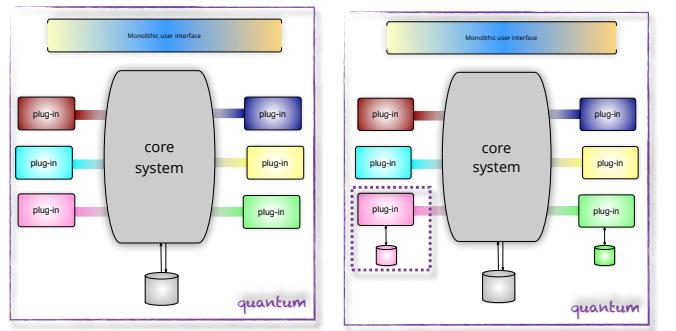
## Microkernel: Quanta

249



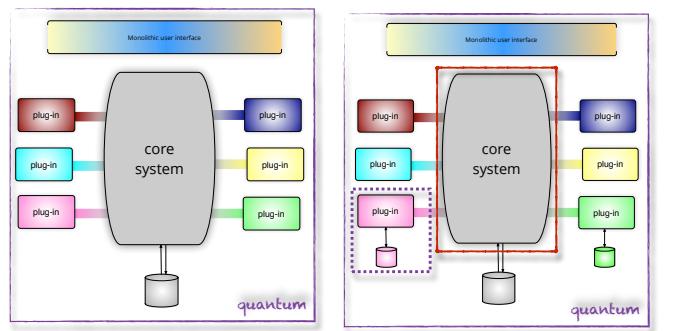
## Microkernel: Quanta

250



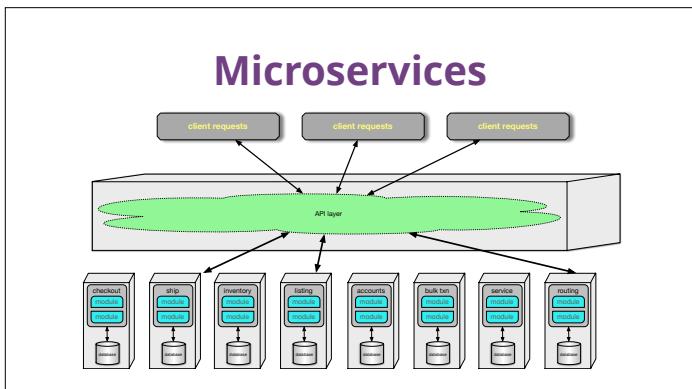
## Microkernel: Quanta

251



## Microservices

252



## What makes microservices so evolvable?

extremely loose coupling

253

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## What makes microservices so evolvable?

extremely loose coupling



254

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## What makes microservices so evolvable?

extremely loose coupling



255

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## What makes microservices so evolvable?

256

extremely loose coupling



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## What makes microservices so evolvable?

257

extremely loose coupling



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

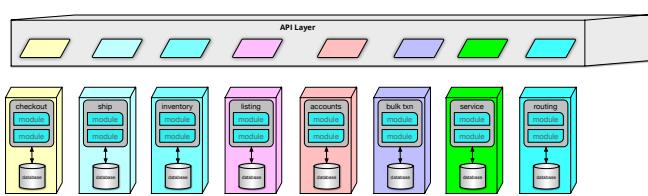
---

---

---

## Microservices

258



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

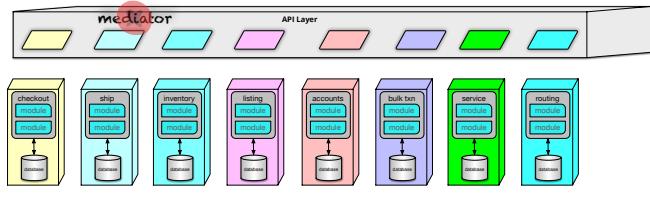
---

---

---

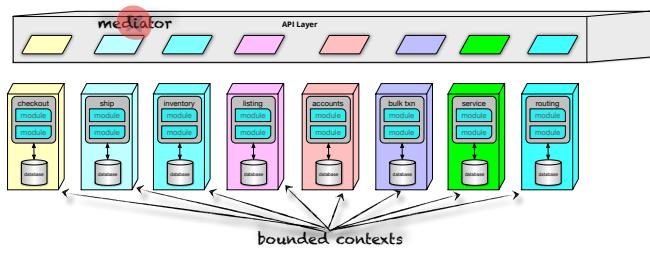
## Microservices

259



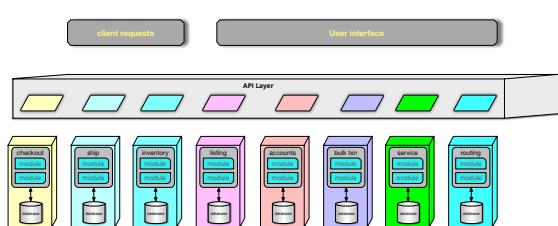
## Microservices

260



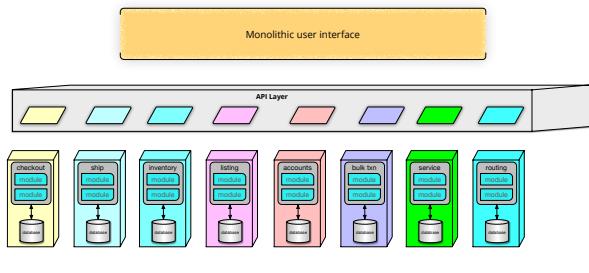
## Microservices

261



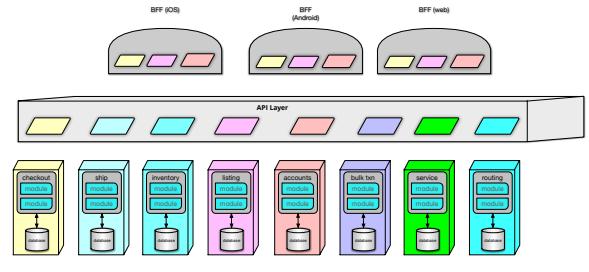
## Microservices: Monolithic UI

262



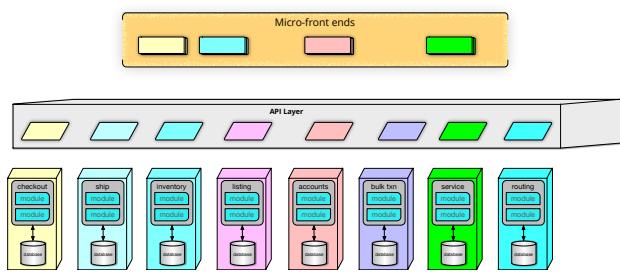
## Microservices :BFF

263



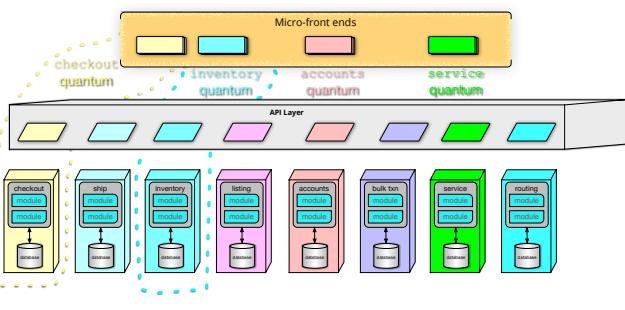
## Microservices

264



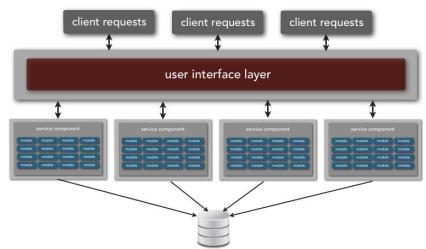
## Microservices

265



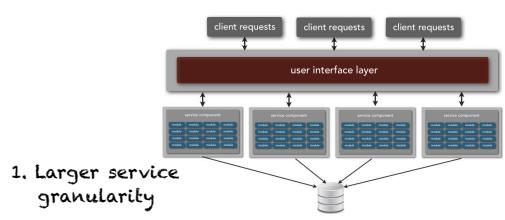
## Service-based Architectures

266



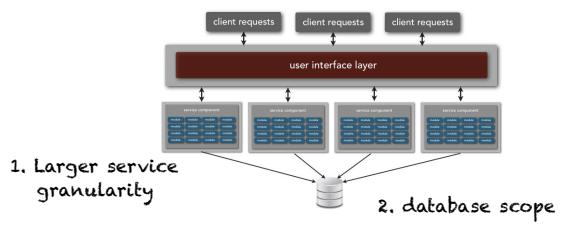
## Service-based Architectures

267



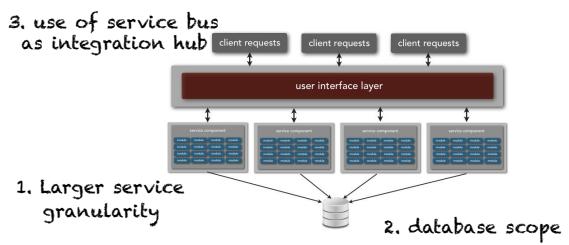
## Service-based Architectures

268



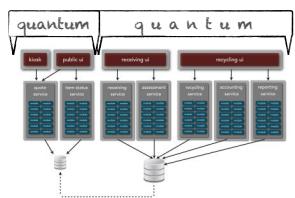
## Service-based Architectures

269



## Reducing Quanta Size

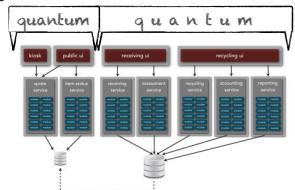
270



## Reducing Quanta Size



useful for architectural analysis



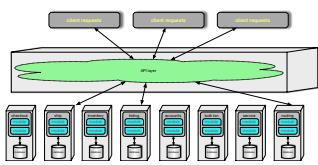
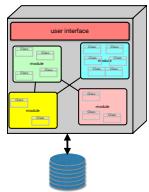
helps analyze coupling

271

## Smaller Quanta Size

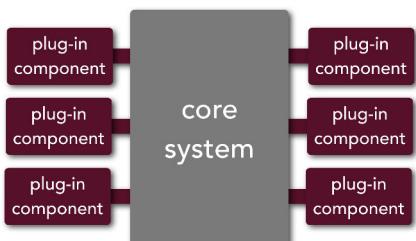
$\triangleq$

Evolutionary



272

## Microkernel Redux



273

## Last 10% Trap



274

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Last 10% Trap

80%



**what the user wants**

275

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Last 10% Trap

80%

10%



**what the user wants**

276

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Last 10% Trap

*"Users always want 100% of what they want (& are never satisfied with less)."*



## What Happened to the 4GLs?

## What Happened to the 4GLs?

**dBASE™**



## What Happened to the 4GLs?



DSL

280

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

see also: Vendor King



281

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



Be careful of the *Last 10% Trap* when choosing tools & frameworks.

282

---

---

---

---

---

---

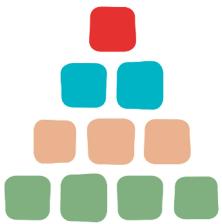
---

---

---

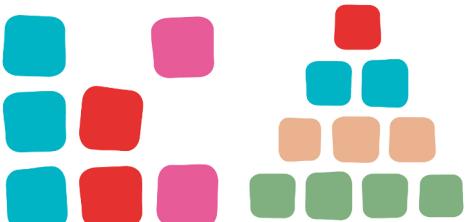
---

## Domain/Architecture Isomorphism



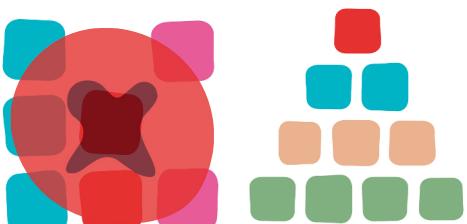
283

## Domain/Architecture Isomorphism



284

## Domain/Architecture Isomorphism



285

## Exercise #2

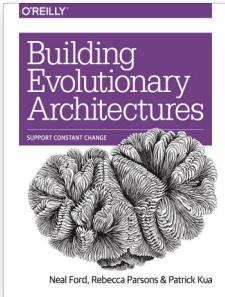


## identify the quanta



286

# Building Evolutionary Architectures



EVOLUTIONARY DATA



287

288



Data & code are both abstractions based on the real world.



Data & code are symbiotic.

289

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## DB Evolution & Deployment

scripting all db changes incrementally



db refactoring



decouple db migration  
from app migration



290

---

---

---

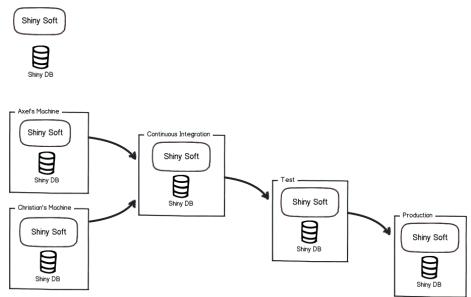
---

---

---

---

## DbDeploy Pattern



291

---

---

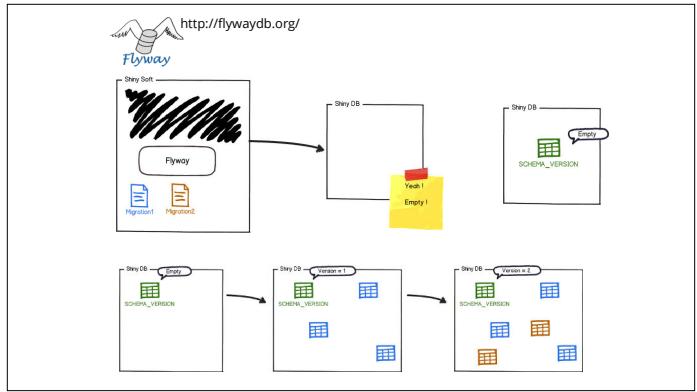
---

---

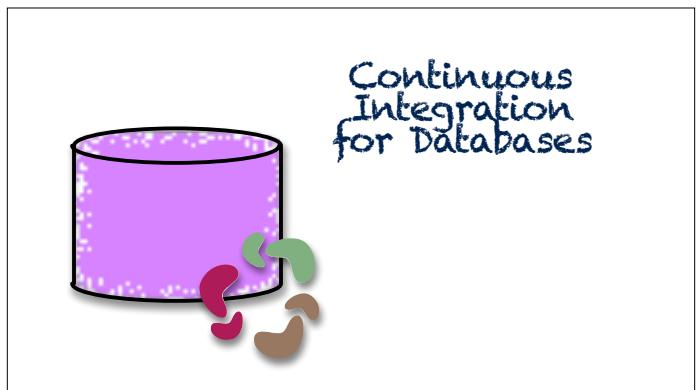
---

---

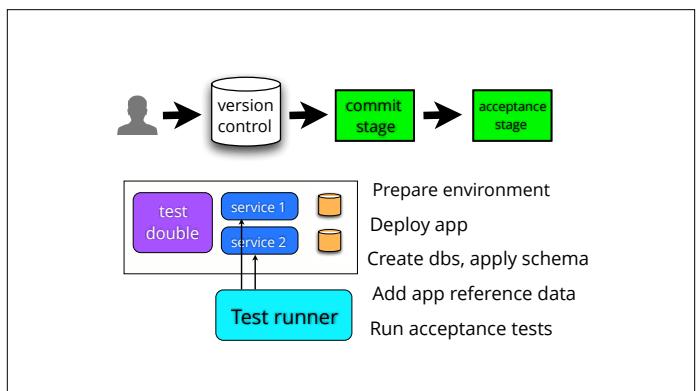
---



292



293



294

## For DB CI We Need To:

start with a clean database



apply changes incrementally

use the same process everywhere

be comprehensive in change management

295

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

### #1: Baseline

Baseline Database

- Create database
- Add metadata table
- Restore schema & reference data to current production state

296

---

---

---

---

---

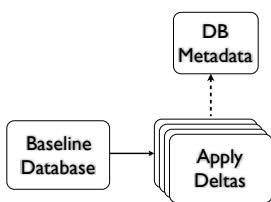
---

---

---

---

### #2: Apply Deltas



- run each delta in order
- stop the line if one fails
- record success in metadata table

297

---

---

---

---

---

---

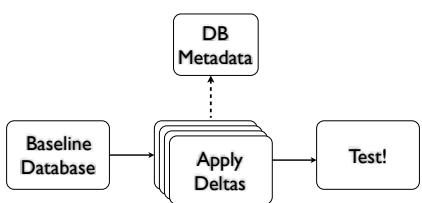
---

---

---

### #3: Run Tests

298



acceptance tests verify database scripts worked

---

---

---

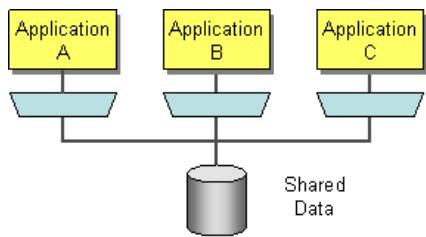
---

---

---

### Shared-database Integration

299



---

---

---

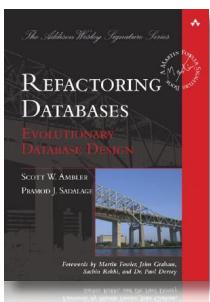
---

---

---

### Refactoring Databases

300



---

---

---

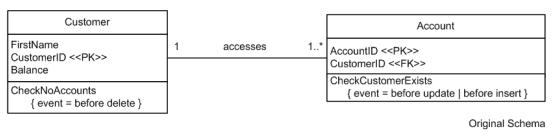
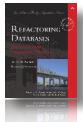
---

---

---

## Move Column Refactoring

301



---

---

---

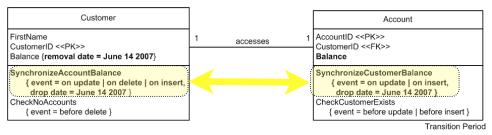
---

---

---

## Transition Period

302



---

---

---

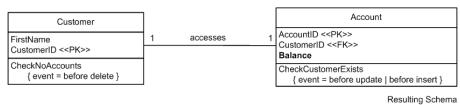
---

---

---

## Move Column Refactoring

303



## Move Column Refactoring

---

---

---

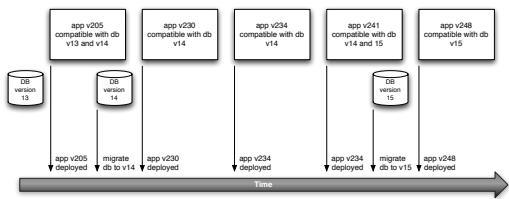
---

---

---



## Decouple DB Updates: the Expand/contract Pattern



304

---

---

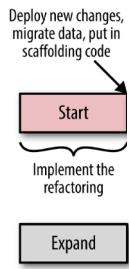
---

---

---

---

## Expand/Contract Pattern



305

---

---

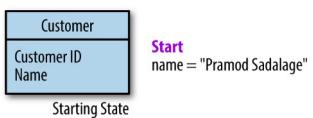
---

---

---

---

## Change 'name' to 'firstname' & 'lastname'



306

---

---

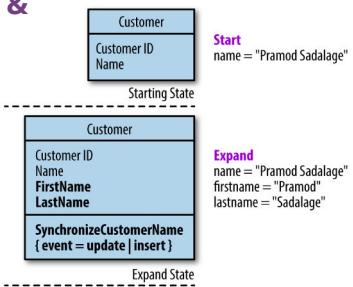
---

---

---

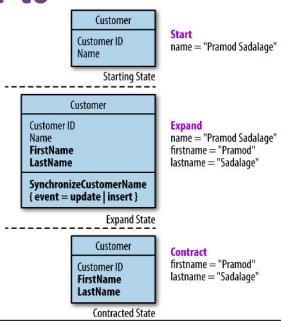
---

## Change 'name' to 'firstname' & 'lastname'



307

## Change 'name' to 'firstname' & 'lastname'



308

## #1: integration points, legacy data

```

ALTER TABLE customer ADD firstname VARCHAR2(60);
ALTER TABLE customer ADD lastname VARCHAR2(60);
ALTER TABLE customer DROP COLUMN name;
  
```

309

310

## #2: integration points, legacy data

```

ALTER TABLE Customer ADD firstname VARCHAR2(60);
ALTER TABLE Customer ADD lastname VARCHAR2(60);
UPDATE Customer set firstname = extractfirstname (name);
UPDATE Customer set lastname = extractlastname (name);
ALTER TABLE customer DROP COLUMN name;

```

311

## #3: integration points, legacy data

```

ALTER TABLE Customer ADD firstname VARCHAR2(60);
ALTER TABLE Customer ADD lastname VARCHAR2(60);

UPDATE Customer set firstname = extractfirstname (name);
UPDATE Customer set lastname = extractlastname (name);

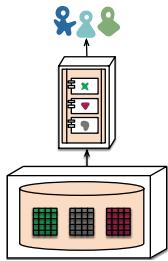
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER SynchronizeName
BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE
ON Customer
REFERENCING OLD AS OLD NEW AS NEW
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN

IF :NEW.name IS NULL THEN
:NEW.name := :NEW.firstname||' '||:NEW.lastname;
END IF;
IF :NEW.name IS NOT NULL THEN
:NEW.firstname := extractfirstname(:NEW.name);
:NEW.lastname := extractlastname(:NEW.name);
END IF;
END;

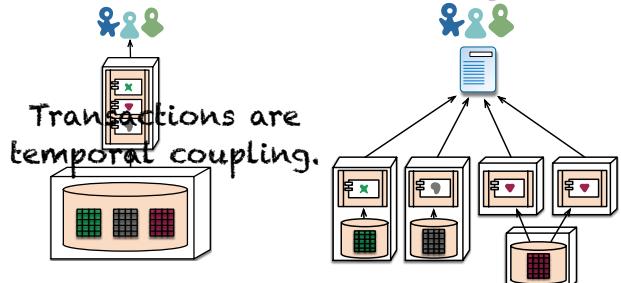
```

312

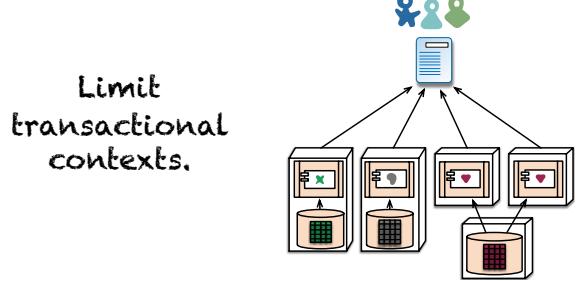
## Decentralized Data Management



## Decentralized Data Management



## Decentralized Data Management



**Database transactions act as a strong nuclear force, binding quanta together.**



Penultima ↑ e

## Evolving Routing

< >

<home> <catalog><item>

316

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



Penultima ↑ e

## Evolving Routing

Routes



317

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



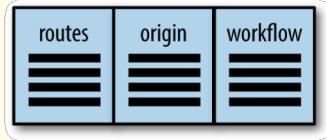
Penultima ↑ e

## Evolving Routing

Routes



RouteContext



318

---

---

---

---

---

---

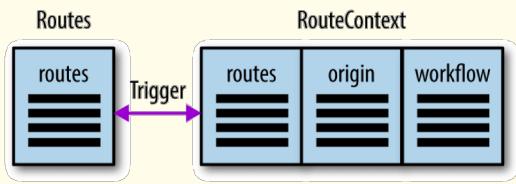
---

---

---



## Evolving Routing



319

---

---

---

---

---

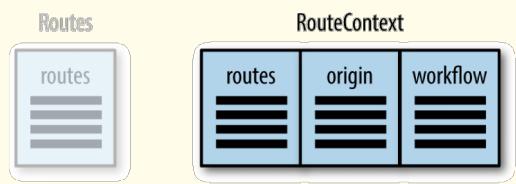
---

---

---



## Evolving Routing



320

---

---

---

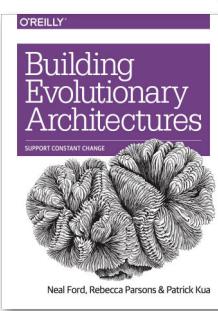
---

---

---

---

---



## Building Evolutionary Architectures

BUILDING EVOLVABLE  
ARCHITECTURES



321

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Mechanics

### 1. Identify dimensions

322

---

---

---

---

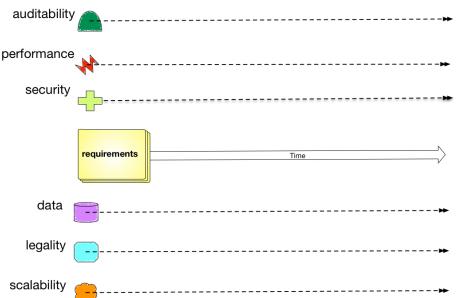
---

---

---



### 1. Identify dimensions



323

---

---

---

---

---

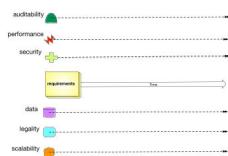
---

---



### 1. Identify dimensions

prioritization



324

---

---

---

---

---

---

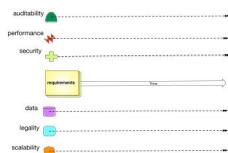
---



## 1. Identify dimensions

prioritization

cost to implement & maintain



325

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

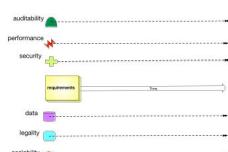


## 1. Identify dimensions

prioritization

cost to implement & maintain

change variable "fit it" cost to constant  
maintenance cost



326

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Mechanics

### 1. Identify dimensions

### 2. Define fitness function(s)

327

---

---

---

---

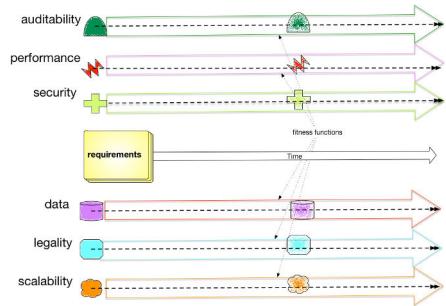
---

---

---



## 2. Define Fitness Function(s)



328

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Mechanics

1. Identify dimensions

2. Define fitness function(s)

3. Use deployment pipelines and/or continuous fitness functions

329

---

---

---

---

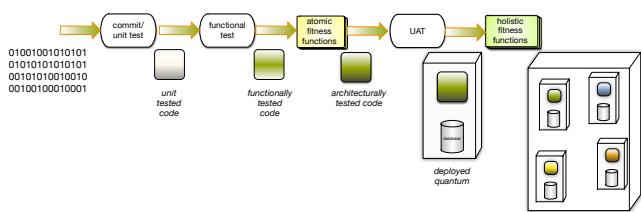
---

---

---



## 3. Use deployment pipelines and/or continuous fitness functions



330

---

---

---

---

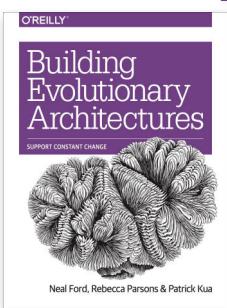
---

---

---

# Building Evolutionary Architectures

GUIDELINES FOR  
EVOLUTIONARY ARCHITECTURES



331

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Remove Needless Variables



332

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Remove Needless Variables



333

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



334

Remove Needless Variables

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



335

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



336

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

The screenshot shows a web browser displaying a blog post titled "Knightmare: A DevOps Cautionary Tale" by Doug Seven. The post is dated April 16, 2014, and has 70 views. It discusses a conference talk where the speaker used the story of the Enron bankruptcy to demonstrate the importance of DevOps practices like CI/CD and continuous delivery. The post includes a quote from the speaker: "This story is true. This really happened. This is my retelling of the story based on what I have read. It was not invented at all." Below the post, there is a search bar and a sidebar with recent posts and a "Search" button.

dougsseven.com/2014/04/17/knightmare-a-devops-cautionary-tale/

# DOUG SEVEN

Something can be learned in the course of observing things

HOME EDIT WORKSHOP PRODUCT MANAGEMENT ABOUT POSTS COMMENTS

You are here: Home / DevOps / Knightmare: A DevOps Cautionary Tale

## Knightmare: A DevOps Cautionary Tale

APRIL 16, 2014 BY DOUG SEVEN

5 STARS 70 VIEWS

I was speaking at a conference last year on the topic of DevOps, Configuration as Code, and Continuous Delivery and used the following story to demonstrate the importance making deployments fully automated and repeatable as part of a DevOps/Continuous delivery initiative. This story is true. This really happened. This is my retelling of the story based on what I have read. It was not invented at all.

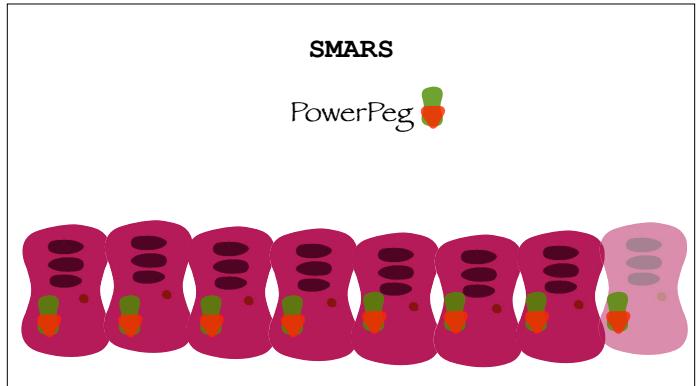
This is the story of how a company with nearly \$400 million in assets went bankrupt in 45 minutes because of a failed deployment.

### Knight Capital

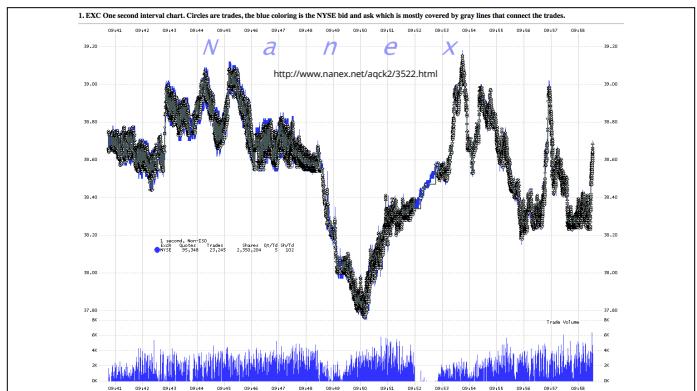
Knight Capital Group is an American global financial services firm engaged in market making, electronic execution, and institutional sales and trading. In 2012 Knight was the largest trader in US equities with market share of around 1% on each of the NYSE and NASDAQ. Knight's investment

"bankrupt in 45 minutes"

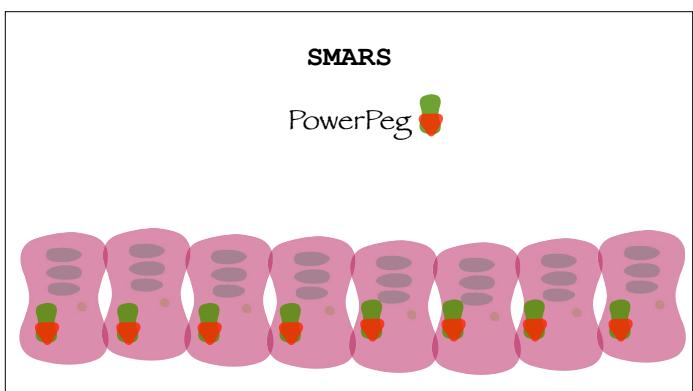
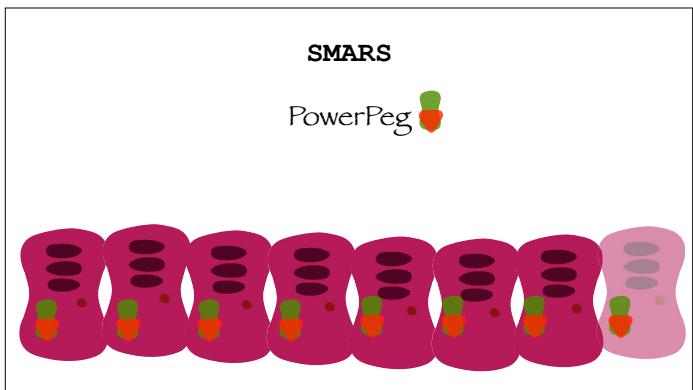
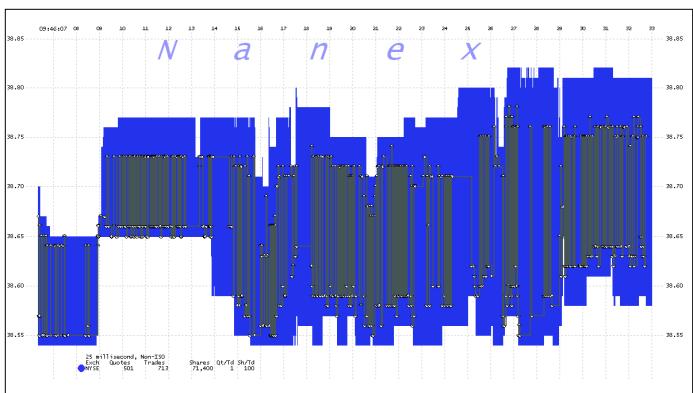
337



338



339





## Identify and remove needless variability.

343

---

---

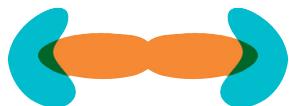
---

---

---

---

## Make Decisions Reversible



344

---

---

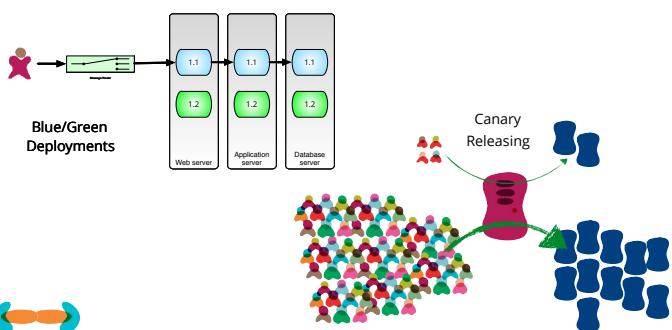
---

---

---

---

## Make Decisions Reversible



345

---

---

---

---

---

---



**Make as many decisions as possible reversible  
(without overengineering).**

346

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



**Prefer Evolvable over Predictable**



347

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

*...because as we know, there are known knowns; there are things we know we know.*

*We also know there are known unknowns; that is to say we know there are some things we do not know.*

*But there are also unknown unknowns—the ones we don't know we don't know.*

-former US Secretary of Defense Donald Rumsfeld

348

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

# unknown unknowns

*All architectures become iterative because of unknown unknowns; agile just recognizes this and does it sooner.*

-Mark Richards



349

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

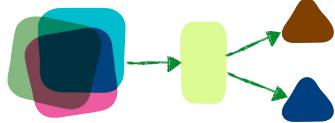
---

---

---

---

---



## Build Anti-corruption Layers

350

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

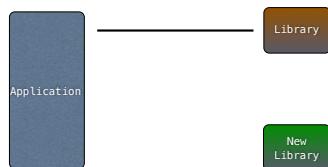
---

---

---

---

---



351

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

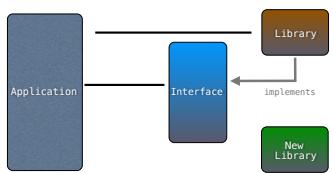
---

---

---



352



---

---

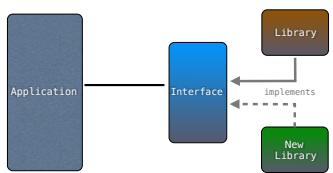
---

---

---



353



---

---

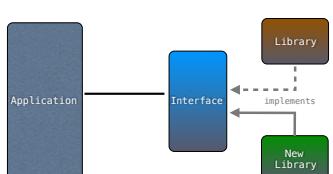
---

---

---



354



---

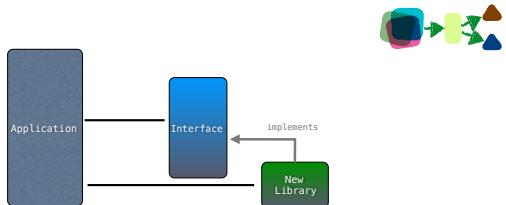
---

---

---

---

355



---

---

---

---

---

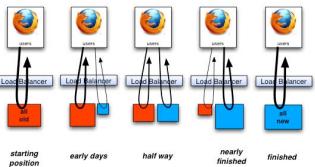
---

---

---

356

## Strangler Pattern



make something new that obsoletes a small percentage of something old  
put them live together  
rinse, repeat

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

357

## Build Sacrificial Architectures



---

---

---

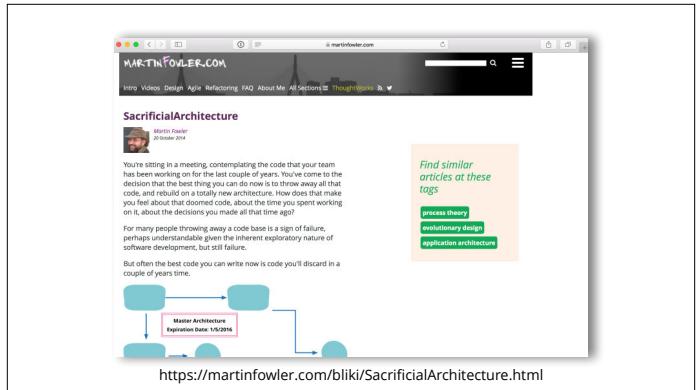
---

---

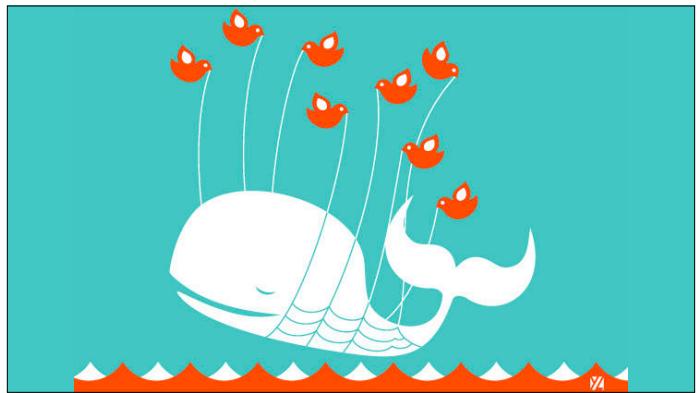
---

---

---



358



359



360

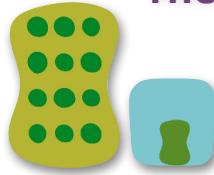
361

## Mitigate External Change



362

## The Business Case



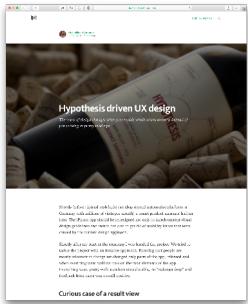
363

## The Trust Engineers



<http://www.radiolab.org/story/trust-engineers/>

## Hypothesis Driven UX



<https://medium.com/@mwambach1/hypotheses-driven-ux-design-c75fbf3ce7cc#gk3dpip81>

364

## Hypothesis Driven UX



365

## Three Hypotheses

### More Listings

If we provide more listings on the screen then we can provide better comparability and offer more diversity on our platform because users like to compare a lot of listings on the result page.

### Better Structure

If we provide more structure to our listings then we achieve a better scanability because the user is able to scan the relevant information quicker.

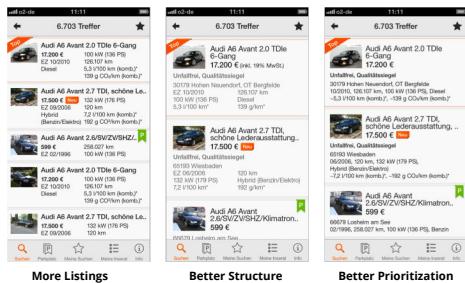
### Better Prioritization

If we prioritize information according to user needs then we achieve better guidance because the user can see all relevant information at a glance.

366

## Experiments to Perform

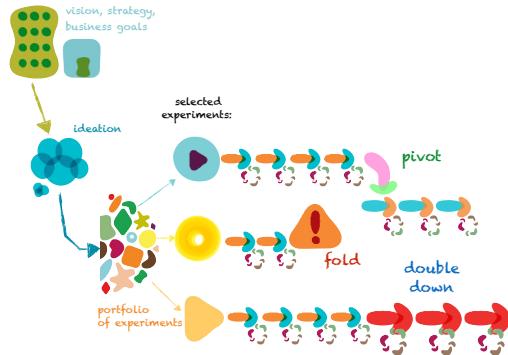
367



More Listings

Better Structure

Better Prioritization



368

The screenshot shows a blog post titled 'Move Fast and Fix Things' by 'Lévy' on December 14, 2015. The post discusses the importance of moving quickly and fixing mistakes. It includes sections on 'Merges in Git' and 'Reactive Data Flow'. The text is in a small, monospace-style font.

**Move  
Fast  
&  
Fix  
Things**

369

370

```

def create_merge_commit(base, head, options = {})

  base = resolve_commit(base)
  head = resolve_commit(head)
  merge_base = propose_merge_base(base, head)
  merge_base = merge_base + "!" if merge_base == head.id
  merge_base = merge_base + " --no-commit-msg" if options[:no_commit_msg]
  merge_base = merge_base + " --no-edit" if options[:no_edit]
  merge_base = merge_base + " --no-signoff" if options[:no_signoff]
  merge_base = merge_base + " --no-verify" if options[:no_verify]

  merge_options = [
    '--no-verify' => true,
    '--no-edit' => true,
    '--no-signoff' => true,
    '--no-commit-msg' => true,
    '--no-author' => true,
    '--no-committer' => true,
    '--no-writer' => true
  ].join(' ')

  Rugged::Commit.create_rugged(merge_base, merge_options, nil)
end

def create_merge_commit!(author, base, head, options = {})
  commit_message = options[:commit_message] || "Merge #head into #base"
  now = Time.now.utc.strftime("%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S %Z")
  options[:author] = { name: author.name, email: author.email, time: now }
  options[:commit_message] = commit_message
  create_merge_commit!(base, head, options)
end

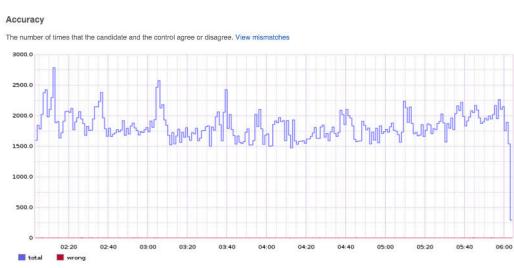
```

<https://github.com/github/scientist>



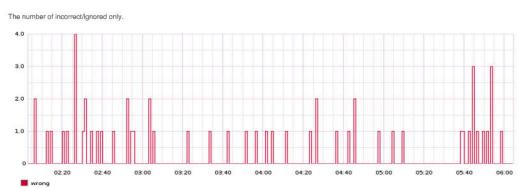
- ❑ It decides whether or not to run the try block,
- ❑ Randomizes the order in which use and try blocks are run,
- ❑ Measures the durations of all behaviors,
- ❑ Compares the result of try to the result of use,
- ❑ Swallows (but records) any exceptions raised in the try block
- ❑ Publishes all this information.

371

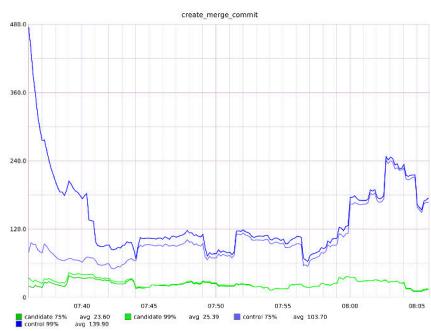


372

373



374



375

### Bugs Found; Resolution

- ❑ faster conflict return because shell script exited immediately; replicated in library
- ❑ index write was causing O(n) problem; inlined into memory
- ❑ the ancestor had a file with a given filemode, while one side of the merge had removed the file and the other side had changed the filemode; bug in git!
- ❑ Github incorrectly successfully merged files w/ 768 conflicts; fixed git shell script
- ❑ new library was skipping an entire step; bug found & fixed

376



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

377

## Why

- Predictable versus evolvable
- Scale
- Advanced business capabilities
- Cycle time as a business metric
- Isolating architectural characteristics at the quantum level

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

378



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Why NOT

- Can't evolve a ball of mud
- Other architectural characteristics dominate
- Sacrificial architecture
- Planning on closing the business soon

379

---

---

---

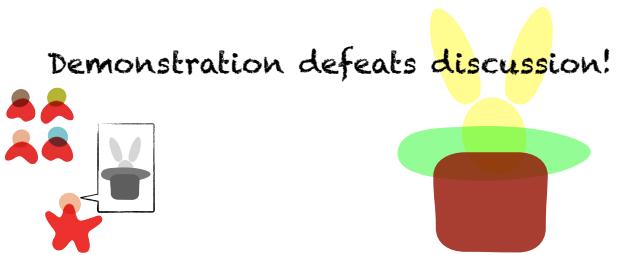
---

---

---

---

## Case Study: Consulting Judo



380

---

---

---

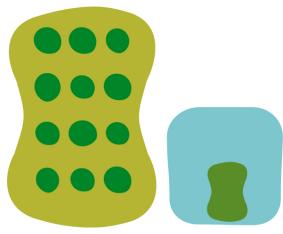
---

---

---

---

## The Business Case



381

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

382

*The future is already here—it's just not very evenly distributed.*

-William Gibson

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

383

## Move Fast without Breaking Things



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

384

## Less Risk



---

---

---

---

---

---

---



## New Capabilities

385

---

---

---

---

---

---

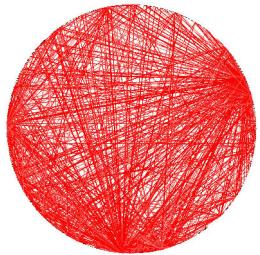
---

---

---

---

## Untangling the Ball of Mud



386

---

---

---

---

---

---

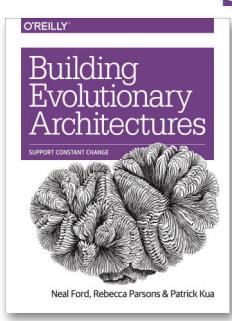
---

---

---

---

## Building Evolutionary Architectures



For more information:



<http://evolutionaryarchitecture.com>

387

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Please rate this session using



Developer Days  
Mobile App



login.developerdays.pl

or



at the booth in the  
Exhibition Hall

388

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---